BOMBAY BRANCH
OF THE
ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.
TOWN HALL, BOMBAY.

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BANSDA DEWAN'S OFFICE,
October, 1911.

May it Please Your Highness,

I respectfully beg to submit herewith the annual Administration Report of Bansda State for the year ending 31st July 1911. I am sorry to place it on record that before this report was submitted the sad demise of His Highness Maharaul Shri Pratapsinhji Gulabsinhji Raja Saheb occured at Devlali on 20th September 1911 at 1-30 A. M.

I beg to remain,
Your Highness'
most obedient and faithful servant,

Dewan, Bansda State.

If Please Your Highness,

I respectfully beg to submit herewith the annual Administration Report of this State for the year ending 31st July 1911. I am sorry to place on that before this report was submitted the sad demise of His Highness Shri Pratapsinhji Gulabsinhji Rais Saheb occured at Bombay September 1911 at 1-40 A.M.

I beg to remain,
Your Highness'
most obedient and faithful servant,

Dewan, Danta State.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

OF THE

BANSDA STATE, SURAT AGENCY,

For the year 1910–1911, ending with 31st July, 1911.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

Area, Population, Tribute and Revenue.

The State of Bansda is bounded on the North by the Mahuva and Vyara Talukas of the Baroda State, on the South by the Dharampore State, on the East by the Dangs and the Sulgana States and the Kalwan Taluka of the Nasik Collectorate, and on the West by the Chikhli Taluka of the Surat Collectorate and the Dharampore State. The area of the State is 215 square miles and its population according to the Census of 1911 is 44,589. The gross revenue of the State calculated on an average of the last five years is Rs. 4,28,281. The State pays to the British Government an annual tribute of Rs. 153-8-0.

2. *Ruling Chief.*—The Ruling Chief of the State is Maharaul Shri Pratapsinhji Gulabsinhji Raja Saheb. He has attained the age of 47 years and is a Solanki Rajput of the Wansadia family, shaiv by religion. The Raja Saheb is entitled to a salute of 9 guns. He completed this year the 26th year of his reign. The whole of his administrative career has been distinguished by efficiency, hard work and a zealous care for the amelioration and well-being of his subjects. The system of primogeniture is observed in the State and it has a Sanad authorizing adoption.

3. *Heir-apparent.*—The Heir-apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinhji has attained the age of 23 years. He is fond of athletic sports and shooting and has a great taste for reading and literary pursuits. He evinces a keen interest in learning the administrative work of the State in which work he is given much practical instruction and insight by the Raja Saheb. During the year he went to Allahabad accompanied by his brothers Kumars Shri Pravinsinhji and Shri Natvarsinhji to witness the Industrial Exhibition there and from that place went to Agra.

4. The second prince Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji has attained the age of 20 years, and the third prince Kumar Shri Natvarsinhji has attained the age of 16 years. They were both studying previously in Rajkumar College Rajkot but from April 1910 they left that college for good and from that period they are studying privately under a graduate tutor. Their progress upto the present in English Literature, French, History, Geography, Book-keeping etc is satisfactory. They are greatly fond of reading and out-door sports. They went this year to Radhanpur to attend the Durbar

held on the occasion of the installation of the Nawab Saheb of Radhanpur. In company of the heir apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinhji they went in the beginning of 1911 to Allahabad to see the Allahabad Industrial Exhibition and from that place they all visited Agra. The fourth prince Kumar Shri Kishorsinhji is an infant of the age of about one year and 9 months.

5. *Political Relations.*—The Political relations with the British Government and other Native States continued cordial and harmonious throughout the year.

6. *Important Events.*—The three noteworthy events which took place during the year were the celebration of the Silver Jubilee of the administration of the Raja Saheb, the marriage of the heir-apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinhji and that of Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji and the celebrations in connection with the Coronation in London of His Gracious Majesty King Emperor George V. The Silver Jubilee of the reign of the Raja Saheb occured on the 5th March 1910 but as on that occasion there was plague at Bansda it could not be celebrated. During the year under report the leading and respectable subjects of his territory requested him to grant them permission to celebrate it in a befitting manner in order to demonstrate their loyalty and appreciation of the benefits of his good rule. On the request being allowed the celebrations took place on a grand scale and rejoicings took place throughout the State. The subjects of the State in meeting assembled passed resolutions to erect a permanent memorial in the form of a public Town Hall and a clock tower as befitting monuments of the benign rule of the Raja Saheb. Various scholarships for the further spread of education were endowed under the patronage of the Raja Saheb and all the servants of the State were granted one month's salary as a bonus. Sweet-meats were distributed to school children, a feast was given to them, and a music class was opened in honour of the occasion. A great part of the arears of revenue for the past years was remitted and the major portion of the interest on Tagavi and loans to the ryots was given up by the State. A garden party was given in the State garden by the subjects and the servants of the State and while the Raja Saheb's carriage accompanied by a stately procession neared the garden the ryots overcome by their loyalty and enthusiasm speedily unyoked the horses of the carriage and dragged it upto the pavilion where the party was given. The Raja Saheb thanked the ryots for their unasked for demonstration of loyalty and said that he had done nothing in his administration beyond the dictates of his duty and that he would ever try to do his best for the welfare and amelioration of his subjects. An address was presented in a fine silver casket by the State servants and subjects to the Raja Saheb in a Durbar held on the occasion and the Raja Saheb gave a suitable reply in appropriate terms thanking all for the honour given to him. The Silver Jubilee celebrations and rejoicings began on the 5th March 1911, and lasted for 4 days. Numerous letters and telegrams of congratulations were received on the occasion.

7. The marriage of the heir-apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinhji with the Kunveri of the Thakore Saheb of Mansa State took place at Mansa where

the Raja Saheb went accompanied by his Kumars, guests and some officers of the state on the 9th May 1911; and fifteen days later the marriage of second Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji took place at Pansda with the Kunveri of Kumar Shri Madarsinhji the heir-apparent of the Thakore Saheb of Sayla State in Kathiawad. Both the marriages were celebrated with great eclat and many chiefs and distinguished personages attended on this auspicious occasion chief among whom were the Rana Saheb of Barwani and his Dewan, The Nawab Saheb of Sachin and his Dewan, the heir-apparent of Limbdi with the Dewan of Limbdi State, the heir-apparent Kumar Shri Vijaydevji of Dharampore State, Kumar Shri Rughnathsinhji of Lunavada State, Kumar Shri Prabhatdevji from Dharampore, Kumar Shri Kalyansinhji of Sayla State, the Maharani Saheb and the Rani Saheb of Barwani State, Ba Shri Nandkunverbasaheb of Dharampore the eldest sister of the Raja Saheb and Ba Shri Gnyankunverbasaheb of Palitana the youngest sister of the Raja Saheb.

The deputations from the States mentioned hereunder came to attend the marriage occasion:—

Baroda, Bhavnagar, Jamnagar, Cutch, Cambay, Palanpur, Radhanpur, Nandod, Palitana, Rajkot, Chhota Udepur, Ali-Rajpur Khirasara, Mangrol, Sulgana, Muli, Mandva, Zabva and Jowhar.

8. The auspicious occasion of the Coronation in London of His Imperial Majesty King Emperor George V took place on the 22nd day of June 1911. In order to celebrate that memorable event in a due and befitting manner a salute of 31 guns was fired, a parade of the mounted and the foot police force was held and feu de joie fired. The Raja Saheb, the Kumar Sahebs, together with the officers and subjects assembled and offered prayers in the Durbar Temple for the long life and prosperity of His Gracious Majesty the King Emperor and the Royal Family. The Parsees offred their prayers at the river side, while the Mahomedans assembled in their mosque for the same purpose. A general holiday was observed in all the schools, offices, and all throughout the State. Sweetmeats were distributed to all the school-children. The poor were given food and clothing. A Durbar was held by the Raja Saheb at which all the officers of the State and respectable persons were present and in which the National Anthem was sung and speeches appropriate to the occasion showing loyalty to His Gracious Majesty King Emperor George V were delivered by the Raja Saheb as also by the Dewan. Three cheers for His Gracious Majesty the King Emperor and the Royal Family were given. A Zenana Durbar was held by the Rani Saheb and songs appropriate to the occasion were sung by the School girls. In the night the palaces, all the State buildings and temples as well as the houses in the town were illuminated. The State Band played several tunes and the National anthem. The Town was decorated with flags and ever-greens.

9. The Birth day of His Imperial Majesty King Emperor George V was celebrated on the 3rd June 1911 in a befitting manner. A general holiday was observed in all the schools and public offices and a parade was held and feu de joie fired.

10. Mr. C. G. Henderson the Political Agent, Surat visited the State on the 31st January 1911, and started therefrom for the Dangs on the 3rd February 1911. During his stay here he visited the schools, the Jail, the Hospital and the Distillery and was satisfied with the working of all these institutions.

11. The Heir apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinhji accompanied by the Dewan went to Surat and paid on the 24th February 1911 a visit to Mr. J. Sladen the Commissioner Northern Division.

12. In the beginning of the year under review the Raja Saheb was in Bombay for Medical treatment and for change of climate owing to ill-health. He returned to Bansda from Bombay on the 7th October 1910. The Raja Saheb went to Surat on the 28th December 1910 and visited the Political Agent Mr. F. G. H. Anderson before his departure for England on furlough.

13. During the year under report Sanads were duly executed by the Raja Saheb granting to Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji and his heirs the villages of Upsal and Dubal Falia, to Kumar Shri Natvarsinhji and his heirs the villages of Jamania, Chikatia and Vanarsi and to Kumar Shri Kishoresinhji and his heirs the villages of Midhabari and Gangpore.

CHANGES IN THE PERSONNEL.

14. Mr. Phirozsha N. Billimoria was appointed Dewan of this State during this year and Mr. Pranshanker Dayashanker Pathak reverted to the post of Huzur Personal Assistant. Mr. Narmadashanker Ladhabhai the Naib Dewan resigned this year and Mr. Lalbhai Morarji Desai the Huzur Private Secretary was appointed acting Naib Dewan.

CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE.

15. The condition of the people during the year under review was prosperous, the rainfall being sufficient and the harvest abundant. The Hindoo population of the State is divided into two classes namely the Kaliparaj or the aboriginal tribes and the Ujaliyats such as Brahmins, Rajputs, Banias, Parbhus, Kunbis, Kolies, Suthars, Lohars, Kansaras and other artizans and manufacturing classes. Among the Ujaliyats the Brahmins the Rajputs, Banias, and Parbhus are men of means whilst the others are somewhat poor. The Parsees are good cultivators and are for the most part farmers of the different liquor and toddy shops of the State. Their condition is generally good. The Mahomedans are hard working cultivators. Their condition is fair.

16. The Census operations which were finished this year showed that the population of the State has increased to the extent of 4207 souls over that of the population as disclosed by the last decennial Census taken in 1901. As increase in population is a sure index of the the growing prosperity of a state, this increase in the population of the State reveals to some extent the progress and prosperity of the State during the last ten years.

17. *The Kaliparaj.*—The Kaliparaj people are for the most part illiterate and poor. Persistent efforts are being made to improve them by

opening free schools in the villages for their education. The State grants them loans for buying seeds and cattle etc at very easy terms of interest and in some cases even without any interest at all. They are thus entirely free from the clutches of Sowkars and marwari money lenders who would have been the cause of their ruin by the oppressive and exhorbitant nature of the interest charged if the State had not been in the habit of freely granting them loans for all agricultural purposes. The State also gives them forest wood for building their huts sometimes without any charge and some times at a very low charge. As the system of free education prevails throught the whole of the State and as even school books are supplied gratis by the State to the students, the Kaliparaj people receive the benifit of these blessings and they are given employment in the State service whenever they make themselves fit for it by education. Thus every effort is made to improve the conditiou of these backward classes and the State leaves no stone unturned to civilize these people out of their primitive stage.

18. The State was happily free from plague during the year under report. On the whole the condition of the people during the year was prosperous and happy.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

19. The total area of the land comprised in the State is 1,23,928 acres and 3 Gunthas. Out of the total area of land 69,911 acres and 2 gunthas are culturable lands, 47699 acres and 13 gunthas are forest reserves and 6317 acres and 28 gunthas are unculturable waste or Kharabo lands.

20. The area under cultivation during the year was 39743 acres and 18 gunthas while 28704 acres and 31 gunthas remained waste. The area of the land taken up for cultivation during the year was 3506 acres and 23 gunthas while 4159 acres and 38 gunthas were relinquished.

21. The survey and settlement of the State lands have been completed long since. The rates of assessment of lands are reasonable and do not at all fall heavily on the ryots. A large part of the culturable lands remains waste as the malarious climate and the hilly nature of the country do not attract new settlers or cultivators. Still persistent efforts are made to induce new settlers by giving waste lands free of assessment in part or whole for a certain period of years, by granting Takavi in cash, seed and grain, and by giving timber without any charge for building houses and for constructing implements of husbandry. The percentage of waste lands to the whole culturable area during the year was 41.

22. The revenue accounts are kept on the system prescribed in Hope's Manual.

TAKAVI ADVANCES.

23. The Takavi advanced by the State to the ryots during the year was Rs. 3649/ against Rs. 1219/ in the year preceeding. More Takavi

was advanced than the previous year because more bullocks were purchased and more houses were built during the year under report.

The Takavi was granted to the Ryots for the following purposes:—

Rs. 1568–0–0 For land improvement.
Rs. 1106–0–0 For purchasing bullocks.
Rs. 975–0–0 For building houses.

Rs. 3649–0–0

BOUNDARY DISPUTES.

24. There was no boundary dispute with the neighbouring States during the year under review.

REMISSIONS.

25. Remissions amounting to Rs. 19859/- were granted to the Ryots during the year. A greater part of these remissions was granted on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of the Raja Saheb's administration.

JAMABANDY.

26. The Jamabandy during the year was made by the Raja Saheb. The revenue records were carefully examined and they were found to be in a satisfactory condition.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

27. *Legislation.*—No changes in the legislation have been made during the year. The administration of justice is carried on according to the spirit of the laws prevailing in the British territory with such necessary changes and modifications as are suitable to the condition of the people here and in accordance with the customs prevailing in the State.

28. *Military Force:.*—There is no regular military force in the State, but there are 35 Sowars who do duty as Mounted Police and as escorts. There are also 34 Arabs employed for guarding the palace and the Treasury. The Arabs are included in the Police Force.

DISTRICT POLICE.

29. The organization, discipline and duties of the Police of the State are similar to those in the British Districts. A Fouzdar with a staff of subordinates controls the Police Department of the State. A trained British pensioner has been employed to drill the Police. The strength of the Police during the year under review was 134 which is sufficient to maintain order and detect crimes. The total cost of the police was Rs. 16783/ duing the year as against Rs. 15071/ in the previous year.

30. The number of offences reported to the Police during the year was 27 against 38 in the year preceding showing a decrease of 11.

31. 33 persons were arrested by the Police against 55 in the year preceding. 34 persons were sent for trial against 64 in the year preceding, of whom 28 were convicted, 5 were acquitted or discharged and 1 under trial.

32. The percentage of convictions to accused arrested was 85 against 96 in the year preceding, and percentage of convictions to accused sent for trial was 82 against 83 in the year preceding.

33. The value of the property stolen during the year was Rs. 225-8-0 against Rs. 538 in the year preceding. Out of which property of the value of Rs. 146-14-0 has been recovered. The percentage of the property recovered was 65.15 against 76.9 in the year preceding.

34. *Village Police.*—The Village Police maintains order in the villages of the State and assists the District Police in its work. No police patel has been invested with the powers under the Village Police Act.

35. There was one case of murder during the year, but the people being peaceful and law-abiding, no other heinous crimes such as infanticide, outlawry, rape etc. occur in the State. The two offenders implicated in the murder case were promptly arrested and brought for trial when they were sentenced by the Sessions Court to rigorous imprisonment for life. The common offences are petty thefts. The proportion of crimes to population is 1 to 1651 and those of police to population and area in square miles were 1 to 333 and 1 to 1.6 respectively against 1 to 1062, 1 to 315 and 1 to 1.68 respectively in the year preceding.

36. The number of fires during the year under review was 5 against 14 in the previous year, causing a loss of property amounting to the value of Rs. 2168/ against Rs. 9017 in the year preceding. In order to assist the sufferers from the fires, timber of the value of Rs. 203/ was granted to them without any charge. Some of the sufferers did not build their houses during the year; they will therefore be helped during the next year.

37. There were 27 accidental deaths during the year on account of the following causes:—

4 by drowning.	14 by snake-bite.
4 by falling from trees.	1 by falling into well.
4 by suicide.	

The details as respects the strength and working of the Police are given in the appendices IV, V, VI, and VII.

38. *Abkari Police*:—A seperate Abkari Police for prevention and detection of Abkari offences has been maintained under the Abkari Inspector. 1 Abkari offence was detected by the Abkari Police during the year.

39. *Inquests.*—27 inquests were held by the Police during the year of which 4 related to suicide and the remaining to other kinds of accidental deaths.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

40. The number and constitution of Criminal Courts in the State remained the same as in the preceding year.

Original Courts.

1. Nyayadhish or 2nd Class Magistrate's Court.
2. Naib Dewan or 1st Class Magistrate's Court.
3. Dewan's Sessions Court.

Appellate Courts.

1. Dewan's Sessions Court.
2. Huzur or the Raja Saheb's Court, the highest Court of appeal.

41. The number of Criminal cases tried before the Criminal Courts during the year was 111 against 92 in the previous year showing an increase of 19. 146 persons were tried during the year out of which 64 were convicted, 3 discharged without investigation and 74 acquitted and 3 remained under trial at the end of the year. One case in which 2 accused were concerned was tried by the Magistrate, and the same case being committed to the Sessions Court was tried there.

42. The percentage of persons convicted to persons tried was 44 against 47 in the previous year. The number of accused persons sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding 6 months was 6 and under six months 18 while 40 persons were fined only. No person was sentenced to death. No person was subjected to whipping in addition to imprisonment.

43. The amount of fines inflicted during the year was Rs. 1446/ against Rs. 853/ in the year preceding & the amount of Rs. 1288/ was recovered against Rs. 744/ in the previous year.

APPEALS.

44. There were five appeals to the Dewan's Sessions Court during the year which were all disposed off.

EXTRADITION.

45. The number of accused persons surrendered for trial to the State during the year was 4, all of whom were surrendered by the Dangs Authorities for offences committed under sections 380–381 & 457 of the Indian Penal Code. No person was surrendered by this State during the year.

PRISON.

46. In the State there is one Jail which is situated in Bansda town, the capital of the State. The Jail building is a nice one with a a garden surrounding it. It has more than sufficient accomodation for the undertrial as also the convicted prisoners. The building is large and comfortable. The number of prisoners in the Jail during the year was 32 against 43 in the year preceding. Of these 8 were of the last year and 24 were new admissions. The daily average number of prisoners was 5 against 9 in the year preceding. The total cost of maintaining the Jail exclusive of the cost of the Police guards was Rs. 280/ during the year against Rs. 439/ in the year preceding.

47. The Chief Medical Officer of the State is the Superintendent of the Jail. The Jail is visited at intervals by the Raja Saheb, the Heir-apparent, the Dewan and other officers. The sanitary arrangements of the Jail are satisfactory.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

48. There are three Original and two Appellate courts for Civil Jurisdiction in the State. The number of civil suits filed during the year under review was 50 against 47 in the year preceding. The balance of suits at the end of the previous year was 28 and the total number of suits for hearing therefore was 78 of which 52 were disposed of and there remained a balance of 26 suits at the end of the year. The total value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 1386/ against Rs. 1856/ in the preceding year.

EXECUTION OF DECREES.

49. The number of decrees for execution during the year was 397 of which 345 were from the last year and 52 entered during the year. The number of decrees executed during the year was 35 leaving a balance of 362 at the end of the year. In most cases the decrees are executed by instalments owing to the poor condition of the people, and therefore there remains a balance of 362.

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATIONS.

50. No miscellaneous application was filed or disposed of during the year under report.

CIVIL APPEALS.

51. One civil appeal was filed in the Dewan's Court during the year, which was not disposed of during the year, as it was admitted in the last month of the year.

REGISTRATION.

52. 5 Documents of the total value of Rs. 1239/ were registered during the year, against 5 of the total value of Rs. 3907/ in the year preceding. Of the five documents 4 related to sale deeds and 1 miscellaneous. The income of the Registration Department during the year was Rs. 13/ against Rs. 29/ in the year preceding. The cost of the Department is nil as the work thereof is done in the Dewan's office.

MUNICIPALITY.

53. There is a Municipality in Bansda State, which is in Bansda town the population of which is 3543 souls according to the Census of 1911. This Municipality is conducted by the State at its own expense as a department of the State. No tax is levied from the people for its maintenance. The work of the Municipality is carried on under the supervision of a secretary who has got charge of the necessary establishment for conservancy, lighting, watering the roads, and for extinguishing fire. The Chief Medical Officer of the State looks after the sanitation of Bansda

town. There are two fire-engines to extinguish fire. A pumping station has deen erected near the Kaveri river in Bansda town to supply water for the watering of the roads etc and the laying of pipes in connection therewith has deen completed. The expenditure on account of the Municipality was Rs. 4,382. against Rs. 5.348 in the year preceding.

CHAPTER IV.

AGRICULTURE.

54. The rainfall during the year under report was favourable and the crops yielded a good harvest.

55. The area of the State lands under cultivation during the year was 39,743 acres and 18 gunthas. Of these 31,045 acres and 12 gunthas were Jarayat and 8,698 acres and 6 gunthas were Kiari.

The cultivation of cotton during the year was 2,127 acres and 28 gunthas against 1,953 acres and 11 gnnthas in the year preceding.

Cultivation of sugar-cane is encouraged by supplying water to the fields by irrigation from the Water Works at Sindhai adjacent to the Ambika river.

56. *Fodder.*—Grass grew in plenty during the year and the agricultural stock was in good condition.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

57. The total rainfall during the year was 82.3 inches against 76.43 inches in the year preceding. It commenced on 6th June 1910 and ended on the 28th October 1910. The rainfall being sufficient and timely, both the Khariff and Ravi crops yielded good harvest.

58. *Visitation of Locusts.*—There was no visitation of locusts during the year.

59. *Temperature.*—The minimum and maximum temperatures recorded during the year were 48° and 112° respectively against 42° and 112° respectively during the year preceding.

60. *Prices of food grains.*—Prices of food grains were normal during the year and the rates of wages were the same as in the year preceding.

TRADE AND MANUFACTURE.

61. The chief trade of the State consists in the exportation of grain such as rice, nagli, pulse, jowar etc and cotton, timber, bamboo and forest other products and in the importation of cloth, sugar, wheat, salt, etc. The manufactures of the State consist of bamboo baskets, winnowing fans, mats of palm leaves, coarse woolen blankets, weaving and carpets.

FAIRS.

62. The chief fair of interest in the Bansda State is that of Deoki Umai Mata's Jatra in the village of Sindhai situate about seven miles from

Bansda town, which fair is annually held on the 15th of Chaitra Sud. There are hot springs there close to the temple of the goddess Devki Unai. It is considered by the devout Hindoos an act of great sanctity to bathe in the hot water of the springs there and a large number of pilgrims attend the fair for that purpose from the different parts of Surat, Navsari, Nasik District, Bombay and other places. The fair lasts for about a week. Officers of the State are sent there at the time of the fair in order to preserve order and prevent the commission of theft and other offences as also to look carefully after the sanitation of the place.

63 ~~64~~. Weekly fairs called Hatvadas are held in several villages of the State on certain fixed days of the week for the convenience of the people who resort there and barter corn and the products of forest for clothes, salt, and other articles necessary for their daily use which they cannot obtain in their own villages.

Forests.

64 ~~65~~. The area of land reserved for forest during the year was 47,699 acres and 13 gunthas the same as in the year preceding. The system of forest conservancy is similar to that prevailing in the British districts. Teak, Saddo, Kher, Kanti, Sisum, Biyo, Haladvan, Savan, Mahuda, Jamboodda and Bamboos are included in the reserved trees which are not allowed to be cut without a permit from the State. With the exception of timber the other trees called Rajalu trees are allowed to be cut by the ryots for the purposes of their domestic use on payment of a moderate charge.

65. The Forest department of the State is under the supervision of a Forest Officer who has a Sajedar and several other forest guards under him. They look after the conservation of forest, prevent smuggling of forest products and collect the forest dues.

66. The income of the Forest department during the year was Rs. 40,935 against Rs. 22,347 in the year preceding and the expenditure was Rs. 3,666 against Rs. 3,124 in the year preceding.

67. Timber of the value of Rs. 2,600 was granted without any charge to the ryots of the State for building their houses and for the purpose of constructing their implements of husbandry.

Public Works.

68. The total expenditure on account of all sorts of public works was Rs. 40,324 during the year against Rs. 27,479 in the year preceding. The following new works were carried on during the year:—

I. The construction of a large reservoir for Bansda town water works known as Shri Pratap Silver Jubilee Water Works.

II. Continuation of the building of Shri Surajkunverba Dharamshalla.

III. Flour Mill.

IV. Saw Mill.

V. Telephone Line between Bansda and Pratapnagar.

69. The means of communication between Bansda and Pratapnagar a distance of 12 miles is by a metaled road which is in good condition.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

70. The revenue or the financial year of the State begins on the 1st day of August and ends on the 31st day of July. The land revenue of the State is collected from the Ryots in two equal instalments in January and March.

71. The gross revenue of the State during the year under review was Rs. 507,111 against Rs. 419,859 in the year preceding, and the gross expenditure of the State was Rs. 498,817/ against Rs. 345,282/ in the year preceding showing an increase of Rs. 87252/ in gross receipts and an increase of Rs. 153,535 in gross expenditure.

INCOME.

72. The increase in the land revenue is for the most part due to the adjustment made in the account, necessitated by the remissions granted on the occasion of the Raja Saheb's Silver Jubilee.

73. The increase under the head of Abkari is due to more consumption of liquor and the recovery of the arrears of license fees.

74. The increase under the head of Chandla and Sarpav is due to the marriages of the Heir-apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinhji and Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji.

EXPENDITURE.

75. The increase under the head of Abkari is due to more purchase of Mowrah flowers.

76. The increase under the head of Police is due to the introduction of a band.

77. The increase under the head of the Medical Department is due to the employment of another medical graduate and more consumption of medicine by the Travelling Dispensary.

78. The increase under the head of Paga is due to the supplying of new dresses to the sowars.

79. The increase under the head of Public works department is due to the addition of a saw machine and a flour-mill and a large reservoir to the Bansda Water Works.

80. The increase under the head of education is due to the purchase of more books and to the introduction of a Music class in the Anglo-Vernacular School.

81. The increase under the heads of Travelling expenses, purchase of ornaments, purchase of clothes, Vehvarik, Festivities and purchase of furniture is due to the marriages of the Kumar Sahebs.

82. Reasons for the increases and decreases in other items are apparent and call for no remarks.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS.

83. There are two medical institutions in the State namely the Ratankunverba Hospital and the Travelling Dispensary with its head quarter at Pratapnagar. The Ratankunverba Hospital is under the charge of an experienced L. M. & S. of the Bombay University. The Travelling Dispensary is under an experienced apprentice.

84. The number of patients treated during the year under review in the Ratankunverba Hospital was 22933 against 23858 in the year preceding. The daily average attendance of the patients in the Hospital was 62.8 against 65.3 in the year preceding.

The Travelling Dispensary treated 1830 patients during the year against 654 in the year preceding. The daily average number of patients in the Travelling Dispensary was 7.6 against 9.4 in the year preceding. No major operation but 109 minor operations were performed in the Ratankunverba Hospital during the year against 1 and 47 respectively in the year preceding.

85. The cost of the Medical Establishment, medicines etc during the year was Rs. 7,881/ against Rs. 5,442 in the year preceding.

86. The chief diseases prevalent in the State during the year were Malaria, Diarrhæa, Dysentery, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, and worms etc.

87. There was no plague nor Cholera in the State during the year under report.

88. The Medical institutions in the State are all charitable and medicine is supplied to the people free of any charge.

89. The Hospital was visited by the Raja Saheb, the Heir-apparent, and the Dewan as usual. It was also visited by Mr. C. G. Henderson the Political Agent, who was satisfied with the working thereof. The Hospital is well kept and medicines and instruments etc are well stocked, clean and in proper order.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

90. The number of births and deaths recorded during the year were 983 and 739 respectively against 1067 and 712 respectively in the year preceding. Every care is taken to ensure correct registration of births and deaths.

VACCINATION.

91. There is one Vaccinator in the State. He performed 1557 operations during the year against 1375 in the year preceding. Of these 1537 were successful and 20 failed against 1341 and 34 respectively in the year preceding. The expenditure of the department during the year was Rs. 357/ against Rs. 339/ in the year preceding.

VETERINARY DISPENSARY.

92. The number of animals treated during the year in the Veterinary Dispensary was 247 against 343 in the year preceding.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

93. There are 14 schools in the State of which 4 are in the Bansda town, namely, the Gulabsinhji A. V. School, The Taluka School, The Girls' School and the Swarupkunverba Urdu School. The remaining ten schools are in the following villages, namely, Chapaldhara, Pratapnagar, Sindhai, Wanderwella, Andhatri, Moti Valzer, Bhinar, Khanpur, Limzer and Lakhavadi.

A class is attached to the Urdu School to impart education to the Mahomedan girls and a class is also attached to the Chapaldhara School for the education of the girls of that village. In addition to these schools there is a Pathshalla called the Himatkunverba Pathshalla at which religious education is imparted to the boys of the Brahmin caste.

94. The Gulabsinhji Anglo Vernacular School teaches students upto Standard VI. A graduate of the Bombay University has been appointed head master of the school. The Taluka School, the Chapaldhara School, and the Sindhai School teach Vernacular superior standards, while the other schools teach Vernacular inferior standards.

95. The total number of students receiving education in all the schools during the year was 637 against 646 in the year preceding and their daily average attendance was 425 against 201 in the year preceding. The monthly average attendance was 420.6 against 456.5 in the year preceding.

96. *Scholarships.*—One scholarship of the value of Rs. 10/ per mensem has been awarded to a student. That student is now studying in the Elphinstone College, Bombay.

97. The total cost of the Educational Department during the year was Rs. 6,787/ against Rs. 5,317/ in the year preceding.

98. *Free Education.*—The education throughout the State is imparted free to perpetuate the memory of the deceased Akhand Sobhagyavanta Sayalavala Zala Rani Saheb and therefore there is no income.

99. The 6th Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Surat sub-division inspected the schools of the State in March 1911 and in his report to

the Deputy Educational Inspector he makes the following remark as to the care evinced by the Raja Saheb and the Heir-apparent for the cause of education in the State:—

"His Highness the Maharaja Saheb and the Kumar Shri Indrasinhji take great interest in these schools & try their best to spread education among the masses."

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WILD ANIMALS.

100. The number of wild animals destroyed during the year was 11 against 4 in the year preceding. Among those destroyed were:—7 leopards, 3 zaraks, and 1 alligator.

The amount of rewards given for their destruction was Rs. 50/ against Rs. 20/ in the year preceding. Two panthers were caught alive in a cage set for the purpose.

SADAVRAT.

101. The State maintains at its own expense a sadavrat. It is daily distributed in the shape of rice, flour, ghee, pulse, clothes and other necessities of life to the poor pilgrims and decrepit and destitute people.

LIBRARY.

102. There is a free library in Bansda town viz. the Gulabsinhji Library established by the Raja Saheb in the name of his revered father. The library is maintained at the State's expense and by gifts of books, newspapers etc from the State. The total expenditure of the library during the year was Rs. 203/ against Rs. 114/ in the year preceding.

POST OFFICES.

103. There are two post offices; one in Bansda town and the other at Pratapnagar.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

104. There is no telegraph office in the State; when required, telegrams are despatched from Billimora Railway Station.

TELEPHONE.

105. The State has opened during the year under report telephone lines for its own private use between Bansda and Pratapnagar a distance of 12 miles and between different State buildings in Bansda town.

TRANSIT DUTY.

106. No transit duty is levied in the State.

RECORDS.

107. There is a seperate record room in the State under the supervision of a record-keeper. The records are well kept and arranged in a regular order.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion it may be said that the administrative machinery of the State worked very smoothly during the year under report. There was sufficient rain. There was no plague. The prosperity of the State owes much to the incessant hard work and personal supervision of the Raja Saheb who looks personally to every detail of the administration and who regardless of the injury that this constant application to work produces on the state of his health seems determined to devote his whole life to nothing else but to the good and amelioration of his subjects whose interests are ever dear to his heart.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA

DEWAN, BANSDA STATE.

APPENDIX I.

NAMES of HIGH OFFICIALS in the BANSDA STATE, showing changes in personnel during the year 1910–11.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From.	To.	
Mr. Phirozsha N. Billimoria ... B.A. L.L.B. Solicitor	Dewan.	5th December 1910.	31st July 1911.	
Mr. Pranshanker D. Pathak ... L. C. E.	In. Dewan and Huzur Personal Assistant.	1st August 1910. 5th December 1910.	4th December 1910. 31st July 1911.	
Mr. Narmadashanker L. Raval	Naib-Dewan.	1st August 1910.	25th October 1910.	
Mr. Lalbhai Morarji Desai ...	In. Naib-Dewan.	1st January 1911.	31st July 1911.	
Mr. Vamanrao B. Mohile ... L. M. & S.	Chief Medical Officer.	1st August 1910.	31st July 1911.	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX II.

LIST of LAWS in force in the BANSDA STATE.

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1. Civil Procedure	Yes.		The laws are in force in the Bansda State with due regard to the customs of the State and the condition of the ryots.
2. Criminal Procedure ...			
3. Evidence Act.			
4. Contract Act.			
5. Abkari Act.			
6. Opium Act.			
7. Forest Act.			
8. Cattle-Trespass			
9. Penal Code			
10. Land Revenue Code ...			
11. Jail Act			
12. Village Police Act ...			
13. District Police Act ...			
14. Postal Act...			
15. Gambling Act			
16. Stamp Act...	Yes with some modification.		
17. Registration Act... ...			
18. Limitation Act			
19. Explosive Act			

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX III.

STATMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1910–1911.

Arm of Service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of Force at the end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of the last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualities.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalid.	Discharged, deserted, etc.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
							Nil							There is no regular Military force, but there are 35 sowars who serve as police sowars and escorts etc. There is a party of 33 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX IV

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE and EDUCATION of the POLICE for the year 1910-1911.

Description of Office	Number	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Inspector	...	.....	Rs. 16,730	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police	...	.....		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Chief Constables	1	52		.....	.....	.....	1	...	1	..	
Head Constables	24	8 to 39		.....	.....	.....	7	...	13	1	
Constables...	109	8 & under		1	14	1	15	...	25	...	
Total ...	134	.....	.....	...-/	14	1	23	...	39	1	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA
Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX V.

STATEMENT showing the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910-1911.

STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (Columns 4 & 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Bansda	38	27	55	33	64	34	53	28	10	5	96	85	83	82	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDI VI.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and AMOUNT RECOVERED in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910-1911.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bansda	538	225	414	147	76.	65.5	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number of

during the year

Description of Offence.	Number of Offences.			Number of cases disposed of during 1910-1911.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1910-1911.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Offences under the Abkari Act	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Committing affray	...	1	1	1	...	2	...
Being a public servant and taking a gratification other than legal remuneration, in respect of an official act	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Obstructing public servant in discharge of his Public functions	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Disobedience to an order duly promulgated, by a public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Resistance or obstruction by a person to his lawful apprehension	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Negligently doing an act known to be likely to spread infection of any disease dangerous to life	1	...	1	1	...	1	1
Murder	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
Attempt to commit suicide	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Voluntarily causing hurt	...	44	44	44	2	63	17
Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	1
Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	...	2	2	2	...	2	1
Voluntarily causing hurt to deter public servant from his duty	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
Criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation	1	1	2	1	...	2	...
Assault or use of criminal force to a woman with intent to outrage her modesty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Theft	...	5	5	5	...	8	8
Theft in a dwelling house etc	...	5	5	5	1	8	6
Theft by a clerk or servant of property in possession of master or employer.	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
Dishonest misappropriation of property	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Dishonestly receiving stolen property	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Cheating	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
Mischief	1	2	3	2	...	3	...
Criminal tresspass	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
House breaking in order to the commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
Adultery	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	2	14	16	16	...	16	8
Criminal intimidation	...	8	8	8	...	11	2
Other acts	...	3	3	3	...	3	...
Total	5	105	110	108	3	144	64

VII.

cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE,

1910–1911.

NUMBER OF PERSONS SENTENCED.										TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.												REMARKS.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.					Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	TOTAL.																
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	17	...	17	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	2	...	5	1	...	8	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	1	...	5	...	...	6	2	...	...	1	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...				
...	2	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	8	...	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	7	...	17	49	...	64	79	1	...	12	1	2	3	2	2	...	...	2				

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX VIII.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910–1911.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Numrer of persons dealt with								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1910-1911.					Total.								
	1909-1910.	1910-1911.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	1909-1910	1910-1911	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
The Dewan's....	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	* Two persons in one case committed by the Nyayadhish to the Sessions Court.
The Naib-Dewan's	5	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	16	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	
The Nyayadhish's	84	109	5	28	11	99	...	...	131	143	3	74	61	2	...	3	
Total ...	92	111*	5	29	11	99	...	...	150	146*	3	74	64	2	...	3	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910-11.

TRIBUNALS.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																	
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed		Referred.		Further inquiry etc ordered.		Pending.		Remarks.
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons,	Cases.	
The Rajasaheb... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
The Dewan	5	...	...	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	5	...	...	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

DEWAN, BANSDA STATE.

APPENDIX X.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of.

TRIBUNALS.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year. Received by transfer or on remand.		TOTAL.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		SUITS FILED DURING PRESENT YEAR.									SUITS DISPOSED OF DURING PRESENT YEAR.						REMARKS.
	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500, and under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs.	Y. M. D.	
The Dewan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Naib-Dewan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
The Nyayadhish ...	26	28	47	50	73	78	45	52	28	26	1386-7-3	1	49	...	47	3	...	...	...	5	18	3	26	1521	0-1-13	
Total ...	26	28	47	50	73	78	45	52	28	26	1386-7-8	1	49	...	47	3	...	...	...	5	18	3	26	1521		

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XI.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for the present year 1910–1911.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			Remarks.
	1909–1910.	1910–1911.		1909–1910.	1910–1911.	Value for the present year.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	Value for the present year.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	Value for the present year.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	Value for the present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
The Dewan	1	1	3499-0-0	...	...	...	1	1	3499-0-0	...	...	...	1	1	3499-0-0	...	...	1	
The Naib-Dewan ...	1	1	1570-0-0	...	...	...	1	1	1570-0-0	...	...	30-0-0	1	1	1540-0 0	...	...	1	
The Nyayadhish ...	318	343	17151-9-5	45	52	1386-7-0	363	395	18538-6-5	23	35	492 2-11	340	360	18046-4-4	27	19	314	
Total ...	320	345	22220-9-5	45	52	1386-7-0	365	397	23607-6-5	23	35	522 2-11	342	362	23085-4-4	27	19	316	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Banspa State.

APPENDIX XII.

CIVIL—Number and results of APPEALS in CIVIL SUITS.

Tribunals.	Opening Balance.		Filed		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of										Average duration		Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised andotherwise disposed of.				
	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
The Rajasaheb ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Dewan... ...	...	...	...	1	—	1	...	...	...	1	...	21–8–0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	21–8–0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIII.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of persons confined in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910-1911.

STATION.	Number of prisoners	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909 1910.	1910-1911.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda ...	32	8	24	43	32	9	5	9	280	1	There was no death during the year amongst the convicts in Jail.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910-1911.

Name of State.	Nature of documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year		Remarks.
	Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Bansda ...	5	5	...	...	2	4	...	..	...	...	3	1	5	5	3906-12-0	1239-0-0	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XV.

STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE on account of REGISTRATION during the year 1910-1911.

DESCRIPTION.	1909-1910.			1910-1911.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Sale	2	451- 0-0	4-12-0	4	739-0-0	8-0-0	
Will	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Miscellaneous	3	3,455-12-0	24- 4-0	1	500-0-0	5-0-0	
Total ...	5	3,906-12-0	29- 0-0	5	1,239-0-0	13-0-0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.
Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XVI.

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPALITY in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910–1911.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st August.	Receipt during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st July.	Remarks.
		1909–1910.	1910–1911.		1909–1910.	1910–1911.		
					Rs.	Rs.		
Bansda	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,348–0–0	4,382–0–0	.....	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

DEWAN, BANSDA STATE.

APPENDIX XVII.

STATEMENT of RAIN-FALL during the year 1910-1911.

Station.	April, 1910.	May, 1910.	June, 1910.	July, 1910.	August, 1910.	September, 1910.	October,, 1910.	November, 1910.	December, 1910.	January, 1911.	February, 1911.	March,, 1911.	Total.	Total of previous year.	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
Bansda	...	...	12.28	21.63	33.54	9.23	3 65	1.16	...	0.22	...	0.32	82.3	76.43	65.56	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XVIII.

STATEMENT as to prices of STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS, in the BANSDA STATE

ARTICLES.	During March 1910.	During March 1911.	Remarks.
Paddy	0-11-0	0-12-0	
Jowar	0-15-0	0-14-0	
Nagli	0-14-0	0-14-0	
Kodra	0- 9-0	0- 9-0	
Gram	1-12-0	1- 8-0	
Tuvér	1- 2-0	1- 1-0	
Wheat	2-12-0	2- 8-0	
Urid	1- 4-0	1- 5-0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIX.

EXPENDITURE on PUBLIC WORKS, during the year 1910-1911.

Description of work.	State funds.			Local funds.			Totals.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original	Repairs.	Total.	
Roads	198	2861	3059	...	...	...	3059
Bansda town water works...	17418	...	17418	...	...	...	17418
Tanks, wells and Bunds ...	133	52	185	...	...	...	185
Dharamshallas & temples...	1166	430	1596	...	...	...	1596
School buildings	...	157	157	...	...	...	157
Palaces	9	1226	1235	...	...	...	1235
Public Offices	...	181	181	...	...	...	181
Stables for horses etc ...	992	2283	3275	...	...	...	3275
Uttaras	...	1011	1011	...	...	...	1011
Distillery	...	1052	1052	...	...	...	1052
Garden Bunglows	...	1188	1188	...	...	...	1188
Quarters for new settlers ...	3771	524	4295	...	...	...	4295
Guest house...	...	806	806	...	...	...	806
Tools and plants	631	15	646	...	...	...	646
Establishment	4220	...	4220	...	...	...	4220
Total ...	28,538	11,786	40,324	...	...	...	40,324

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XX.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE.

DISTRICT.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Bansda	1910-11.	14902	11565	1014	2411	103	44	9	...	6649	5709	10	183	885	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXI.

STATEMENT showing the ***EXCISE SHOPS*** *and* ***EXCISE REVENUE*** *of the* ***BANSDA STATE,*** *during the year* 1910–1911.

NAME OF STATE.	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Toddy.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Bansda.	65	2,47,398	2	100	2	16	6	2029–0–0	75	2,49,543	

—PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.—

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXII.

STATEMENT shewing RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS of the BANSDA STATE for the year 1910-1911.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1909-10.	A. D. 1910-11.	Increase.	Decrease
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Land Revenue. { Actual collection...	1,19,855	1,20,242	387	.....
	Land Revenue. { Adjustments ...	10,848	25,833	14,985	.....
		22,347	40,935	18,588	.....
2	Forest	2,27,515	2,46,373	18,858	.....
3	Abkari-Liquor	7,882	8,601	719	.....
4	Do. Toddy...	104	91	.....	13
5	Do. Bhang-ganja	878	900	22	.....
6	Magisterial fines, &c....	12,509	12,392	.....	117
7	Interest on Loans, &c.	180	174	.....	6
8	Opium	3,393	3,672	279	.....
9	Giras	3,233	3,728	495	.....
10	Tolls	9	9	.....	.....
11	Ferries	1,352	1 693	341	.....
12	Rent of houses...	304	175	.....	129
13	Rent of estates outside the State ...	2,482	3,005	523	.....
14	Miscellaneous	29	13	.....	16
15	Registration of Documents	1,352	318	.....	1,034
16	Pratapniwas Garden	342	214	.....	128
17	Jail	235	171	.....	64
18	Cattle pounds	515	31,887	31,372	.....
19	Rewards and Chandla...	1,089	1,103	14	.....
20	Stamp sales	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	Sale of houses...	94	1,959	1,865	.....
22	Sale of animals	807	245	.....	562
23	Sale of furniture	902	1,649	747	.....
24	Soap making Establishment... ...	1,603	1,729	126	.....
25	Sindhai Plantation				

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1909-10.	A. D. 1910-11.	Increase.	Decrease
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Medical	5,442	7,881	2,439	.....
2	Forest	3,124	3,666	542	.....
3	Abkari	47,389	82,945	35,556	.....
4	Vaccination	339	357	18	.....
5	Library...	114	203	89	.....
6	Police and other guards	15,071	16,783	1,712	.....
7	Paga and stables	45,522	46,455	933	.....
8	Cattle pounds...	5	4	.....	1
9	Jail	439	280	.....	159
10	Cash allowances and temple servants.	11,736	12,244	508	.....
11	Ferries	191	188	.....	3
12	Tolls	639	616	.....	23
13	Public works	27,479	40,324	12,845	.....
14	Dewan's Cutcheri	5,786	4,386	.....	1,400
15	Naib Dewan's Office	7,665	7,862	197	.....
16	Collecting Establishment	9,449	9,673	224	.....
17	Education	5,317	6,787	1,470	.....
18	Pratapnivas garden charges... ...	2,359	2,158	.....	201
19	Municipality	5,348	4,382	.....	966
20	Contingent charges	1,541	1,869	328	.....
21	Printing charges	731	404	.....	327
22	Loss and wastage	198	209	11	.....
23	Remissions	449	19,859	19,410	.....
24	Income tax on interest of loans, &c.	330	337	7	.....
25	Miscellaneous...	3,628	5,518	1,890	.....
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	20	50	30	.....
27	Railway fares and bhutta	4,325	7,671	3,346	.....
28	Purchase of jewels for Rajasaheb, &c.	505	10,371	9,866	.....

29	Rewards and Chandlas	3,708	8,514	4,746	...
30	Devasthan Dharmada...	4,154	2,435	.....	1,719
31	Festivals	1,412	2,421	1009	...
32	Palace Establishment...	8,784	12,522	3,738	...
33	Pocket expenses of Rajasaheb Rani-saheb, &c.	24,539	26,101	1,562	...
34	Purchase of clothing for Rajasaheb &c.	3,569	9,442	5,873	...
35	Purchase of furniture...	1,811	4,745	2,934	...
36	Kitchen	3,393	4,714	1,321	...
37	Guests etc.	1,333	1,397	64	...
38	House and land purchase in Billimora.	230	1,968	1,738	...
39	Veterinary	274	460	186	...
40	Nyayadhish Office	376	1,104	728	...
41	Education expenses of Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji and Kumar Shri Natvarsinhji .., ...	8,608	1,224	...	7 384
42	Irrigation	1,663	1,284	...	581
43	Plague Department	1,818	273	...	1,545
44	Soap making establishment	157	21	...	136
45	Sindhai plantation	1,844	314	...	1,530
46	House rent outside the State ...	39	292	253	...
47	Census...	...	104	104	...
48	Special expenses :—				
	(1) Doctor's fees and medicine, etc. on account of sickness of the Rajasaheb and other members of the family..	233	2,426	2,193	...
	(2) Death ceremonies of A. S. Shri Suraj Kunverba yuvrani saheb of the Heir apparent (Yuvraj Shri Indrasinhji)	174	2,575	2,401	...
	(3) Rajasaheb's tour	26,613	17,261	...	9,352
	(4) Broach Exhibition	100	.....	...	100
	(5) Birth of Kumar Shri Kishoresinhji	45,049	12,656	...	32,393
	(6) Marriage ceremonies of the heir apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinhji with the kunveri of the Thakorsaheb of Mansa, and Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji with the kunveri of the heir apparent of Sayla	...	74,247	74,247	...
	(7) Silver Jubilee of the Rajasaheb ...	...	10,389	10,389	...
	(8) Subscription towards the Royal Visit Fund...	...	1000	1000	...
	(9) Construction of a Telephone line in Bansda town upto Pratapnagar	...	4,056	4,056	...
	(10) On account of the visit of H. E the Viceroy, Lord Minto	...	231	231	...
	(11) Miscellaneous	...	1161	1,161	...
	Total Rs. ...	3,45282	4,98,817	2,11,355	57,820
	Takavi Rs. ...	1219	3649	2,430	...

Total Rs. ...	4,19,859	5,07,111	89,321	2,069
Takavi Rs. ...	4,846	5,525	679	.....

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXIII

STATEMENT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1910-1911.

Dispensary	Number of patients treated.		Results of patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
The Ratankunverba Hospital.	22912	21	20860	1948	79	46	Rs. 7881/-	62.8	
The Travelling Dispensary...	1830	.....	1830	.....	.....	.....		7.6	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXIV

VITAL STATISTICS of the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1910-1911.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population.				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		1909-10.	1910-11.			1909-10.	1910-11.			1909-10.	1910-11.	1909-10.	1910-11.	
Bansda State	44,589	1067	983	...	84	712	739	27	...	26	24	17	18	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

DEWAN, BANDA STATE.

APPENDIX XXV.

PARTICULARS as to the SCHOOLS MAINTAINED by the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1910–1911.

Number of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st march.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1909–1910.	1910–1911.		1909–1910.	1910–1911.	1909–1910.	1910–1911.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Bansda A. V. School...	43	68	...	51.9				
2	2	Bansda Taluka School.	139	127	...	71.3				
3	3	Bansda Urdu School...	71	67	...	57.6				
4	4	Bansda Girl's School...	64	59	...	29.3				
5	5	Sindhai School	53	51	38.6	46.2				
6	6	Chapaldhara	62	58	44.5	32.5				
7	7	Andhatri	25	27	22.3	17.5				
8	8	Bhinar...	27	23	13.4	15.8				
9	9	Valzar...	14	14	4.4	6.2				
10	10	Wanderwela	28	26	8.3	14.7				
11	11	Pratapnagar	29	36	...	21				
12	12	Lakhavadi	25	20	22	14.5				
13	13	Limzar	19	19	14	12				
14	14	Khanpur	47	42	33.4	35				
		— Total ...	646	637	200.9	425.5				

Rs. 6787/-

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

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DEWAN'S OFFICE, BANSDA,
31st August, 1912.

To,

MAHARAUL SHRI INDRASINHJI PRATAPSINHJI,
Raja Saheb, Bansda State.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I respectfully beg to submit herewith the Annual Administration Report of the Bansda State, for the year ending 31st July, 1912.

I beg to remain,
Your Highness'
Most Obedient & Faithful Servant,
PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE, SURAT AGENCY,

For the year 1911—1912. Ending with 31st July, 1912.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

1. The State of Bansda is bounded on the North by the Mahuva and Vyara Talukas of the Baroda State, on the South by the Dharampore State, on the East by the Dangs, the Sulgana State and the Kalwan Taluka of the Nasik Collectorate, and on the West by the Chikhli Taluka of the Surat Collectorate and the Dharampore State. The area of the State is 215 square miles and its population according to the Census taken in 1911, is 44,594 souls. The gross revenue of the State calcutated on an average for the last five years is Rs. 4,49,700. The State pays to the British Government an Annual Tribute of Rs. 153-8-0.

Area, Population, Tribute and Revenue.

2. *Ruling Chief.*—The Ruling Chief of the State is Maharaul Shri Indrasinhji Pratapsinhji, Raja Saheb. He has attained the age of 24 years, and is a Solanki Rajput of the Wansadia family, Shaiv by religion. The Raja Saheb is entitled to a salute of nine guns. He has been duly installed on the Gadi during the year under report owing to the sad and sudden demise of the late revered Raja Saheb Maharaul Shri Pratapsinhji at Deolali on the 20th September 1911. The system of primogeniture is observed in the State and it has got a Sanad from the British Government autherising adoption.

3. The present Raja Saheb, Maharaul Shri Indrasinhji, is very fond of athletic sports and shooting, and has a great predilection for reading and intellectual pursuits. He takes a very keen interest in the administrative work of the State.

4. The brothers of the present Raja Saheb are Kumars Shri Pravinsinhji, Shri Natvarsinhji and Shri Kishoresinhji, whose relations with the Raja Saheb are very cordial and harmonious. The eldest of whom Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji is utilizing his time in reading useful literature and in getting an insight into the administrative details of the State. Kumar Shri Natvarsinhji has attained the age of 17 years, and is at present studying privately under a Graduate tutor. It is arranged to send him in the next year to England to further prosecute his studies there. The third brother Kumar Shri Kishoresinhji is an infant.

5. *Political Relations.*—The political relations of the State with the British Government and other Native States remained cordial and harmonious, as ever.

6. *Important Events.*—The three most note-worthy events which happened during the year under report were the sudden and melancholy demise of the late Raja Saheb at Deolali, the Installation of the present Raja Saheb, and the celebrations in connection with the Imperial Coronation Durbar held at Delhi. The late Raja Saheb, Maharaul Shri Pratapsinhji, under medical advice started from Bansda on the 4th September 1911 for Deolali for change of climate owing to ill-health. He appeared to be improving there but suddenly on the 20th September 1911 at 1 A. M. (Night-time) his health appeared to change for the worst and at 1-30 A. M. he expired calmly and peacefully owing to sudden heart failure. His funeral was attended by Kumar Shri Natvarsinhji who was there and by respectable persons from Deolali and neighbourhood and his last remains were incremated at Nasik. Due honours were accorded to the funeral of the deceased by the Government by a salute of nine guns and by hoisting the flags half-mast high at Deolali at the time. On the receipt of this heartrending news by telegram the whole of Bansda went into mourning and the hearts of all were saddened. A general strike was observed by all the merchants dealers and shop-keepers of the State. All the Schools and offices were closed. The deceased Raja Saheb had made such a deep impression on the hearts of his people by his single minded devotion to their welfare that the scars of sorrow in the hearts of the subjects took a long time to heal.

7. The Installation Ceremony of the present Raja Saheb Maharaul Shri Indrasinhji took place on the 11th November 1911 under the orders of the Government of Bombay, which was represented on the occasion by Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, the Political Agent of Surat Agency. It took place in a Mandap near the Palace tastefully and artistically decorated for the purpose. There were present on that occasion, Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, Mrs. Anderson and Miss Shaddick, Mr. Green-Assistant Collector, the Raja Saheb of Dharampore and the Thakore Saheb of Sayla and several other distinguished persons and officers. Several friendly Chiefs who were willing to come, could not attend as they were busily engaged in making preparations for the Imperial Coronation Durbar which was shortly to be held in Dehli. But deputations from the following States were present on the occasion :—

Bhavnagar, Radhanpore, Nandod, Rajkot, Limdi, Chhota-Udepoor, Barwani, Devgadh-Baria, Lunavada, Sachin, Lakhtar, Sunth-Rampur, Mansa, Muli, Sulagana, Khirasara, &c.

The Installation Ceremony was begun by Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, the Political Agent who delivered the following speech :—

" Meherban Kumar Shri Indrasinhji, Rajas and Chiefs, Kumars, Durbaris and Friends of the Bansda State, we are met here to-day for a ceremony of solemn importance, for the formal installation of a new Ruler of this State.

For 22 generations perhaps about 500 years the present family of the Solanki Rajputs has held the State of Bansda. Tradition tells us that at one time it extended down to the Sea-Coast, and comprised a considerable extent of territory. Much of that was lost in the turbulent times of the Moghuls and the Maharathas and about 150 years ago, the State became tributary to the Maharatha Empire. Finally by the Treaty of Bassein between the British Government and the Peshwa in 1802 the Over Lordship of the State of Bansda was transferred to the British Government, and so now for 109 years the State has remained under British Protection. During that period there has been no disturbance of its peace. Once it had been under the direct administration of British officials for a short period during the minority of one of its chiefs, and once during that period the succession has been allowed to pass by adoption on failure of the direct line. The late Maharaul Shri Pratapsinhji Gulabsinhji had ruled the State for no less than 26 years. He was known for the amiability and moderation of his character and for his fortunate freedom from some of the besetting faults of the Rajput Nobility. He eschewed and put down Self Indulgence and Extravagance and ruled his State and family in peace and harmony and has left his sons provided for, and his State Treasury in good circumstances, and it was with genuine sorrow that we heard of his sudden though happily painless decease, while on a short visit on the 19th September last. He is now succeeded by his eldest son, my friend Indrasinhji. He comes to the succession endowed with sound health and energy, with a good education and no inconsiderable experience of affairs, since he had assisted his father in much State business during the infirmity of his later years. To these qualifications he adds an amiable character and a genuine desire to do that which is just and right, and in the fulfilment of this desire I can assure him of the ever ready support of myself and my successors and the heartiest good wishes of all this Company.

"In the fulfilment of the duties to which he is called he will need all these qualities and all his circumspection. It is very difficult for a Raja always to be just. It is so much easier to give way to the temptations of being only generous. He should ever remember that a favour granted to one almost always means a disappointment or an injury inflicted upon another, and therefore it happens only too often that the Ruler who seeks popularity by the constant bestowal of boons ultimately finds himself possessed of as many or perhaps more enemies than friends, since the decision of every matter must involve dissatisfaction of one, and the dissatisfaction of some other interest. The just Ruler will always protect himself by adhering always to settled principles and well considered rules which will discern the malice of the disappointed and will carry the sentiments and the respect of the majority of his people in favour of the upright Ruler.

"The position of a Raja increases in responsibility as time goes on. He must think of the future as well as the past and the present. He has to remember that public opinion is growing and developing even in the inmost and unfrequented parts of this great Empire. Each generation expects a

step in advance and raises higher ideals than the last. On all sides we see Kingship and despotism where it does not adapt itself to the times, falling first into disrepute, and then disappearing altogether and being superseded by popular control. It is the highest wisdom of a Raja, who wishes to establish and protect the position of his house and his posterity, to adapt himself to this set of public opinion and to conduct himself more and more in conformity with the constitutional principles. If he fails to do this he is putting the existence of his State and Dynasty in jeopardy. The British Government is able to maintain and support the State against all violence and aggression but will not support it against the public opinion of its own subjects and neighbours. The Raja must more and more recognise that he is not the irresponsible owner and sole arbiter of his State and of its peoples and Revenues but a Trustee, who must be able, to face criticism candidly and not shrink from giving accounts of his stewardship.

"Also every Raja must bear in mind that his State is not alone in the world, but that he has neighbours; and that he owes them a duty as they do to him. Here in Bansda your frontiers march with those of four other States and with two British Districts. In such circumstances, there are some matters which are not solely of internal concern, and in which the Raja can no more do as he likes, than can the dweller in a city. He must conform to the rules of comity and mutual consideration and when there is any doubt or controversy as to their interpretation he must turn to the paramount power for guidance in a frank and friendly spirit and be guided by their advice.

"For 110 years the British Government has supported and maintained the Bansda State without the loss of an acre of its territory and without the burden of military expenditure for defence which in times past was very necessary against the Bhils and other hostile powers. That protection and support is to-day extended to the young chief who is taking his seat on the ancestral Gadi, and there is no doubt he will so conduct himself as never to forfeit the right to that protection and support. We have every assurance that he will to the limit of his ability faithfully discharge the trust reposed in him. Therefore we are met here to-day in the presence of the visiting Chiefs and many friends of the State to witness his installation. The forthcoming events at Delhi have unavoidably prevented several well-wishers and friends of the State from being present in person and the ceremony has had to be rather hurriedly arranged.

"There is scarcely any need to mention the obvious duty of Loyalty to the British Crown and Government. That I am glad to say is the duty in which Bansda has never failed and no Rajput Prince will, I imagine, ever be found wanting in faithful loyalty to the obligations accepted and handed down from his fore-fathers.

"Meherban Kumar Shri Indrasinhji Pratapsinhji, heir to the Swansthan of Bansda, by command of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in

Council, I now proceed to instal you on the seat of the Ruler of this State in due and lawful suecession to your lamented father. By this ceremony I entrust you with full powers and jurisdiction throughout your territories as exercised by your fore-fathers since the commencement of political relations with the British power in India. You have full authority of life and death and over the person and property of your people and all others found within your territories, save only that you shall exercise no jurisdiction over European British subjects, if they are Christians, for offences committed within your State or against your laws, and further you shall not try on a capital charge any other person, who is not a subject of your State, without the consent of the Political Agent. These reserved jurisdictions vest in His Majesty the King Emperor, and are exercised by the Political Agent and the Authorities superior to him, and in the case of European British subjects by the High Court at Bombay. You will faithfully observe and discharge all the obligations imposed on your State and your predecessors by treaty, agreements and custom, and the dictates of good faith. You will rule your State with justice and wisdom as a solemn trust reposed in you to secure the peace, prosperity and contentment and the stability and good repute of your ancient house, and long may you enjoy health and strength and life to sit on this Gadi to which I now conduct you.

Maharaul Shri Indrasinhji Pratapsinhji, Raja of Bansda, I now have the honor of presenting to you, on behalf of the Government of Bombay a Khilat or Dress of Honour as a mark of their favour, and I have also to present to you a Kharita formally inviting you to be present at the forthcoming Imperial Durbar at Delhi, where for the first time in history the Chiefs of the Native States of India will be enabled to see in person, and pay their homage to their Emperor under whose protection they repose."

After the speech of Mr. Anderson was over, he on behalf of the Government of Bombay presented a Khilat or Dress of Honour from the Government and delivered a Kharita to the Raja Saheb from the Government inviting the presence of the Raja Saheb at the Imperial Coronation Durbar to be held at Delhi. The Raja Saheb presented to the Government through Mr. Anderson, a Nazar of 51 guineas. The Raja Saheb also delivered a speech in reply which was as follows :—

Mr. Anderson, Ruling Chiefs, Kumars, Ladies, and Gentlemen :—

It is with great pride and pleasure, that I stand here this morning, to welcome you all to my capital on this supremely important and memorable occasion in the history of my life.

The first duty that I have to perform to-day before anything else, is to thank the Supreme Government for doing me the honour of installing me, soon after the demise of my late lamented dear father, revered be his memory, on the Gadi of my ancestors. Mr. Anderson has given us a short history of the State, and has told us how it came under the supremacy of the British.

Bansda, like all other States, has had its share of the manifold advantages of the sovereignty of the British, and I am glad to state that what we see of Bansda to-day is entirely due to the efficient line of administration marked out by the Government, when it chanced to be under their direct supervision. On looking to the reports of the State, both at the beginning and at the end of the British Administration of the State during the minority of my late father, I am glad to find that the period is marked by substantial development of the resources of the State.

Mr. Anderson, the reference that you make to the sad and sudden demise of my father is really touching, and the remark that you have made about his character, and the credit you have given him for being free from "the faults of Rajput nobility" are quite appropriate. It was certainly this moderation of character and the freedom from vice, that enabled him to devote the whole of his time and energy to the welfare of his subjects, developing at the same time the resources of the State, improving the financial condition, and maintaining peace and harmony in the State. It was in his time that the revenue of the State materially increased; it was in his reign that education was made free. It was in his time that the people of Bansda were provided with the facilities of modern civilization-the water works, the flour mill, the telephone &c. While always careful for the well-being of his subjects, my father was also anxious about my education. Having faith in, and having himself derived considerable benefit from education at the hands of English teachers, he entrusted me to the care and guidance of Mr. Waddington, the late Principal of the Rajkumar College, an Institution of which I shall always be proud. The education that I received at the hands of Mr. Waddington, during the early days of my College life, was considerably augmented by his successor Mr. Mayne, and here I take the opportunity of thanking both of them. Coupled with this education at the College, the practical instruction that I received from my father in matters political, moral and social have done me a world of good, and here I may make myself bold to say that I shall ever try my best to perform with energy and zeal the duty that has devolved upon me by the sad demise of my father.

I am quite alive to the responsibilities of my new position, and hope by the Grace of God, to be equal to them, especially when I find that I have the assurance of ever-ready support from Government, to whom alone I have to look for proper advice. I do not think that I deserve the eulogistic remarks made by Mr. Anderson about my qualifications and character, but I am proud to say that I do possess a genuine desire to do that which is just and right. It is difficult for a Raja to be always just, as Mr. Anderson says, but the difficulty is not unsurmountable, when persons like Mr. Anderson are at hand, to tender their candid advice. I also appeal to my officers and other persons interested in me, to help me in carrying out the principles of justice.

Mr. Anderson, I am glad to tell you that I am fully cognisant of the fact that the safety of my State lies in the popularity of my administration,

and it shall always be my policy to rule the State with due regard to the opinion of the public. My good father has taught me to regard the revenue of the State, not as a piece of personal property, but as a trust to be used for the good of the subjects, and I shall always try my best to abide by his teachings in this respect. I fully understand the principle taught to us by the British Government that the State exists for the people and not the people for the State.

As for my relations with the neighbouring States I assure you that they will always be cordial, provided those States also reciprocate the same feelings of cordiality. In the event of a controversy, I assure you I shall always give every consideration to the advice of the Government, who have done so much of good to myself and to my State.

It would be quite ungrateful on the part of any Native Chief, not to be cognisant of the protection to life and property afforded by being under the British Rule. Bansda has never been wanting in its loyalty and devotion to the British Crown, and I assure you it shall never be.

With these remarks I thank you as the Representative of the Supreme Government, for formally installing me on the Gadi of Bansda. I hope God will grant me strength to fulfil the trust so kindly reposed in me, and thereby perpetuate the memory of the sound and efficient administration of my late father, and the unflinching loyalty of my ancestors to the British Crown. I once more thank the British Government, for the honour they have done me by presenting to me a Khilat on this memorable occasion in my life, as a mark of their favour, and for inviting me to be present at the forthcoming Imperial Durbar at Delhi, an unique occasion, inasmuch as it will give us, Native Chiefs, the honour of presenting our respects in person to our Most Gracious Majesty the King Emperor.

Before I close this, I must thank all those assembled here, for having taken the trouble of coming here, at the cost of so much of their valuable time, to witness this ceremony and take part in the rejoicings. I may mention here that I cannot but remark the absence of some of my best friends, Rajas and others, who have been unable to come here, owing to being engaged in making preparations for the Coronation Durbar and such other causes, but who have sent their good wishes by letters or telegrams.

It gives me no small satisfaction to note that in spite of the various difficulties, the Raja Saheb of Dharampore and the Thakore Saheb of Sayla have made it convenient to grace this occasion by their presence here. The ties of relationship and friendship between Bansda and these two States are strengthened by their presence here to-day, and I hope the same cordial feelings will mark the future policy of the rulers of these States.

I now close this with a fervent prayer to the Almighty to grant a long life of health and happiness to our beloved Emperor, and to keep the Royal Family of Great Britain to bestow upon us the favours of a benign and just rule.

8. The Imperial Coronation Durbar was held at Delhi by Their Imperial Majesties the King Emperor George V. and the Queen Empress on the 12th December 1911. The Raja Saheb, his two brothers Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji and Kumar Shri Natvarsinhji, the Dewan and several other officers of the State reached Delhi on the morning of the 2nd December 1911. On alighting at the Provincial Camp Station the Raja Saheb was received by an officer of the British Government and on reaching the Camp of the State a salute of 9 guns was fired. On the same date, *i.e.*, on the 2nd December 1911, Their Imperial Majesties alighted in Bombay, and all the communities in Bansda prayed at their respective sacred places for Their Majesties' safe and happy journey, and the day was observed as a General Holiday throughout the State, all the schools and offices being closed. From the time that Their Imperial Majesties made their state entry in Delhi on the 7th December 1911 till the time of Their Imperial Majesties' departure from Delhi on the 16th December 1911, a public holiday was observed in the schools and offices of the State. On the 7th December 1911, the Raja Saheb attended the gorgeous and splendid procession on the occasion of the State entry of Their Imperial Majesties in Delhi. The Raja Saheb was present at all the principal functions which took place in connection with the occasion of the Imperial Coronation Durbar at Delhi. On the 9th December 1911, he attended the reception of the chiefs by his Imperial Majesty. On the 12th December 1911, the Raja Saheb was present in the brilliant and magnificent Durbar held by Their Imperial Majesties, and had the opportunity on that unique occasion of paying his homage to their Imperial Majesties. On the 13th December he attended the grand Garden Party given by Their Imperial Majesties at the Fort in Delhi. On the 14th December he attended the review of the Military forces by their Imperial Majesties. On the 16th December the state departure of their Imperial Majesties was attended by the Raja Saheb.

9. The auspicious occasion of the Imperial Durbar was celebrated at Bansda under the orders of the Raja Saheb on the 12th December 1911 in the morning by the holding of a parade of the mounted and the foot Police when a Feu de joie was fired and the State band played the National Anthem. At 12 noon on the same day a public Durbar was held at which all the officers present in Bansda and respectable persons attended. The Huzur Personal Assistant read in the Durbar the Royal Proclamation showing the portrait of their Imperial Majesties to all assembled. A salute of 101 guns was fired when the proclamation was being read. The National Anthem was played by the State Band. In all the villages of the State the Royal Proclamation was read at the same time by the Patels, Talatis, or other State servants, who at the time that the Proclamation was read showed to the multitudes assembled the portrait of their Imperial Majesties. Sweet-meats were distributed to all the school children in the State and His Imperial Majesty's Coronation Medals were given to them. Bansda Town was decorated with flags and evergreens. Illuminations were made at night in the public

buildings of the State, while private citizens illuminated their own houses. The poor were given free food and clothing on the occasion. The sentences of two prisoners were reduced. Thus every attempt was made by the State and the subjects thereof to demonstrate their loyalty to the British Throne, by rejoicings held on a grand scale on the memorable and auspicious occasion of the Imperial Coronation Durbar on the 12th December, 1911.

10. On the occasion of the Birth-day Anniversary of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor George V. on the 3rd June 1912, a parade of the mounted and the foot police was held and *feu de joie* fired. The offices and the schools were closed, the day being observed as a public holiday throughout the State. The State Band played the National Anthem.

11. Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, the Political Agent, Surat, visited the State on the 15th April 1912 and started therefrom for the Dangs. During his stay here he visited the schools, the Jail, the Hospital and the Distillery, and was satisfied with the working thereof.

CHANGES IN THE PERSONNEL.

12. During the year under report Mr. Amritlal V. Modi, M. A., LL.B. was appointed as Naib Dewan, while Mr. Lalbhai Morarji Desai was transferred from that post to the Post of Palace Officer.

CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE.

13. There are two classes of Hindoo population in the State, *viz.* the Kaliparaj or the aboriginal classes, and the Ujaliats such as Brahmins, Rajputs, Banias, Prabhus, Kunbis, Kolies, Suthars, Lohars, Kansaras and other artizans and manufacturing classes. Amongst the Ujaliats the Brahmins, Rajputs, Banias and Prabhus are men of means, whilst the others are somewhat poor. The Parsees are intelligent and good cultivators, and are for the most part farmers of the different liquor and toddy shops of the State. Their condition is generally good. The Mahomedans are hard-working cultivators ; some of them are employed in the service of the State ; their condition is generally fair.

14. In the beginning of the year under review the rain fell in tolerably sufficient quantity, but it failed partly in the latter part, thereby causing a slight failure of rabi crop. The kharif crop was somewhat damaged. Owing to this partial absence of rain, the condition of the people was not as prosperous and satisfactory as could be desired.

15. *The Kaliparaj classes.* The Kaliparaj people of the State are a backward and illiterate class of people. They do not understand the proper and scientific system of agriculture and are extremely improvident. It is only by the persistent efforts of the State continued from a long time that they are now emerging from their primitive condition. The introduction of the railway line from Billimora to Sara, the construction of which is being actively proceeded with by the Baroda State, may, perhaps by bringing the Kaliparaj ryots into contact with more civilized persons, infuse into their

minds more intellectual activity and improved methods of living. The State is in the habit of giving pecuniary assistance to these people for their agricultural needs and this system prevents them from a sure and speedy ruin to which they would have fallen a prey, had they no recourse but to resort to the sowcars for their wants. The sowcars in the absence of the State System of granting Takavi would have charged them with exhorbitant interest, which they in their ignorance and need would have easily agreed to pay. Thanks therefore to the system of the State granting takavi to them they are in every way free from the clutches and the oppression of the sowcars. The State grants takavi to them on very easy terms as to interest, and in some cases even without interest. The State also gives to them forest wood free or at nominal charge for the construction of their huts, and for agricultural implements. The State system of free education throughout the State is a great blessing to them, as they are so poor that if any fee is charged, they would rather go without education than pay the fees. Whenever possible if any of them is sufficiently educated he is given encouragement by preference in the State service. In fact no efforts are spared by the State to civilize these people out of their primitive stage and to ameliorate their mental and material condition.

16. There was fortunately no plague nor any epidemic disease during the year under report.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

17. The total area of the land comprised in the State is 1,37,912 acres and 11 gunthas. Out of this total area of land 74,069 acres and 28 gunthas were culturable lands; 53,007 acres and 3 gunthas are forest reserves; and 6,611 acres and 27 gunthas are unculturable waste or kharabo lands.

18. The area under cultivation during the year under review was 44,044 acres and 8 gunthas, while 30,025 acres and 20 gunthas remained waste. The area of the land taken up for cultivation during the year was 4,741 acres and 18 gunthas, while 4,461 acres and 39 gunthas were relinquished.

19. The area of the cultivated, waste and culturable lands and that of the forest &c. of the State appear this year to be different from those of the previous years as the particulars of the alienated villages of this State were not given in previous years. But from this year the particulars of the alienated villages are included in the report.

20. The Survey and Settlement of the State lands have been completed long since; the rates of assessment of lands are reasonable and do not fall at all heavily on the ryots. A large part of the culturable land remains waste as the malarious climate and the hilly nature of the country do not attract new settlers or cultivators. However, persistent efforts are being made to induce newsettlers, by giving waste lands free of assesment in part or whole for a certain period of years, by granting Takavi in cash, seed and grain, and by

giving timber without any charge for the purpose of enabling cultivators to build houses or to construct implements of husbandry. The percentage of waste lands to the whole culturable area during the year was 40·5.

21. The system of keeping revenue accounts of the State is similar to that prescribed in Hope's Manual.

TAKAVI ADVANCES.

22. The Takavi advanced by the State to the ryots during the year under report was Rs. 3,857 against Rs. 3,649 in the year preceding. More Takavi was advanced during the year than that advanced in the year preceding, because new wells were constructed and owing to the scarcity of food more money had to be advanced to the ryots for the purchase of seed grain during the year under report. The Takavi was granted to the ryots for the purposes mentioned below :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For Land Improvement	1,616	0	0
For purchasing bullocks	874	0	0
For purchasing seeds	165	0	0
For building houses	902	0	0
For constructing wells	300	0	0
Total ...	3,857	0	0

BOUNDARY DISPUTES.

23. There was no dispute as to boundary with any of the neighbouring states during the year under review.

REMISSIONS.

24. Remissions amounting to Rs. 10,163 were granted to the ryots during the year under report.

JAMABANDY.

25. The Jamabandy during the year was made by the Raja Saheb with the Dewan. The revenue records were carefully examined and they were found to be in a satisfactory condition.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION AND LEGISLATION.

26. No changes were made in the laws of the State during the year under report. The administration of justice in the State is carried on according to the spirit of the laws prevailing in the British territory with such slight changes as are necessitated by the condition of the people and the customs prevailing in the State.

27. There is no regular military force in the State, but there are 33 sowars who perform duties as mounted police and as escorts. There are also 26 Arabs in the State service for guarding the palace and the Treasury. The Arabs are included in the police force.

DISTRICT POLICE.

28. The organization, discipline and duties of the police of the State are similar to those in the adjoining British Districts., A Fouzdar is at the head of the police department of the State and has a staff of subordinates under him. There is a trained British pensioner who has been employed by the State to drill the police. The strength of the police including the sowars and the Arabs during the year under review was 160 which is sufficient to maintain order and detect crimes. The total cost of the police during the year under report was Rs. 16,237 as against Rs. 16,783 in the year preceding.

29. The number of offences reported to the police during the year was 48 against 27 in the preceding year, showing an increase of 21 offences.

30. 72 persons were arrested by the police, against 33 persons in the year preceding. 72 persons were sent for trial and 1 who remained over from the last year was also tried this year, against 34 in the year preceding, of whom 72 were convicted, and 1 was acquitted or discharged.

31. The percentage of convictions to accused arrested was 98 against 85 in the year preceding, and the percentage of conviction to accused sent for trial was 98 against 82 in the year preceding.

32. The value of the property stolen during the year was Rs. 339 against Rs. 225–8–0 in the year preceding, out of which property of the value of Rs. 338 was recovered. The percentage of the property recovered was 99·7 against 65·15 in the year preceding.

33. *Village Police.*—The village police maintains order in the villages of the State and assists the District police in its work. No Police Patel has been invested with the powers under the Village Police Act.

34. The people of the State being peaceful and law-abiding there was neither any case of murder nor of any other heinous crimes, such as infanticide, outlawry, rape &c., in the State during the year under report. The common offences are petty thefts and simple hurts. The proportion of crimes to population is 1 to 922, whilst the proportions of the police to population and to area in square miles were 1 to 278 and 1 to 1·3 respectively, against 1 to 333 and 1 to 1·6 respectively in the preceding year.

35. The number of fires during the year under review was 7 against 5 in the previous year, causing a loss to property amounting to the value of Rs. 7,578, against Rs. 2,168 in the year preceding. In order to assist the persons whose property was burnt or damaged by the fires, timber of the value of Rs. 131–4–0 was granted to them without any charge.

36. There were 28 deaths from accidents during the year on account of the following causes :—

1 by drowning.
4 by falling from trees.
5 by suicide.
2 accidental deaths.
14 by snake bite.
1 by falling into a well.
1 devoured by wild animals.

The details regarding the strength and the working of the police are given in the Appendices IV, V, VI, and VII.

37. *Abkari Police.*—A separate Abkari police for the prevention and detection of Abkari offences is maintained under the Abkari Inspector. 4 Abkari offences were detected by the Abkari police during the year.

38. 28 inquests were held by the police during the year, of which 5 related to suicide, and the remaining others to deaths caused by accidents.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

39. The number and constitution of the Criminal Courts in the State remained the same as in the preceding year.

Original Courts.

1. Nyayadhish or 1st Class Magistrate's Court.
2. Naib-Dewan or 1st Class Magistrate's Court.
3. Dewan's Sessions Court.

Appellate Courts.

1. The Dewan's Sessions Court.
2. Huzur or the Raja Saheb's Court, the highest Court of Appeal.

40. The number of criminal cases for trial before the Criminal Courts during the year was 150 against 111 in the previous year, showing an increase of 39. There were 222 accused persons during the year, out of whom 110 were convicted, and 110 acquitted and 2 remained under trial at the end of the year. Two cases in which 2 accused were concerned were tried by the Nyayadhish and being committed to the Sessions Court were tried there.

41. The percentage of persons convicted to persons tried was 50 against 44 in the previous year. The number of accused persons sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding six months was 7, and under six months 41, while 62 persons were fined only. No person was sentenced to death, and no one was subjected to whipping in addition to imprisonment.

42. The amount of fines inflicted during the year was Rs. 1,678 against Rs. 1,446 in the year preceding, and the amount of Rs. 1,313 was recovered against Rs. 1,288 in the previous year.

APPEALS.

43. There were 7 appeals to the Dewan's Sessions Court during the year, which were all disposed off.

EXTRADITION.

44. The number of accused persons surrendered for trial to the State during the year was seven, of whom three were surrendered by the 2nd Class Magistrate of Mandvi Taluka, three by the Fouzdari Nyayadhish Vyara Taluka and one by the 2nd Class Magistrate of Chikhli for offences committed under sections 379, 409 and 411 of the Indian Penal Code. No person was surrendered by this State to any other State during the year under review.

PRISON.

45. In the State there is one jail, which is situated in Bansda town, the capital of the State. The jail building is a nice one with a garden surrounding it. It has more than sufficient accommodation for the under-trial as also the convicted prisoners. The building is large and comfortable. The number of prisoners in the jail during the year was 64 against 32 in the previous year. Of these 9 were from the last year and 55 were new admissions. The daily average number of prisoners was 13 against 5 in the preceding year. The total cost of maintaining the jail, exclusive of the cost of the police guards, was Rs. 596 during the year, against Rs. 280 in the year preceding.

46. The Chief Medical Officer of the State is the Superintendent of the Jail. The Jail is visited at intervals by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan and other officers. The sanitary arrangements of the jail are satisfactory.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

47. There are 3 Original and 2 Appellate Courts for Civil Jurisdiction in the State. The number of civil suits filed during the year under review was 85 against 50 in the year preceding. The balance of suits at the end of the previous year was 26, and the total number of suits for hearing therefore was 111, of which 94 were disposed of, and there remained a balance of 17 suits at the end of the year. The total value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 2,192 against Rs. 1,386 in the preceding year.

EXECUTION OF DECREES.

48 The number of decrees for execution during the year was 420, of which 360 were from the last year, and 60 were entered during the year The number of decrees executed during the year was 72, leaving a balance of 348 at the end of the year. In most cases the decrees are executed by instalments owing to the poor condition of the people, and therefore there remained the balance mentioned above.

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATIONS.

49. No miscellaneous application was filed or disposed of during the year under report.

CIVIL APPEALS.

50. During the year under report 3 civil appeals were filed in the Dewan's Court, and one was pending from the last year. All of them have been disposed off.

REGISTRATION.

51. Six documents of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,195 were registered during the year against 5 documents of the total value of Rs. 1,239 in the year preceding. Of these six documents 3 related to sale deeds, one related to mortgage, and 2 related to wills. The income of the registration department during the year was Rs. 11–12–0 against Rs. 13 in the preceding year. The cost of the department is nil, as the work thereof is done in the Dewan's Office

MUNICIPALITY.

52. There is one municipality in the State which is in the Bansda town, the population of which is 3,543 souls according the census taken in 1911. The municipality is conducted by the State at its own expense as a department of the State. No tax is levied from the people for its maintenance. The work of the municipality is carried on under the supervision of a Secretary who has got charge of the necessary establishment for conservancy, lighting, watering the roads and for extinguishing fires. The Chief Medical Officer of the State looks after the Sanitation of the Bansda town. There are three fire engines to extinguish fire. A pumping station which is situated near the Kaveri river in Bansda town supplies water for the watering of roads, and arrangements have been made to supply the houses of Bansda town with water from the Kaveri river by means of pipes and water connections laid from the Bansda Shri Pratap Silver Jubilee Water Works. The expenditure on account of the municipality was Rs. 4,358 against Rs. 4,382 in the year preceding.

CHAPTER IV.

AGRICULTURE.

53. The rain during the year under report having failed in the latter part of the monsoon the kharif and the rabi crops suffered some damage, and the paddy crop also suffered to a certain extent, as a consequence of which rates of staple food rose somewhat high in the latter part of the year.

54. The total area of the State land under cultivation during the year was 44,044 acres and 8 gunthas as against 39,743 acres and 18 gunthas in the year preceding. Of these 34,390 acres and 19 gunthas were jarayat and 9,653 acres and 29 gunthas were kiari.

55. The cultivation of cotton during the year was 2,543 acres and 10 gunthas against 2,127 acres and 28 gunthas in the preceding year.

56. Cultivation of sugarcane is encouraged by supplying water to the fields at or near Sindhai by irrigation from the water works at Sindhai adjacent to the Ambika river.

57. Fodder grass grew in sufficient quantity during the year owing to the earlier rain having fallen, and the agricultural stock was in good condition.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

58. The total rainfall during the year was 42·42 inches against 82·3 in the year preceding. It commenced on the 4th June 1911 and ended on the 18th September 1911. The rainfall being less than required, the kharif and rabi crops did not yield a sufficient harvest.

59. *Visitation of Locusts.*—There was no visitation of locusts during the year under report.

60. *Temperature.*—The minimum and the maximum temperatures recorded during the year were 50° and 112° respectively, against 48° and 112° respectively during the year preceding.

61. *Prices of food grains.*—Early in the beginning of the year for some months the prices of food grains remained normal but the scarcity of food grains owing to insufficient rains at the end caused some rise in the prices in the latter part of the year.

TRADE AND MANUFACTURES.

62. The chief trade of the State consists in the exportation of grain such as rice, nagli, pulse, jowar &c., and cotton, timber, bamboo and other forest products, and in the importation of cloth, sugar, wheat, salt, &c. The manufactures of the State comprise of bamboo baskets, winnowing fans, mats of palm leaves, coarse woollen blankets and carpets.

FAIRS.

63. The chief fair of interest in the Bansda State is that of Decki Unai Mata's Jatra, in the village of Sindhai, situate at 7 miles from Bansda town, which fair is held annually on the 15th of Chaitra Sud. There rae hot springs there close to the temple of the Goddess Deoki Unai. It is considered by the devout Hindoos as an ack of great sanctity to bathe in the hot water of the springs there, and a large number of pilgrims attend the fair for that purpose on the above date from different parts such as Surat, Navsari, Nasik district, Bombay and other places. The fair lasts for about a week. Officers of the State are sent there at the time of the fair in order to preserve order and prevent the commission of theft and other offences, as also to look carefully after the sanitation of the place.

64. Weekly fairs called hatwadas are held in several villages of the State on certain fixed days of the week for the convenience of the people who resort there and barter corn and products of the forest for clothes, salt, and other articles necessary for their daily use, which they cannot obtain in their own villages.

FOREST.

65. The area of land reserved for forest during the year was 53,007 acres and 3 gunthas. The system of forest conservancy is similar to that prevalent in the British districts. Teak, saddo, kher, kanti, seesum, biyo, haladvan, savan, mahuda, jambuda, bamboos, &c., are included in the reserved trees which are not allowed to be cut without a permit from the State. With the exception of timbri leaves and asindra leaves, the other trees called the Rajalu trees are allowed to be cut by the ryots for the purposes of their domestic use, without the payment of any charge for the same.

66. The Forest Department of the State is under the supervision of a Forest Officer, who has a Sajedar and several other Forest Guards under him. They look after the conservation of forests, prevent smuggling of forest products and collect the forest dues.

67. The income of the forest department during the year was Rs. 32,732 against Rs. 40,935 of the preceding year and the expenditure was Rs. 4,176 against Rs. 3,616 in the previous year.

68. Timber of the value of Rs. 1,453 was granted without any charge to the ryots of the State for building their houses and for the purpose of constructing the implements of husbandry.

PUBLIC WORKS.

69. The total expenditure on account of all sorts of public works was 44,507 during the year against Rs. 40,324 in the preceding year. The following new works were carried out by the State during the year under review :—

1. The laying of water pipes and water connections at various places in Bansda town in connection with the Shri Pratap Silver Jubilee Water Works.
2. Continuation of the building of Shri Surajkunverba Dharamshala.
3. Construction of new quarters for residence in Bansda town.

A new Steam Roller was purchased during the year for the purposes of the roads of the State.

70. The means of communication between Bansda and Partapnagar, a distance of 12 miles, is by a metalled road which is in good condition.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE

71. The revenue or financial year of the State begins on the 1st day of August and ends on the 31st day of July. The land revenue of the State is collected from the ryots in two equal instalments, the one in January and the other in March.

72. The gross revenue of the State during the year under report was Rs. 4,79,101 against Rs. 5,07,111 in the year preceding; and the gross expenditure of the State was Rs. 6,06,619 against 4,98,817 in the year preceding, showing a decrease of Rs. 28,010 in the gross receipts and an increase of Rs. 1,07,802 in gross expenditure.

INCOME.

73. The decrease in the land revenue appears to be due to arrears of the past years' revenue of a less amount than those remitted in the last year being written off during the year, necessitating consequent adjustment in the account. There is not a real decrease in the revenue.

74. The increase under the head of Abkari revenue is partly due to more consumption of liquor and partly to the recovery of arrears of the license fees.

75. The decrease under the head of interest on loans is due to less interest being recovered during the year, owing to the death of the late Raja Saheb, letters of administration to whose estate could not be obtained during the year.

76. The decrease under the head of giras is due to less giras being recovered on account of the delay on the part of the Baroda State to enter the name of the present Raja Saheb on its record in place of the late Raja Saheb.

EXPENDITURE.

77. The general increase in expenditure during the year under review is due to the two grand and auspicious occasions of the installation of the present Raja Saheb on the Gadi of his ancestors and the Imperial Coronation Durbar held by His Most Glorious Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor at Delhi, as also to the funeral and religious expenses in connection with the death of the late Raja Saheb, and the payment of the bills relating to the marriage ceremony of the present Raja Saheb and his brother which took place during the previous year.

78. The increase under the head of Abkari is due to the dear price of mowrah flowers during the year under review.

79. The increase under the head of Library is due to more new books for the library being purchased during the year.

80. The increase under the head of cash allowance and temple servants is due partly to the arrears of the past year's allowances being paid during the year and partly to the assignment of the revenue of seven villages of the State to the Kumar Sahebs.

81. The increase under the head of ferries is due to a new boat being purchased during the year.

82. The increase under the head of water works is due to new machinery being purchased in connection with the Shri Pratap Silver Jubilee Water Works.

83. The increase under the head of education is due to the employment of more new servants in the educational department.

84. The reasons for the increase or decrease in other heads are apparent and call for no explanatory remarks.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS.

85. There are two medical institutions in the State, namely the Ratankunverba Hospital and the Travelling Dispensary with its head-quarters at Pratapnagar. The Ratankunverba Hospital is under the charge of an experienced L. M. & S. of the Bombay University. The Travelling Dispensary

has been placed during the year under review under the charge of an L. R. C. P. & L. R. C. S. of the Edinburgh University. A trained Nurse and Mid wife has been employed in the Ratankunverba Hospital in the year under report.

86. The number of patients treated in the Ratankunverba Hospital during the year under review was 30,129 against 22,933 in the year preceding. The daily average attendance of the patients in the Hospital was 82·5 against 62·8 in the year preceding.

87. The Travelling Dispensary at Pratapnagar treated 4,791 patients during the year against 1,830 in the year preceding. The daily average attendance of patients in the Travelling Dispensary was 13·12 against 7·6 in the year preceding.

88. 4 major operations and 127 minor operations were performed in the Ratankunverba Hospital during the year against nil and 109 respectively in the year preceding.

89. The cost of the medical establishments, medicines &c., during the year was Rs. 8,339 against 7,881 in the previous year.

90. The chief diseases prevalent in the State during the year were malaria, diarrhœa, dysentry, rheumatism, bronchitis and worms &c.

91. There was no plague, cholera nor any epidemic disease in the State during the year under report.

92. The medical institutions in the State are all charitable, and medicine is supplied to the people free of charge.

93. The Hospital was visited as usual by the Raja Saheb and the Dewan. Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, the Political Agent also visited it and was pleased with the working thereof. The Hospital is well supplied with all useful medicines, and the instruments &c., therein are well stocked, clean and in proper working order.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

94. The number of births and deaths recorded during the year were 1,067 and 934 respectively against 983 and 739 in the year preceding. Every precaution is taken to ensure accurate registration of the Births and Deaths in the State.

VACCINATION

95. There is one Vaccinator in the State. He performed 1,320 operations during the year against 1,557 in the year preceding. Of these 1,273 were successful and 47 failed against 1,537 and 20 respectively in the year preceding. The expenditure of the department during the year was Rs. 409 against Rs. 357 in the year preceding.

VETERINARY DISPENSARY:

96. The number of animals treated during the year in the Veterinary dispensary was 327 against 247 in the year preceding.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

97. There are 14 schools in the State, of which 4 are in Bansda town *viz.* the Gulabsinhji A. V. School, the Taluka School, the Girls' School and the Swarupkunverba Urdu School. The remaining ten schools are in the following ten villages :—

Chapaldhara, Pratapnagar, Sindhai, Wandervella, Andhatri, Moti Valzer, Bhinar, Khanpore, Limzer and Lakhavadi.

A class is attached to the Urdu school in the Bansda town to impart education to Mahomedan girls, and a class is also attached to the Chapaldhara school for the education of the girls of that village. In addition to these schools there is a Pathshala called the Himat-Kunverba Pathshala, where religious education is imparted to boys of the Brahmin caste.

98. The Gulabsinhji Anglo-Vernacular School teaches students up to Standard VI. A graduate of the Bombay University is the Head-master of the Anglo-Vernacular school. The Taluka school, the Chapaldhara school, and the Sindhai School teach vernacular superior standards while the other schools teach vernacular inferior standards.

99. The total number of students receiving education in all the schools during the year was 636 against 637 in the year preceding, and their daily average attendance was 402 against 425 in the year preceding. The monthly average attendance was 632 against 420.6 in the year preceding.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

100. Five scholarships were awarded during the year to students for the following purposes, namely one as in the previous year to the student who is studying in the Elphinstone College, one to enable study in the Agricultural College, Poona, one to enable study in the seventh standard, one to prosecute study in the Arts school at Navsari, and one to a female to study in the Female Training College at Baroda.

101. The total cost of the Educational Department during the year was Rs. 7,373 against Rs. 6,787 in the previous year.

FREE EDUCATION.

102. In order to perpetuate the memory of the deceased Shri Swarupkunverba, Rani Saheb of the late revered Raja Saheb, the education throughout the State is imparted free.

103. The third Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Surat Sub-Division, inspected the schools of the State in the month of February 1912, and in his report to the Deputy Educational Inspector, he makes the following remarks regarding the care evinced by the Raja Saheb in the furtherance and development of education in the State :—

"His Highness the Maharaja Saheb takes great interest in these schools, and is always ready to give encouragement to deserving masters. His Highness is for the present devising schemes of making the schools popular in the villages, and thus spreading education among the masses. The princes and the officers of the State also follow the example set by His Highness, and it is not too much to hope that the State schools will now show signs of progress."

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

104. The number of wild animals destroyed during the year were 6 against 11 in the previous year. Among those destroyed were 3 panthers which were shot by the Raja Saheb himself, one zarak and two alligators. One panther was caught alive in a trap cage expressly set for the purpose.

The amount of rewards given for their destruction was Rs. 68 against Rs. 59 in the preceding year.

Library.

105. There is a free library in Bansda town, namely the Gulabsinhji Library, established by the late lamented Raja Saheb in the name of his revered father. The Library is maintained at the expense of the State, and by gift of books, newspapers &c. from the State. The total expenditure of the library during the year was Rs. 960 against Rs. 203 in the previous year.

Post Office.

106. There are two post offices in the State, one in Bansda town and the other at Pratapnagar.

Telegraph Office.

107. There is no telegraph office in the State, when required telegrams are despatched from Billimora Station. During the year under review correspondence has been opened to begin soon the construction of a telegraph line on the Billimora-Sara Railway line in order to enable a telegraph line to be laid down from one of the stations on the Billimora Sara Railway line to Bansda town. It is hoped that this will take place shortly.

Telephone.

108. The State had opened in the last year telephone lines between Bansda and Partapnagar, a distance of 12 miles, and between different State buildings in Bansda town. The use of the Telephone is restricted to the State's own purposes. It is in good working order.

Transit Duty.

109. No transit duty is levied in the State.

Records.

110. There is a separate record room in the State under the supervision of a record-keeper. The records are well kept and arranged in regular order.

Conclusion.

111. In surveying the events of the year it may be stated that with the exception of the unfortunate and melancholy sudden demise of the late Raja Saheb Maharaul Shri Pratapsinhji, and the slight deficiency of the rainfall during the latter part of the monsoon season, the administrative progress of the State has been entirely satisfactory. The new Raja Saheb has already shown himself to be a capable ruler, understanding fully the needs of his ryots, whose welfare and amelioration engage all his attention. He has introduced great regularity and a sense of duty in all the departments of the State. The grand and auspicious occasion of the Imperial Coronation Durbar at Delhi evoked a spontaneous wave of great enthusiasm and loyalty towards Their Imperial Majesties, which spread throughout the whole State among all the subjects and the authorities of the State, demonstrating that deep in the hearts of the people and the authorities of the State lies a sentiment of undying loyalty and devotion to the British Imperial Crown.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDICES.

Appendix I.

NAMES of HIGH OFFICIALS in the BANSDA STATE, showing changes in personnel during the year 1911–1912.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Mr. Phirozsha N. Billimoria, B. A., LL. B., Solicitor ...	Dewan,	1st August 1911.	31st July 1912.	
Mr. Pranshanker D. Pathak, L. C. E....	Huzur Personal Assistant.	Do.	Do.	
Mr. Lalbhai Morarji Desai...	Naib Dewan.	Do.	11th July 1912.	
Mr. Amritlal Vardhman Modi, M. A., LL. B.	Do.	12th July 1912.	31st July 1912.	
Mr. Wamanrao B. Mohile, L. M., & S.	Chief Medical Officer.	1st August 1911.	Do.	
Mr. Lalbhai Morarji Desai...	Palace Officer,	12th July 1912.	Do.	
Mr. Krishnaji Laxman Gokhle, B. A., L. L. B.	Nyayadhish.	8th July 1912.	Do.	
Mr. Padamji Ardeshir Dastoor, L. R. C. P. & L. R. C. S....	Medical Officer,	15th April 1912.	Do.	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix II.

LIST of LAWS in force in the BANSDA STATE.

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1. Civil Procedure	Yes.		The Laws are in force in the Bansda State with due regard to the customs of the State, and the condition of the ryots.
2. Criminal Procedure ...			
3. Evidence Act			
4. Contract Act			
5. Abkari Act			
6. Opium Act			
7. Forest Act			
8. *Cattle* Trespass Act ...			
9. Penal Code			
10. Land Revenue Code ...			
11. Jail Act			
12. Village Police Act ...			
13. District Police Act ...			
14. Postal Act			
15. Gambling Act			
16. Stamp Act	Yes, with some modifications.		
17. Registration Act ...			
18. Limitation Act			
19. Explosive Act			

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix III.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1911–1912.

Arm of Service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of Force at the end of the current year.							Remarks.
	At the end of the last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.				Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	
			Died.	Invalid.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*Nil.*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	There is no regular Military Force, but there are 33 Sowars, who serve as Police Sowars, and escorts &c. There is a Party of 26 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury Guards and are included in the Police.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IV.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE and EDUCATION of the POLICE for the year 1911-1912.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Inspector	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Inspector of Police	...	.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Chief Constable	1	40		.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	
Head Constables	20	8 to 39	Rs. 16,237	.....	1	1	.....	.....	6	1	
Constables	106	8 & under		.....	23	6	4	.....	34	.....	
Total ...	127	.....	.....	.....	24	7	5	.....	41	1	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911–1912.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions. (Columns 4 & 5).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Bansda	27	48	33	72	34	72	28	72	5	1	85	98	82	98	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and AMOUNT RECOVERED in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911-1912.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Bansda	225	339	147	338	65·15	99·7	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number of

during the year

Description of Offence.	Number of Offences.			Number of cases disposed of during 1911-1912.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1911-1912.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Offences under the Abkari Act	...	4	4	4	...	6	5
False charge of offence made with intent to injure	...	1	1	...	1	1	...
Offering gifts in consideration of screening offender	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Defiling a place of worship with intent to insult religion of any class of persons	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Attempt to murder	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Attempt to commit suicide	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
Voluntarily causing hurt	2	58	60	60	...	91	17
Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Voluntarily causing grievous hurt...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Voluntarily causing hurt to extort confession or information or to compel restoration, &c.	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
Assault or use of criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Assault or use of criminal force to a woman with intent to outrage her modesty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Theft...	...	13	13	13	...	30	30
Theft in a building...	1	7	8	8	...	13	13
Theft by a servant of property in possession of master or employer	...	4	4	4	...	5	5
Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property or converting it to one's own use	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
Criminal breach of trust	...	5	5	5	...	5	3
Criminal breach of trust by public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Dishonestly receiving stolen property knowing it to be stolen...	...	4	4	4	...	9	9
Cheating	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
Mischief	...	3	3	3	...	3	...
House trespass	...	1	1	1	...	2	1
Defamation	...	2	2	2	...	3	...
Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	...	19	19	18	1	26	6
Criminal intimidation	...	3	3	3	...	3	2
Other Acts	...	8	8	8	...	8	3
Total	3	147	150	148	2	222	110

VII.

cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, 1911-1912.

Number of persons Sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.											Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	17	...	17	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	5	...	3	21	...	30	...	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	5	...	8	...	...	13	...	...	...	3	6	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	1	...	3	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	7	2	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	6	...	6	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	16	...	31	62	...	110	110	...	...	14	16	3	8	2	4	...	...	1	...	...	2	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911–1912.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of the last year.	Brought to trial in 1911-1912.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
	1910-1911.	1911-1912.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the magistrate.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan's	1	2	.....	2	.....	...	...	.....	2	2	.....	...	2	.....	.....	.....	
The Naib Dewan's	1	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...	.....	1	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
The Nyayadhish's	109	145	3	70	3	143	1	.....	143	220	.....	110	108	.....	.....	2	
Total ...	111	147	3	72	3	143	1	.....	146	222	.....	110	110	.....	.....	2	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IX.

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911-1912.

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																	
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further inquiry, &c., ordered.		Pending.		Remarks.
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
The Raja Saheb	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Dewan	7	...	...	1	1	4	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	8	...	...	2	2	4	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix X.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year. Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year,									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs.	Y. M. D.	
The Dewan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	
The Naib-Dewan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	
The Nyayadhish	28	26	50	85	78	111	52	94	26	17	2,192 7 10	2	80	3	82	3	...	...	...	1	41	9	43	3,371 14 1	0-1-7	
Totals ...	28	26	50	85	78	111	52	94	26	17	2,192 7 10	2	80	3	82	3	...	...	...	1	41	9	43	3,371 14 1		

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XI.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for executions of decrees, 1911–1912.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for the present year. 1911-12.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			Remarks.
	1910-1911.	1911-1912.		1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Value for the present year.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Value for the present year.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Value for the present year.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Value for the present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
The Dewan	1	1	3499 0 0	...	...	.....	1	1	3,499 0 0	...	...	.....	1	1	3,499 0 0	...	...	1	
The Naib Dewan ...	1	1	1540 0 0	...	...	.....	1	1	1,540 0 0	...	...	.....	1	1	1,540 0 0	...	...	1	
The Nyayadhish ...	343	360	18,046 4 4	52	60	917 8 6	395	420	18,963 12 10	35	72	662 4 6	360	348	18,301 8 4	38	29	281	
Total ...	345	362	23,085 4 4	52	60	917 8 6	397	422	24,002 12 10	35	72	662 4 6	362	350	23,340 8 4	38	29	283	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XII.

CIVIL—Number and results of APPEALS in CIVIL SUITS.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of.												Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Average duration.		
	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	1910-1911	1911-1912	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
The Raja Saheb ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Dewan	...	1	1	3	1	4	...	4	1	...	21-8-0	496-7-8	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0-2-11	
Total ...	...	1	1	3	1	4	...	4	1	...	21-8-0	496-7-8	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons confined in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911–1912.

Station.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	The cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-12.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda	64	9	55	32	64	5	13	12	Rs. 596	2	There was no death amongst the convicts in Jail during the year.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911-1912.

Name of State.	Nature of documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
	Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
															Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
Bansda	5	6	...	1	4	3	...	2	...	...	1	...	5	6	1,239 0 0	1,195 0 0	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XV.

STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE on account of REGISTRATION during the year 1911-1912.

DESCRIPTION.	1910-1911.			1911-1912.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage	...	.....	.....	1	47 0 0	0 4 0	
Sale	4	739 0 0	8 0 0	3	448 0 0	4 8 0	
Wills	...	.....	.....	2	700 0 0	7 0 0	
Miscellaneous	1	500 0 0	5 0 0	...	.....	.....	
Total ...	5	1,239 0 0	13 0 0	6	1195 0 0	11 12 0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVI.

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPALITY in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911–1912.

NAME	Opening balance on 1st August.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st July.	REMARKS.
		1910-1911.	1911-1912.		1910-1911.	1911-1912.		
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
Bansda	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,382 0 0	4,358 0 0	.....	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVII.

STATEMENT of RAIN-FALL during the year 1911-1912.

State.		April, 1911.	May, 1911.	June, 1911.	July, 1911.	August, 1911.	September, 1911.	October, 1911.	November, 1911.	December, 1911.	January, 1912.	February, 1912.	March, 1912.	Total.	Total of previous year.	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
Bansda ..	... ...	Inches Cents. ...	Inches Cents. ...	Inches Cents. 12·29	Inches Cents. 8 25	Inches Cents. 16·65	Inches Cents. 4·89	Inches Cents. ...	Inches Cents. 0·34	Inches Cents. ...	Inches Cents. ...	Inches Cents. ...	Inches Cents. ...	Inches Cents. 42·42	Inches Cents. 82·3	Inches Cents. 72·58	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVIII.

STATEMENT as to prices of STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS, in the BANSDA STATE.

ARTICLES.	During March, 1911.	During March, 1912.	REMARKS.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Paddy	0 12 0	1 6 0	
Juwar	0 14 0	1 10 0	
Nagli	0 14 0	1 6 0	
Kodra	0 9 0	0 10 0	
Gram	1 8 0	2 8 0	
Tuver	1 1 0	1 8 0	
Wheat	2 8 0	2 8 0	
Urad	1 5 0	1 8 0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIX.

EXPENDITURE on PUBLIC WORKS, during the year 1911-1912.

Description of work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	
Roads	.....	16,909	16,909	.....	.....	.....	16,909
Tanks, Wells, and Bunds	.....	166	166	.....	.....	.....	166
Dharamshalas and Temples	108	492	600	.....	.....	.....	600
School Buildings	.....	79	79	.....	.....	.....	79
Palaces	.....	1,401	1,401	.....	.....	.....	1,401
Public Offices	.....	110	110	.....	.....	.....	110
Stables for horses &c.	491	3,935	4,426	.....	.....	.....	4,426
Utaras	2,382	2,315	4,697	.....	.....	.....	4,697
Distillery	.....	913	913	.....	.....	.....	913
Garden Bungalows	.....	1,412	1,412	.....	.....	.....	1,412
Quarters for new settlers	5,956	1,927	7,883	.....	.....	.....	7,883
Guest House	.....	1,195	1,195	.....	.....	.....	1,195
Jail Building	.....	76	76	.....	.....	.....	76
Cattle Pounds	.....	229	229	.....	.....	.....	229
Store House	.....	695	695	.....	.....	.....	695
Dispensary	.....	80	80	.....	.....	.....	80
Library	.....	15	15	.....	.....	.....	15
Wharf on the Pratapnagar River	109	.....	109	.....	.....	.....	109
Tools and Plants	95	.....	95	.....	.....	.....	95
Establishment	3,417	.....	3,417	.....	.....	.....	3,417
Total	12,558	31,949	44,507	.....	.....	.....	44,507

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XX.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911–1912.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding.	Load carrying	
Bansda	1911–12	15,233	11,225	1,268	2,365	91	65	5	...	6,730	5,606	11	172	954	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXI.

STATEMENT showing the EXCISE SHOPS and EXCISE REVENUE of BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911-12.

Name of State.	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Toddy.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Bansda	65	2,53,554-1-8	2	165-0-0	2	27-0-0	8	1,803-0-0	77	2,55,549-1-8	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXII.

STATEMENT showing RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS of the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1911-12.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1910-1911.	A. D. 1911-1912	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening Balance...	.....	10,27,155	.....	.....
1	Land Revenue... Actual collection..	1,20,242	1,09,939	.....	10,303
	Land Revenue... Adjustments ...	25,833	23,274	.....	2,559
		40,935	32,732	.....	8,203
2	Forest	2,46,373	2,62,594	16,221	.....
3	Abkari-Liquor	8,601	8,476	.....	125
4	Do. Toddy	91	378	287	.....
5	Do. Bhang-ganja	900	1,046	146	.....
6	Magisterial fines, &c.	12,392	2,148	.. ...	10,244
7	Interest on Loans, &c.	174	364	190	.....
8	Opium	3,672	279	.. ...	3,393
9	Giras	3,728	4,002	274	.....
10	Tolls	9	14	5	.....
11	Ferries	1,693	1,267	.....	426
12	Rent of houses	175	230	55	.....
13	Rent of estates outside the State ...	3,005	3,272	267	.....
14	Miscellaneous	13	11	.....	2
15	Registration of documents	318	823	505	.....
16	Pratapniwas Garden	214	748	534	.....
17	Jail...	171	309	138	.....
18	Cattle pounds	31,887	17,208	.....	14,679
19	Rewards and Chandla	1,103	1,535	432	.....
20	Stamp sales	.....	302	302	.....
21	Sale of houses	1,959	4,183	2,224	.. ...
22	Sale of animals	245	1,050	805	.....
23	Sale of furniture...	1,649	131	.....	1,518
24	Soap-making establishment	1,729	546	.. ...	1,183
25	Sindhai Plantation	.....	2,240	2,240	.....
26	Bansda water works				

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1910-1911.	A. D. 1911-1912.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Medical	7,881	8,339	458	.. ...
2	Forest	3,666	4,176	510	.....
3	Abkari	82,945	1,01,657	18,712	.....
4	Vaccination	357	409	52	.....
5	Library	203	960	757	.....
6	Police and other guards	16,783	16,237	.....	546
7	Paga and Stables	46,455	45,274	.....	1,181
8	Cattle pounds	4	15	11	.....
9	Jail	280	596	316	.....
10	Cash allowance and temple servants...	12,244	24,966	12,722	.....
11	Ferries	188	595	407	.....
12	Tolls	616	595	.....	21
13	Public Works	40,324	44,507	4,183	.....
14	Dewan Katcheri	4,386	6,172	1,786	.....
15	Naib Dewan's Office	7,862	7,906	44	.....
16	Collecting Establishment	9,673	8,964	.....	709
17	Education...	6,787	7,373	586	.....
18	Pratapniwas Garden charges	2,158	2,156	.....	2
19	Municipality	4,382	4,358	.....	24
20	Contingent charges	1,869	2,514	645	.....
21	Printing charges...	404	1,218	814	.....
22	Loss and wastage	209	182	.....	27
23	Remissions	19,859	10,163	.....	9,696
24	Income tax on loans, &c.	337	7	.....	330
25	Miscellaneous	5,518	6,942	1,424	.....
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	50	68	18	.. ...
27	Railway fares, Bhatha &c.	7,671	6,714	.....	957
28	Purchase of Jewels for Rajasaheb, &c.	10,371	2,242	.....	8,129
29	Rewards and Chandlas	8,514	3,770	.....	4,744
30	Dewasthan Dharmada	2,435	2,076	.. ...	359
31	Festivals	2,421	930	.....	1,491
32	Palace Establishments	12,522	13,781	1,259	.....
33	Pocket expenses of Raja Saheb, Ranisaheb, &c.	26,101	23,003	.....	3,098
34	Purchase of clothing for Rajasaheb, &c.	9,442	6,340	.....	3,102
35	Purchase of furniture	4,745	5,948	1,203	.....
36	Kitchen	4 714	6,331	1,617	.....
37	Guests, &c.	1,397	2,386	989	.....
38	House and Land purchased in Billimora	1,968	7,781	5,813	.....

Appendix XXIII.

STATEMENT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1911–1912.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Results of patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
The Ratnakunverba Hospital.	28,849	1,280	5,643	1,331	5	79	Rs. 8,339	82.5	
The Travelling Dispensary ...	4,791	.....	4,791	.....	.....	.....		13.12	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXIV.

VITAL STATISTICS of the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1911-1912.

NAME.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.				REMARKS.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		1910–11.	1911–12.			1910–11.	1911–12.			1910–11.	1911–12.	1910–11.	1911–12.	
Bansda State ...	44,594	983	1,067	84	...	739	934	195	...	24	24	18.	21	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXV.

***PARTICULARS** as to the SCHOOLS MAINTAINED by the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1911–1912.*

Number of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1910-1911.	1911-1912.		1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Bansda A. V. School ...	68	69	51·9	65				
2	2	Bansda Taluka School ...	127	129	71·3	85				
3	3	Bansda Urdu School ...	67	70	57·6	43				
4	4	Bansda Girls' School ...	59	62	29·3	37				
5	5	Sindhai „	51	53	46·2	40				
6	6	Chapaldhara „	58	49	32·5	27				
7	7	Andhatri „	27	42	17·5	18				
8	8	Bhinar „	23	24	15·8	12			Rs. 7,373	
9	9	Moti-Valzer „	14	13	6·2	6				
10	10	Wandervela „	26	25	14·7	15				
11	11	Pratapnagar „	36	26	21·	16				
12	12	Lakhavadi „	20	22	14·5	13				
13	13	Limzer „	19	20	12	10				
14	14	Khanpur „	42	32	35	25				
		Total ...	637	636	425·5	402				

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

HUZUR OFFICE, BANSDA,
31st August, 1913.

To,

MAHARAUL SHRI INDRASINHJI PRATAPSINHJI,
Raja Saheb, Bansda State.

RESPECTED SIR,

I respectfully beg to submit herewith the Annual Administration Report of the Bansda State, for the year ending 31st July, 1913.

I beg to remain,
Respected Sir,
Your most obedient and faithful servant,
PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

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ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE, SURAT AGENCY,

For the year 1912-1913, ending with 31st July, 1913.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

1. The State of Bansda is bounded on the North by the Mahuva and Vyara talukas of the Baroda State, on the South by the Dharampur State, on the East by the Dangs, the Surgana State and the Kalvan taluka of the Nasik Collectorate and on the West by the Chikhli taluka of the Surat Collectorate and the Dharampur State. The area of the State is 215 square miles. According to the census taken in 1911 its population is 44,594 souls. The gross revenue of the State calculated on an average of the last five years is Rs. 4,74,890. The State pays an annual tribute of Rs. 153-8-0 to the British Government.

Area, Population, Tribute and Revenue.

2. *Ruling Chief.*—The ruling Chief of the State is Maharaul Shri Indrasinhji Pratapsinhji Rajasaheb. He has attained the age of 25 years, is a Solanki Rajput of the Wansadia family and Shaiv by religion. The Rajasaheb is entitled to a salute of 9 guns. The system of primogeniture is observed in the State, and it has got a Sanad from the British Government authorising adoption. The Rajasaheb has been married to Kunveri of the Thakore Saheb of Mansa.

3. Kumars Shri Pravinsinhji and Shri Kishorsinhji are brothers of the Rajasaheb. Their relations with the Rajasaheb are very cordial and harmonious.

4. Kumar Shri Natversinhji the late lamented brother of the Rajasaheb was to be sent, as mentioned in the last year's report, to England during this year to further prosecute his studies there, and he had proceeded to Bombay in October last to make preparations there prior to his departure for England, but he suddenly contracted there symptoms of choleric diarrhœa, and in spite of all endeavours under the able medical treatment of Dr. Row, M. D. and Dr. Sir Bhalchandra, he breathed his last on the morning of the 15th October 1912. He was a very promising youth of only 17 years and very high hopes were entertained of a bright and prominent future career for him, but they were all dashed to the ground by his sudden and premature demise. His loss is deeply mourned by all.

5. *Political Relations.*—The political relations with the British Government and other Native States remained cordial and harmonious as ever.

6. *Important Events.*—On receipt of the news of the cowardly attempt on the life of His Excellency Lord Hardinge, the Viceroy of India, by the throwing of a bomb at the time of the State Entry at Delhi in December 1912, much horror and indignation at the perpetrators of the act were felt throughout the whole State, and telegrams were despatched by the State expressing abhorrence at the crime and praying for His Excellency's speedy recovery. A meeting of the ladies was held at Bansda town under the presidentship of the Ranisaheb, where the Ranisaheb in her speech expressed great abhorrence at the dastardly deed. Sympathy was expressed by all present with Her Excellency Lady Hardinge in her sad trial. On the complete recovery of His Excellency Lord Hardinge from the effect of his wound a general holiday was observed in the State; and all the school children were feted with sweetmeats, and portraits of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Hardinge were distributed to them.

Delhi Outrage Condemned.

7. On the occasion of the birthday anniversary of H. I. M. the King Emperor George V on the 3rd June 1913, a parade was held in the Darbar ground of the mounted and foot police of the State. Feu-de-joie was fired. The State Band played the National Anthem. A durbar was held in which all the officers and respectable citizens of the State assembled. The day was observed as a general holiday in the public offices and schools, while sweetmeats were distributed to the school children and the poor.

8. The acting Political Agent Mr. W. O. Alcock with Mr. A. Master the Assistant Collector came to Bansda on the 6th April 1913 and started therefrom on the 8th April 1913 for the Dangs to attend the annual Durbar there. During their stay here they visited the public institutions of the State and were pleased with the working thereof.

9. His Highness the Nawab Saheb of Radhanpur State visited this State on the 15th April 1913 and stayed here till the 25th April 1913. During his stay here he in company with the Rajasaheb went on a shooting excursion. The cordial relations of old standing subsisting between the two States were much cemented by this friendly visit of the Nawab Saheb.

10. The Rajasaheb with his family went to Mahabaleshwar from Bansda on the 28th April 1913 and returned to Bansda on the 6th June 1913. During his stay there the Rajasaheb paid a visit to His Excellency the Governor Lord Willingdon, and the Ranisaheb paid a visit to Her Excellency Lady Willingdon. A donation of Rs. 2,500 was made to the Hindu Gymkhana by the Rajasaheb.

11. An Exhibition of Agricultural products and implements was held in Bansda town in January 1913, in order to demonstrate to the ryots the benefits to be derived by the adoption of new implements and new crops of vigorous growth. It was largely attended by agriculturists. Various kinds of new and good agricultural products were exhibited, while the benefits of using new kinds of ploughs and other implements, and contrivances for drawing water &c. were demonstrated by actually working them on the fields

adjacent to the exhibition grounds. The successful competitors at the Exhibition were awarded suitable prizes at the hands of Mrs. Anderson, wife of the Political Agent, on the 4th February 1913.

CHANGES IN THE PERSONNEL.

12. During the year under report there was no change in the personnel of officers.

CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE.

13. The Hindu population of the State is divided into two classes, namely, the Kaliparaj or the aboriginal classes, and the Ujaliats such as Brahmins, Rajputs, Banias, Prabhus, Kunbis and Kolies. Amongst the Ujaliats the Brahmins, Rajputs, Banias and Prabhus are persons of means, whilst the others are not so well off. The Parsees are intelligent and good cultivators and are for the most part farmers of the various liquor and toddy shops of the State. Their condition is generally good. The Mahomedans are hard-working and are mostly employed in cultivating lands or in the service of the State; their condition is generally fair.

14. The rain during the year under review was in sufficient quantity and the condition of the people was, therefore, prosperous and good owing to the abundance of the crops. But in spite of this abundance the phenomenon of the general rise of prices of food and agricultural products observed all over the world was visible here also. The wages of labourers also showed some signs of increase, and labour was to be had with great difficulty.

15. The Kaliparaj classes of the State are in a very backward condition and generally illiterate, in spite of all endeavours on the part of the State to educate them free of any expense. For their agricultural needs the State is in the habit of advancing loans to them on very easy terms as to interest, and sometimes even without any interest, in order that they may not have to resort for their wants to sowkars who would mercilessly charge them heavy interest taking advantage of their ignorance and simple nature. The State also gives to them forest wood free of charge or at very nominal rates for the construction of their huts or for their agricultural implements. In addition to free education, whenever any among them is found sufficiently educated he is given encouragement by way of a scholarship for further study, or he is given preference in State service. The State uses every means in its power to ameliorate the condition of this class and to educate them out of their ignorance.

16. During the year under report there was neither plague nor any epidemic disease.

17. The Rajasaheb personally visited several villages of the State and inquired from the ryots their condition, their needs and the improvements which they required for their villages.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

18. The total area of the land comprised in the state is 1,37,912 acres and 11 gunthas. It is divided as mentioned below—

Surveyed–land.	Acres.	Gunthas.
Culturable land...	74,069	28
Forest reserves...	53,007	3
Unculturable waste land or kharabo	6,611	27
Total ...	1,33,688	18
Unsurveyed land of alienated villages	4,223	33
Grand Total ...	1,37,912	11

19. The progress of cultivation was as below—

	Acres.	Gunthas.
Land cultivated	46,125	33
Culturable land remained waste	27,943	35
Land taken up for cultivation during the year	4,947	22
Land relinquished	2,826	25

20. The survey and settlement of the State lands have been completed long since. The rates of assessment of lands are reasonable and do not fall at all heavily on the ryots. Owing to the malarious climate, the hilly nature of the country and distance from the railway, a large part of the culturable land remains waste. Efforts are made to induce new settlers to take up land by giving waste lands on special favourable tenure, by granting takavi on easy terms and by giving timber free of any charge for building houses and for agricultural implements. The percentage of waste lands to the whole culturable area during the year was 37.

21. Revenue accounts are kept in the system similar to that prescribed in Hope's Manual of Revenue Accounts.

TAKAVI ADVANCES.

22. Rs. 2,458 were advanced for the following purposes :—

Land Improvement.	Bullocks.	Houses.	Wells.	Seeds, Labour &c.	Total.
300	517	300	...	1,341	2,458

BOUNDARY DISPUTES.

23. There was no dispute as to boundary with any of the neighbouring States during the year under review.

REMISSIONS.

24. Remissions of Rs. 5,486 were granted to the ryots during the year.

JAMABANDI.

25. The Rajasaheb with the Dewan made the Jamabandi. Revenue accounts were carefully examined and were found satisfactory.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION AND LEGISLATION.

26. During the year under report there was no change in the laws of the State. The administration of justice is carried on according to the spirit of laws prevailing in the British territory with such slight changes as are necessitated on account of the condition of the people and the customs prevailing in the State.

27. There is no regular military force in the State. There are 32 sowars. They perform duties as mounted police and escorts. There are also 15 Arabs in the service of the State. They serve as Palace and Treasury guards. The Arabs are included in the Police force.

DISTRICT POLICE.

28. The organization, discipline and duties of the police of the State are similar to those prevailing in the adjoining British districts. The Police Superintendent is the head of the Police Department. To drill the police a trained British pensioner has been employed. The strength of the police including sowars and Arabs was 157. The number was sufficient to maintain order and detect crimes. The total cost of the police was Rs. 15,289 against Rs. 16,237 in the year preceding.

29. Full details as to the strength and the working of the police are given in the Appendices IV, V, VI and VII. The number of offences during the year was less than that of the preceding year. The percentage of the amount recovered of stolen property during the year was less, as in the month of July last a theft of the amount of Rs. 283 was committed which is under investigation.

30. *Village Police.*—The village police maintains order in the villages of the State, and assists the District Police in its work. Powers under the Village Police Act have not been granted to any Police Patel.

31. The ryots of the State being peaceful and law-abiding, there were no cases of heinous crimes such as murder, infanticide, outlawry, rape etc. The common offences are petty thefts.

32. The proportion of	1911–12.	1912–13.
Crimes to population	1 to 922	1143
Police (exclusive of mounted) to population	1 to 278	356
Police (exclusive of mounted) to area in square miles	1 to 1·3	1·7

33. During the year under review there were 2 fires against 7 in the preceding year, causing a loss of Rs. 670 against Rs. 7,578 in the preceding year. Timber of the value of Rs. 1,382 was granted free to the persons whose houses were burnt last year in order to enable them to build new houses.

34. There were 27 accidental deaths during the year on account of the following causes.

Drowning.	Falling into a well.	Snake biting.	Falling from trees.	Suicide.	Accidents.	Total.
6	2	7	5	3	4	27

35. *Abkari Police.*—For the prevention and detection of Abkari offences a separate Abkari Police under the Abkari Inspector is maintained. There was no Abkari offences during the year under report.

36. During the year the Police held 27 inquests, 3 of which were in connection with suicides and the remaining in connection with deaths caused by accidents.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

37. The number and constitution of the Criminal Courts in the State remained the same as in the last year.

Original Courts.

1. Nyayadhish or First Class Magistrate.
2. Revenue Commissioner or First Class Magistrate.
3. Dewan's Sessions Court.

Appellate Courts.

1. The Dewan's Sessions Court.
2. Huzur or Rajasaheb's Court, the highest Court of Appeal.

38. Criminal cases dealt with :—

No. of Criminal Cases.		No. of Persons dealt with.				
		No. of accused persons.	Persons disposed of.			
			Convicted.	Acquitted or Discharged.	Remained under trial.	
1911-12	1912-13					
150	138	257	74	168	15	No case was committed to the Sessions for trial.

39. The percentage of persons convicted to persons tried was 30·5 against 50 in the previous year.

40. No. of accused persons sentenced to

1 Imprisonment for a term exceeding six months.

22 —Do— under six months.

51 Only fined.

No person was sentenced to death and no one was subjected to whipping.

41. The amount of fines inflicted during the year was Rs. 426 against Rs. 1,678 in the year preceding and the amount of Rs. 390 was recovered against Rs. 1,313 in the previous year.

APPEALS.

42. There was one appeal in the Huzur Court and 3 appeals in the Dewan's Court, all of which were disposed of.

EXTRADITION.

43. Accused persons surrendered to the State :—

By whom surrendered.	No. of accused.	Offence committed.	
The Dang Dewan ...	5	379 I. P. C.	
Dharampur State ...	1	457, 380 and 224 I.P.C.	

44. One accused was surrendered by the State to the Second Class Magistrate, Vyara, for committing an offence under section 380 of the Indian Penal Code.

PRISON.

45. There is one jail in the State in Bansda town. The jail building is a nice one with a garden surrounding it. It has sufficient accommodation for the undertrial as well as the convicted prisoners. The building is large and commodious. During the year there were 38 prisoners against 64 in the previous year ; of these 12 were from the last year and 26 were admitted in the year. The daily average number of prisoners was 8 against 13 in the preceding year. The total cost of maintaining the jail, exclusive of the cost of the Police guards was Rs. 596 during the year against the same amount in the year preceding.

46. The Chief Medical Officer of the State is the Superintendent of the jail. The Jail is visited at intervals by the Rajasaheb, the Dewan and other officers. The sanitary arrangements of the Jail are satisfactory.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

47. For civil jurisdiction in the State there are 3 original and 2 appellate Courts. 106 civil suits were filed during the year against 85 in the year preceding. At the end of the previous year 17 cases were on the file. The total number of suits for hearing was 123, of which 113 were disposed of and 10 remained at the end of the year. The total value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 4,722 against Rs. 2,192 in the preceding year.

EXECUTION OF DECREES.

48. 350 decrees were pending at the close of the last year and 31 were received during the year under report, making a total of 381, of which 161 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 220 at the close of the year. Owing to to the poor condition of the people the decrees are executed by instalments.

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATIONS.

49. No miscellaneous application was received or disposed of during the year under report.

CIVIL APPEALS.

50. During the year under report one appeal was filed in the Huzur Court and one was filed in the Dewan's Court. The appeal in the Huzur Court was disposed of. The appeal in the Dewan's Court was received at the close of the year; consequently it is pending.

REGISTRATION.

51. During the year under report 17 documents of the value of Rs. 16,785 were registered against 6 documents of the value of Rs. 1195. The documents were as stated below—

Mortgages.	Sales.	Wills.	Gifts.	Total.
2	11	3	1	17

The revenue derived from this source was Rs. 110-10 against Rs. 11-12 last year.

MUNICIPALITY.

52. In the State there is one Municipality in Bansda town. According to the Census of 1911 the population of the town is 3,543. The total expense of the Municipality, Rs. 5,993 against Rs. 4,358 in the year preceding, was given by the State. No tax is levied from the public. The Municipal Secretary supervises the work. Necessary establishment for conservancy, lighting, watering roads and extinguishing fires is employed. The Chief Medical Officer of the State looks after the sanitation of the town. There are three fire engines to extinguish fire. Water for watering roads is supplied from the pumping station near the Kaveri river in Bansda town. The Bansda Shri Pratapsinhji Silver Jubilee Water Works supplies water to the houses of the town by means of pipes and water connections.

CHAPTER IV.

AGRICULTURE.

53. There was sufficient rain during the year and the crop was abundant, but the prices of food stuffs remained nearly the same as before.

54. The total area of the State land under cultivation during the year under report was 46,125 acres, 33 gunthas against 44,044 acres, and 8 gunthas in the preceding year. Of these 36,397 acres were Jarayat and 9,729 acres [illegible] Kiari.

55. During the year cotton was cultivated in 2,186 acres and 33 gunthas against 2,543 acres and 10 gunthas in the preceding year.

56. The cultivation of sugarcane is encouraged by supplying water to fields at or near Sindhai by irrigation from the Waterworks at Sindhai, adjacent to the Ambika river.

57. During the year there was sufficient fodder. The condition of the agricultural stock was good.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

58. The total rainfall during the year was 95 inches and 80 cents, against 42 inches and 42 cents in the year preceding. Rain commenced on the 14th June 1912 and ended on the 23rd November 1912. The rainfall was good.

59. *Visitation of Locusts.* There was no damage to the harvest by locusts or any insects.

60. *Temperature.*

Minimum.		Maximum.	
1911–12	1912–13	1911–12	1912–13
50	46	112	112

61. *Prices of food grains.*—The prices of food grains remained nearly the same as those of the last year.

TRADE AND MANUFACTURES.

62. The chief trade of the State consists in the exportation of grain such as rice, nagli, pulse, jowar etc. cotton, timber, bamboos and other forest products and in the importation of cloth, sugar, wheat, salt etc. The manufacture of the State consists in bamboo baskets, winnowing fans, mats of palm leaves, coarse woollen blankets and carpets.

FAIRS.

63. In the State the Fair of Deoki Unai Mata's Jatra, which is held annually in the village of Sindhai, 7 miles from Bansda town on the 15th of Chaitra Sud, is of chief interest. Close to the temple of the goddess Deoki Unai there are hot springs. The devout Hindus consider it as an act of great sanctity to bathe in the hot water springs, and for that purpose a large number of pilgrims from different parts such as Surat, Naosari, Nasik, Bombay and other places attend the fair on the above date. The Fair lasts for about a week. To preserve order and to prevent the occurrence of offences of theft etc. and also to look after the sanitation of the place, officers of various departments are sent there on the occasion.

64. On certain fixed days of the week weekly fairs known as Hatvadas are held in several villages. The people of surrounding villages barter grain and products of the forest for clothes, salt, and other articles necessary for their daily use, which they cannot obtain in their own villages.

FORESTS.

65. The area of land reserved for forest was 53,007 acres and 3 gunthas. The system of forest conservancy is similar to that prevalent in the British districts. Permission is required to cut Kamel wood, *i. e.* teak, saddo, kher, seesum, kanti, mahuda, jambuda, bamboos, etc. Excepting timbri leaves and asindra leaves no fee is charged from the ryots for cutting Rajalu trees for their domestic purposes.

66. In the Forest Department, there is one Forest Officer, one Forest Inspector, two Sajedars and several forest guards. They look after the conservation of forest, detect forest offences, prevent smuggling of forest products and collect the forest dues.

67. The income of the department was Rs. 56,859 against Rs. 32,732 in the year preceding, and the expenditure was Rs. 3,853 against Rs. 4,176 in the previous year.

68. Timber of the value of Rs. 1824 was granted free to the ryots for building houses and making implements of husbandry.

PUBLIC WORKS.

69. The total expenditure on account of public works during the year was Rs. 64,362 against Rs. 44,507 in the year preceding. During the year under report the following new works were carried out:—

1. Engine for water works.
2. Continuation of the building of Shri Surajakuverba Dharamshala.
3. Construction of new quarters for residence in Bansda town.
4. Commencement of the building of Shri Partapsinhji Silver Jubilee Town Hall.
5. Continuation of the laying out of water pipes and water connections at various places in Bansda town in connection with Shri Partapsinhji Silver Jubilee water works.
6. Construction of new Ice Machinery.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION.

70. The roads from Bansda to Pratapnagar, from Bansda to Khanpor and from Bansda to Sindhai, are metalled roads. The road from Bansda to Pratapnagar is in good condition.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

71. The revenue and financial year of the State begins from the 1st August and ends on the 31st July. Land revenue is collected in two instalments, the one in January and the other in March.

72. During the year under report the gross revenue of the State was Rs. 5,40,668 against Rs. 4,79,101 and the gross expenditure of the State was Rs. 5,34,921 against Rs. 6,06,619 in the year preceding, showing an increase

of Rs. 61,567 in the gross income and a decrease of Rs. 71,698 in the gross expenditure.

INCOME.

73. The increase in the land revenue is partly due to more land being cultivated during the year and partly due to arrears of past years' revenue being recovered this year.

74. The decrease under the head of Abkari is due to the less consumption of liquor owing to the price of liquor being increased from the year under review.

75 The increase under the head of Forest is due to more revenues being obtained this year in the auction sale of forest produce.

76. The increase in the head of interest on Government Loans is due to arrears of past years' interest being recovered during the year under report.

77. The increase in the head of Giras is due to arrears of past year's Giras being obtained during the year.

78. The decrease under the head of Chandlas and rewards is due to there being no ceremonious occasion of importance during the year under review.

79. The increase under the head of Water Works is due partly to more persons having taken water pipes in their houses during the year and partly to the increase of grinding and sawing work done there.

EXPENDITURE.

80. The increase under the head of Abkari expenses is due partly to the repairs of furnaces, partly to the expenses of the last year as to the purchase of Mowrahs etc. being paid during the year, and partly to the dear price of the Mowrah flowers.

81. The increase under the head of Water Works is due to the purchase of a new engine and boiler and other machinery for the Water Works.

82. The increase under the head of Education is due partly to an increase in the pay of teachers and partly to more scholarships being given during the year.

83. The decrease under the head of Cash Allowances and Giras is due to lapse to the State of the Jagir of Kumar Shri Natwarsinhji owing to his demise during the year.

84. The increase under the head of Municipality is due to more lamps being lighted in the various streets of Bansda town during the year.

85. The increase under the head of Public Works is due to more works of public utility being undertaken during the year.

86. The reasons for the increase or decrease in the other items are obvious and need no further explanatory remarks.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS.

87. There are two medical institutions :—

(1) The Ratankuverba Hospital in the Bansda town.

(2) The Travelling Dispensary with its head quarter at Pratapnagar.

An experienced L. M. &. S. of the Bombay University is the Chief Medical Officer, and the Ratankuverba Hospital is under his charge. The travelling dispensary was under the charge of an L. R. C. P. and L. R. C. S. of the Edinburgh University. In the Ratankuverba Hospital a trained Nurse and Midwife has been employed.

88. The total number of patients treated in the Ratankuverba Hospital during the year was 28,377 against 30,129 last year. The average daily attendance was 77·7 against 82·5.

89. The Travelling Dispensary at Pratapnagar treated 3,440 patients during the year against 4,791 in the year preceding. The daily average attendance was 9·4 against 13·12 in the year preceding,

90. There were 2 major and 101 minor operations during the year against 4 major and 127 minor operations in the last year.

91. The cost of the Medical establishments, medicines etc. during the year was Rs. 7,252 against Rs. 8,339 last year.

92. The chief diseases prevalent in the year were :—Malaria, Bronchitis, Dysentery, and Diarrhœa in adults, and capillary bronchitis, worms and Conjunctivitis in children.

93. There was no case of plague nor any epidemic disease.

94. The medical institutions are charitable and medicine is given free to the people.

95. The Hospital was visited by the Rajasaheb and the Dewan as usual. It was also visited by Mr. W. O. Alcock, the Acting Political Agent, and he was satisfied with the working thereof. Medicines, instruments etc. are well stocked, clean and in proper order.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

96. 1,147 births were registered this year against 1,067 last year, whilst the mortality was 733 against 934 in the preceding year. Every possible effort is made to ensure correct registration of births and deaths.

VACCINATION.

97. There is one vaccinator in the State. He performed 1,664 operations in the year under report against 1,320 in the year preceding. Of these 1,613 were successful and 51 failed, against 1,273 and 47 in the year preceding. The expenditure of the Department was Rs. 407 against Rs. 409 in the last year.

VETERINARY DISPENSARY.

98. The Veterinary Dispensary treated 153 animals against 327 in the preceding year.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

99. There are 14 schools in the State. The following four schools are in Bansda town :—

(1) The Gulabsinhji A. V. School.
(2) The Taluka School.
(3) The Girls' School.
(4) The Swarupkuverba Urdu School.

The remaining ten schools are in the following villages :—

1. Chapaldhara.	2. Sindhai.
3. Wandervella.	4. Andhatri.
5. Bhinar.	6. Pratapnagar.
7. Khanpor.	8. Limzar.
9. Lakhavadi.	10. Moti Valzar.

As the attendance of students at Moti Valzar was very poor, the school there was closed, and a new school is intended to be opened at Charvi—near Unai Hotsprings—during the ensuing year.

A separate class is attached to the Urdu School at Bansda town to impart education to Mahomedan girls, and a class is also attached to the village school of Chapaldhara to impart education to girls.

Besides these schools there is a Pathshala named Himatkuverba Pathshala for imparting religious education to Brahmin boys.

100. English education is imparted up to Standard V. The taluka school and the village schools of Chapaldhara and Sindhai teach Vernacular superior standards and the other schools teach Vernacular inferior standards.

101. The number of students receiving education was 643 against 636 last year. Their daily average attendance was 437 against 402, and monthly average attendance was 631 against 632 last year.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

102. 14 scholarships of the total value of Rs. 1,140 were awarded to students during the year for the following purposes :—

1 Sub-overseer's course at Poona.
1 Agricultural class at Poona.
1 Elphinstone College, Bombay.
1 Art school at Navsari.
3 Matriculation Class.
1 Female Training College at Baroda.
6 Miscellaneous scholarships in Bansda town schools.

Education is imparted free throughout the State.

103. The total cost of education during the year was Rs. 8,103 against Rs. 7,373 in the year preceding.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

104. During the year nine wild animals were destroyed against six in the previous year. Among those destroyed were five panthers, of which two were caught in a cage expressly set for the purpose, and one zarak and three alligators.

105. For the destruction of the wild animals rewards of Rs. 17 were given during the year against Rs. 68 in the preceding year.

LIBRARY.

106. In Bansda town there is a Library named Shri Gulabsinhji Library. It was established by the late Rajasaheb in the name of his revered father. No fee is charged from the public. It is conducted by the State at its own expense as a department of the State. During the year books at a cost of about Rs. 500 were purchased from the Jubilee Fund of the late Rajasaheb Maharaval Shri Pratapsinhji, and the Library has been placed in good order. The building was not commodious, and so it has been removed to another building.

Out of the Jubilee Fund of the late Rajasaheb a Town Hall is to be erected, which is now under course of construction, and the ground floor of that building is intended to be used as the Library premises. During the year the total expense was Rs. 538 against Rs. 960 in the previous year.

POST OFFICE.

107. There are two Post offices in the State, one in Bansda town and the other at Pratapnagar. The railway station at Billimora being at the distance of 29 miles from Bansda, the post at Bansda used to be carried by postal runners, and often arrived very late, especially during the monsoon, so that the post from Bansda used frequently to be despatched before the receipt of the post here. Thus the time of the postal receipt and despatch of letters was very inconvenient to the public. No one was able to send a reply to even urgent letters by the return post of the same date. To give this facility to the public the State has arranged to send the post to Billimora and to bring it thence to Bansda daily by the State's tonga at a nominal charge from the postal department.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

108. There is no telegraph office in the State. The Post office at Bansda receives telegrams and sends them with the post to Billimora—its head office. Telegrams are despatched from Billimora Post Office or the railway station. The construction of the railway station at Unai a distance of about [redacted] miles from Bansda town on the Billimora Sara Railway line which is being constructed at a very rapid pace will bring telegraphic facility soon [redacted] a very easy distance from Bansda.

TELEPHONE.

109. There are telephone lines between Bansda and Pratapnagar, a village of the State at the distance of 12 miles on the Bansda-Billimora road, and between different State buildings in Bansda town. The use of the telephone is restricted to the State's purposes only. It is in good order.

TRANSIT DUTY.

110. No transit duty is levied in the State.

RECORDS.

111. There is a separate record building in the State. It is in charge of a Record-keeper under the supervision of the Huzur Office. Records are regularly kept in good order.

CONCLUSION.

112. The year whose review is now closed was prosperous for the ryots owing to copious rains and the consequent abundance of crops. The only event to be sorry for was the unfortunate sudden and premature demise of Kumar Shri Natwarsinhji, the promising brother of the Rajasaheb at the early age of only 17 years. The Rajasaheb, having the amelioration of his ryots always at heart, devoted most of his time in studying and in personally inquiring into the condition of his subjects. His sympathetic attention for the prompt redress of any of the grievances of his subjects to whom he is easily accessible has won the hearts of all of them. He takes a very keen interest in the administrative work of the State, none of the details of which escape his careful attention; and being well educated keeps himself abreast of the times by well regulated study and reading. The sad news of the dastardly attempt on the life of His Excellency the Viceroy Lord Hardinge at the time of the State Entry in Delhi in December last evoked throughout the State sentiments of sympathy for His Excellency and Her Excellency Lady Hardinge and of admiration for the great patience and courage exhibited by His Excellency Lord Hardinge on the occasion. The feelings of abomination and indignation at the cowardly perpetrators of the act spontaneously manifested everywhere in the State, and the feelings of joy and thanksgiving at the complete recovery of His Excellency Lord Hardinge from the effects of his wound demonstrated the sincere loyalty and attachment of the whole State to the British Government.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix I.

NAMES of HIGH OFFICIALS in the BANSDA STATE, showing changes in personnel during the year 1912–1913.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period in the State Service.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Mr. Phirozsha N. Billimoria, B.A., LL.B., Solicitor ...	Dewan.	31st July 1910.	31st July 1913.	
Mr. Pranshanker D. Pathak, L. C. E.	Huzur Personal Assistant.	27th June 1907.	Do.	
Mr. Amritlal V. Modi, M.A., LL. B.	Revenue Commissioner.	12th July 1912.	Do.	
Mr. Wamanrao B. Mohile, L. M. & S.	Chief Medical Officer.	13th June 1903.	Do.	
Mr. Lalbhai M. Desai. ...	Palace Officer.	1st April 1910.	Do.	
Mr. Krishnaji L. Gokhle, B. A., LL. B.	Nyayadhish.	8th July 1912.	Do.	
Mr. Padamji A. Dastoor, L. R. C. P. & L. R. C. S. ...	Medical Officer.	15th April 1912.	Do.	
Mr. Vithal V. Chitale, L. C. E.	State Engineer.	15th June 1913.	Do.	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix II.

LIST of LAWS in force in the BANSDA STATE.

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	REMARKS.
1. Civil Procedure	Yes.		The laws are in force in the Bansda State with due regard to the customs of the State and the condition of the ryots.
2. Criminal Precedure ...			
3. Evidence Act			
4. Contract Act			
5. Abkari Act			
6. Opium Act			
7. Forest Act			
8. Cattle-Trespass Act ...			
9. Penal Code			
10. Land Revenue Code ...			
11. Jail Act...			
12. Village Police Act ...			
13. District Police Act ...			
14. Postal Act			
15. Gambling Act			
16. Stamp Act	Yes, with some modification.		
17. Registration Act ...			
18. Limitation Act			
19. Explosives Act			

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix III.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1912-1913.

Arm of Service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of Force at the end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of the last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalid.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
							Nil.							There is no regular Military force; but there are 32 sowars who serve as Police sowars and escorts etc. There is a party of 15 Arabs who serve as Palace and treasury guards and are included in the Police.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IV.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE and EDUCATION of the POLICE for the year 1912-1913.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFICE.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.								
Police Superintendent	1	65	15,289	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 *	.....	* knows English.
Chief Constable	1	35		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Head Constables	20	8 to 30		.....	4	1	3	.....	12	.....	
Constables	103	8 and under		.....	45	2	28	.....	23	2	
Total ...	125	.....		.....	49	3	31	.....	37	2	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912–1913.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 &5)		Percentage of convictions of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Bansda	48	39	72	53	72	49	72	35	1	8	98	66	98	71	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and AMOUNT RECOVERED in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912-1913.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bansda	339	724	338	236	99·7	32·5	The amount recovered is less this year as a theft was committed at the end of the year and the property stolen therein has not been recovered.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number of

during the year

Description of Offence.	Number of Offences.			Number of cases disposed of during 1912-1913.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1912-1913.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Committing affray	...	3	3	2	1	11	6
Personating a public servant	...	5	5	5	...	6	6
Intentional omission to give information of an offence by a person legally bound to inform	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
False charge of offence made with intent to injure	1	...	1	1	...	1	1
Knowingly delivering to another any counterfeit coin as genuine which when first possessed the deliverer did not know to be counterfeit	...	3	3	3	...	3	1
Being in possession of false weights or measures for fraudulent use.	...	4	4	4	...	4	4
Committing a public nuisance	...	2	2	2	...	4	3
Obscene songs	...	1	1	1	...	9	...
Attempt to commit suicide...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Voluntarily causing hurt	...	54	54	54	...	112	11
Causing hurt by an act which endangers human life	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Theft	...	9	9	7	2	14	9
Theft in a building	...	5	5	5	...	9	4
Theft by a servant of property in possession of master or employer.	...	1	1	1	...	5	4
Extortion	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property or converting it to one's own use	...	3	3	3	...	13	4
Criminal breach of trust	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
Criminal breach of trust by public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Mischief by killing, poisoning, maiming or rendering useless any animal of the value of 10 rupees or upwards	...	1	1	1	...	4	4
Mischief by killing, poisoning, maiming or rendering useless any animal of the value of 50 rupees or upwards	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
Mischief by fire or explosive substance with intent to cause damage to amount of 100 rupees or upwards.	...	1	1	...	1	1	...
Criminal trespass	...	2	2	1	1	2	...
House-trespass	...	1	1	...	1	1	...
Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking in order to the commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking by night in order to the commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Defamation	...	2	2	2	...	4	...
Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	...	22	22	20	2	33	2
Criminal intimidation	1	5	6	4	2	6	3
Act caused by inducing a person to believe that he will be rendered an object of divine displeasure	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Other Acts	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Total ...	2	136	138	128	10	257	74

VII.

cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, 1912-1913.

Number of Persons Sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.										Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	6	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	
...	3	...	2	1	...	6	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	11	...	11	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	1	5	...	9	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
...	...	1	3	...	...	4	5	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	1	...	4	1	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
...	...	...	1	2	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	6	1	16	51	...	74	168	...	...	8	9	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	15	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912–1913.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1912-1913.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
	1911–1912.	1912–1913.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	1911–1912.	1912–1913.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan	2	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	2	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
The Revenue Commissioner	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
The Nyayadhish	145	136	2	49	.....	206	...	.....	220	257	115	53	74	.....	.....	15	
Total ...	147	136	2	49	.....	206	...	.....	222	257	115	53	74	.....	.....	15	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IX.

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912-1913.

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																	
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further inquiry, &c. ordered.		Pending.		Remarks.
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
The Rajasaheb	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Dewan	3	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	4	...	...	2	2	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix X.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs.	Y. M. D.	
The Dewan...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	
The Revenue Commissioner ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	
The Nyayadhish	26	17	85	106	111	123	94	113	17	10	4,722 0 0	3	102	1	96	8	2	...	...	8	41	6	58	4,096 13 5	0 3 14	
Total ...	26	17	85	106	111	123	94	113	17	10	4,722 0 0	3	102	1	96	8	2	...	...	8	41	6	58	4,096 13 5		

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XI.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees, 1912–1913.

Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of opening balance for the present year. 1912–1913.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			Remarks.
	1911-1912.	1912-1913.		1911-1912.	1912-1913.	Value for the present year.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	Value for the present year.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	Value for the present year.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	Value for the present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
The Dewan	1	1	3,499 0 0	...	...	.....	1	1	3,499 0 0	...	1	3,499 0 0	1	...	.....	...	...	...	
The Revenue Commissioner	1	1	1,540 0 0	...	...	.....	1	1	1,540 0 0	...	...	.....	1	1	1,540 0 0	...	...	1	
The Nyayadhish ...	360	348	18,301 8 4	60	31	1,970 11 0	420	379	20,272 3 4	72	160	12,446 10 11	348	219	7,825 8 5	5	13	201	
Total ...	362	350	23,340 8 4	60	31	1,970 11 0	422	381	25,311 3 4	72	161	15,945 10 11	350	220	9,365 8 5	5	13	202	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XII.

CIVIL—Number and results of appeals in CIVIL SUITS.

TRIBUNALS.	Opening balance.		Filed during		TOTAL.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during		HOW DISPOSED OF.											REMARKS.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Average duration.		
	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	1911-1912	1912-1913	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
The Rajasaheb ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	371-7-8	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	y.m.d. 0-0-6	
The Dewan	1	...	3	1	4	1	4	...	...	1	496-7-8	25-0-0	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0-2-11	...	
Total ...	1	...	3	2	4	2	4	1	...	1	496-7-8	396-7-8	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons confined in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912–1913.

Station.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners,				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	The cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-13.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
									Rs.	Days.	
Bansda	38	12	26	64	38	13	8	7	596	17	There was no death amongst the convicts in Jail during the year.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912-1913.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
															Rs.	Rs.					
Bansda	6	17	1	2	3	11	2	3	...	...	...	1	6	17	1,195	16,785	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XV.

STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE on account of REGISTRATION during the year 1912–1913.

DESCRIPTION.	1911-1912.			1912-1913.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgages	1	47 0 0	0 4 0	2	316 0 0	1 14 0	
Sales	3	448 0 0	4 8 0	11	13,569 0 0	84 0 0	
Wills	2	700 0 0	7 0 0	3	2,300 0 0	18 12 0	
Miscellaneous	...	.....	.....	1	600 0 0	6 0 0	
Total ...	6	1,195 0 0	11 12 0	17	16,785 0 0	110 10 0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVI.

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPALITY in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912–1913.

NAME.	Opening balance on 1st August.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st July.	REMARKS.
		1911-1912.	1912-1913.		1911-1912.	1912-1913.		
Bansda	.....	.....	.....	.....	Rs. 4,358	Rs. 5,993	.....	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVII.

STATEMENT of RAIN-FALL during the year 1912-1913.

STATE.	April, 1912.	May, 1912.	June, 1912.	July, 1912.	August, 1912.	September, 1912.	October, 1912.	November, 1912.	December, 1912.	January, 1913.	February, 1913.	March, 1913.	Total.	Total of Previous year.	Average of past 5 years.	REMARKS.
	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	
Bansda...	...	...	9-65	52-27	22-3	3-98	2-27	5-60	...	...	...	...	95-80	42-42	71-71	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVIII.

STATEMENT as to prices of STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS, in the BANSDA STATE.

Articles.	During March. 1912.	During March. 1913.	Remarks.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Paddy	1 6 0	1 6 0	
Juwar	1 10 0	1 10 0	
Nagli	1 6 0	1 7 0	
Kodra	0 10 0	0 9 0	
Gram	2 8 0	2 0 0	
Tuver	1 8 0	1 14 0	
Wheat	2 8 0	2 2 0	
Urad	1 8 0	1 10 0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix. XIX.

EXPENDITURE on PUBLIC WORKS during the year 1912–1913.

Description of Work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	
Roads	4,417	13,530	17,947	.....	.....	.....	17,947
Tanks, Wells and Bunds	.....	89	89	.....	.....	.....	89
Dharmashalas and Temples	.....	1790	1,790	.....	.....	.....	1,790
School Buildings	.....	653	653	.....	.....	.....	653
Palaces	.....	2,637	2,637	.....	.....	.....	2,637
Public Offices	6,000	99	6,099	.....	.....	.....	6,099
Stables for horses, &c.	2,034	823	2,857	.....	.....	.....	2,857
Utaras	.....	2,371	2,371	.....	.....	.....	2,371
Garden, Buildings &c.	1,018	1,369	2,387	.....	.....	.....	2,387
Distillery	.....	225	225	.....	.....	.....	225
Quarters for servants and new settlers	13,811	1,166	14,977	.....	.....	.....	14,977
Guest House	.....	1,081	1,081	.....	.....	.....	1,081
Jail Building	.....	686	686	.....	.....	.....	686
Cattle Pounds	.....	322	322	.....	.....	.....	322
Store Houses	656	1,674	2,330	.....	.....	.....	2,330
Dispensary	.....	338	338	.....	.....	.....	338
Shade for Mail Tonga horses	444	.....	444	.....	.....	.....	444
Tools and Plants	1,354	.....	1,354	.....	.....	.....	1,354
Establishment	5,775	.....	5,775	.....	.....	.....	5,775
Total	35,509	28,853	64,362	.....	.....	.....	64,362

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XX.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1912–1913.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding.	Load carrying	
Bansda	1912–13	15,172	12,060	1,289	2,580	99	37	4	...	6,844	5,699	14	182	974	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXI.

STATEMENT showing the EXCISE SHOPS and EXCISE REVENUE of the BANSDA STATE during the year 1912–1913.

Name of State.	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Toddy.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Bansda	66	2,41,021-7-6	2	146-0-0	2	38-0	8	2,650-0-0	78	2,43,855-7-6	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXII.

STATEMENT showing RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS of the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1912-13.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1911-1912.	A. D. 1912-1913.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening Balance...	10,27,155	9,13,284	.....	1,13,871
1	Land Revenue... Actual collection...	1,09,939	1,28,614	18,675	.....
	Land Revenue... Adjustments ...	23,274	17,291	.....	5,983
2	Abkari-Liquor	2,62,594	2,52,461	.....	10,133
3	Do. Toddy	8,476	10,514	2,038	.....
4	Do. Bhang-ganja & Opium ...	742	274	.....	468
5	Forest	32,732	56,859	24,127	.....
6	Interest on Loans, &c.	2,148	38,242	36,094	.....
7	Giras	279	6,507	6,228	.....
8	Stamp sales	1,535	1,260	.....	275
9	Registration of documents	11	111	100	.....
10	Magisterial fines, &c.	1,046	676	.....	370
11	Jail...	748	512	.....	236
12	Tolls & Ferries	4,016	3,462	.....	554
13	Gardens	1,369	1,911	542	.....
14	Water works	2,240	4,486	2,246	.....
15	Rewards and Chandla	17,208	1,965	.....	15,243
16	Rent of houses &c.	1,497	2,413	916	.....
17	Sale of houses, animals, furniture &c.	5,666	6,767	1,101	.....
18	Miscellaneous	3,581	6,343	2,762	.....

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1911-1912.	A. D. 1912-1913.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Huzur Office	19,953	17,384	.....	2,569
2	Revenue Office	7,906	7,644	.....	262
3	Collecting Establishment	8,964	8,644	.....	320
4	Nyayadhish Office	1,571	1,795	224	.....
5	Police and other guards	16,237	15,289	.....	948
6	Medical	8,339	7,252	.....	1,087
7	Education...	7,373	8,103	730	.....
8	Forest	4,176	3,853	.....	323
9	Abkari	1,01,657	1,15,375	13,718	.....
10	Paga and Stables	45,274	36,882	.....	8,392
11	Palace expenses and allowances paid to relations of Rajasaheb	35,674	65,802	30,128	.....
12	Guests	2,386	5501	3,115	.....
13	Purchase of furniture	5,948	1,152	.....	4,796
14	Rewards and Chandla	3,770	6,567	2,797	.....
15	Festivals	930	590	.....	340
16	Cash allowance and Giras	24,966	21,786	.....	3,180
17	Dewasthan Dharmada	2,076	3,781	1,705	.....
18	Purchase of jewels	2,242	1,448	.....	794
19	Library	960	538	.....	422
20	Veterinary	402	286	.....	116
21	Vaccination	409	407	.. ...	2
22	Jail	596	596	.....	.....
23	Tolls and Ferries	1,190	1,086	.....	104
24	Public Works	44,507	64,362	19,855	.....
25	Municipality	4,358	5,993	1,635	.....
26	Gardens and purchase of Bungalow ...	2,497	8,793	6,296	.....
27	Water Works	13,845	28,468	14,623	.....
28	Contingent charges	2,514	1,794	.....	720
29	Printing charges...	1,218	756	.. ...	462
30	Travelling allowances &c.	6,814	7,384	570	.....
31	Rewards &c., for destruction of wild animals...	68	192	124	.....
32	Miscellaneous	7,308	15,766	8,458	.....
33	Loss and wastage	182	4,710	4,528	.....
34	Remissions	10,163	5,486	.....	4,677
35	Income tax on loans, &c.	7	613	606	.....
36	Education of Kumarsahebs	2,303	534	.....	1,769

					37	Census	224	.....	.....	224
					38	House and land purchase in Billimora.	7,781	790	.....	6,991
					39	Telephone...	824	168	.....	656
					40	Special expenses:—				
						(1) Doctor's fees	280	921	641	.....
						(2) Death ceremonies of Shri Surajkunverba Saheb	6	.....	.....	6
						(3) Rajasaheb's tour	10,798	12,230	1,432	.....
						(4) Birth of K. S. Kishorsinhji &c.	20	.....	.....	20
						(5) Marriage ceremonies of Maharaul Shri Indrasinhji the present Rajasaheb and of K. S. Pravinsinhji	63,803	152	.....	63,651
						(6) Royal Visit and Nursing Home Fund...	3,001	.....	.....	3,001
						(7) Delhi Coronation	67,643	4,240	.....	63,403
						(8) The Rajasaheb's Installation ...	31,975	75	.....	31,900
						(9) Death ceremonies of the late Rajasaheb	18,964	8,571	.....	10,393
						(10) Vakil fees	2,517	.....	.....	2,517
						(11) Death ceremonies of K. S. Natvarsinhji	.....	5,397	5,397	.....
						(12) Rajkot Rajkumar College Fund.	.....	2,500	2,500	.....
						(13) Donation towards the Mahabaleshwar Hindu Gymkhana for building a Billiard room... ...	.....	2,500	2,500	.....
						(14) Palitana Relief Fund	.....	507	507	.....
						(15) Donation towards the Indian Academy of Music	.....	300	300	.....
						(16) Religious ceremonies	.....	3,147	3,147	.....
						(17) Purchase of houses for Shri Pratapsinhji Silver Jubilee Town Hall	.....	897	897	.....
						(18) Expenses on account of getting letters of Administration to the Estate of the late Rajasaheb ...	.....	15,914	15,914	.....
Total Receipts... ...	4,79,101	5,40,668	94,829	33,262		Total	6,06,619	5,34,921	1,42,347	2,14,045
The lapse to the State of the sum intended to be set apart by it for the maintenance of Kumar Shri Natversinhji.	.....	1,35,000	1,35,000	.....		Balance... ...	9,13,284	12,87,092	3,73,808	.....
Deposits	13,647	2,33,061	2,19,414	.....		Grant Total... ...	15,19,903	18,22,013	5,16,155	2,14,045
Grant Total... ...	15,19,903	18,22,013	4,49,243	1,47,133						

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXIII.

STATEMENT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1912-1913.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Results of patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
							Rs.		
The Ratankunverba Hospital	27,912	465	5,421	1,267	2	84	7,252	77·7	
The Travelling Dispensary ...	3,440	...	3,440	...	...	...		9·4	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXIV.

VITAL STATISTICS of the BANSDA STATE for the year 1912-1913.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population,				Remarks.
		1911-12.	1912-13.			1911-12.	1912-13.			Births.		Deaths.		
										1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.	
Bansda State.	44,594	1,067	1,147	80	...	934	733	...	201	24	26	21	16	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XXV.

PARTICULARS as to the SCHOOLS MAINTAINED by the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1912–1913.

Number of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1911-1912.	1912-1913.		1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	High Schools.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Bansda A. V. School ...	69	71	55	56				
2	2	Bansda Taluka School ...	129	145	85	98				
3	3	Bansda Urdu School ...	70	62	43	42				
4	4	Bansda Girls' School ...	62	62	37	43				
5	5	Sindhai „	53	54	40	39				
6	6	Chapaldhara „	49	55	27	39				
7	7	Andhatri „	42	43	18	26				
8	8	Bhinar „	24	27	12	12			Rs. 8,103	
9	9	Moti-Valzer „	13	20	6	11				
10	10	Wandervela „	25	20	15	16				
11	11	Pratapnagar „	26	21	16	11				
12	12	Lakhavadi „	22	15	13	12				
13	13	Limzer „	20	23	10	17				
14	14	Khanpur „	32	25	25	15				
		Total ...	636	643	402	437				

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

HUZUR OFFICE, BANSDA.

5th September 1914.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

To,

MAHARAUL SHRI INDRASINHJI PRATAPSINHJI,

Raja Saheb, Bansda State.

RESPECTED SIR,

I respectfully beg to submit herewith the Annual Administration Report of the Bansda State, for the year ending 31st July 1914.

I beg to remain,

Respected Sir.

Your most obedient and faithful servant

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

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Administration Report

OF THE

Bansda State, Surat Agency.

for the year 1913–1914 ending with 31st July 1914.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

1. The State of Bansda is bounded on the North by the Mahuva and Vyara Talukas of the Baroda State, on the South by the Dharampor State, on the East by the Dangs, the Surgana State and the Kalvan Taluka of the Nasik Collectorate and on the West by the Chikhli Taluka of the Surat Collectorate and the Dharampor State. The area of the State is 215 square miles. According to the census taken in 1911 its population is 44,594 souls. The gross revenue of the State calculated on an average of the last five years is 4,99,764. The State pays an annual tribute of Rs. 153–8 to the British Government.

Area, Population, Tribute & Revenue.

2. *Ruling Chief.*—The ruling chief of the State is Maharaul shri Indrasinhji Pratapsinhji Raja Saheb. He has attained the age of 26 years, is a Solanki Rajput of the Vansadia family & shaiv by religion. The Raja saheb is entitled to a salute of 9 guns. The system of primogeniture is observed in the State & it has got a sanad from the British Government authorising adoption. The Raja Saheb has been married to the Kunveri of the Thakor Saheb of Mansa. The marriage has been blessed by the birth of a Kunvari Saheb on the 10th of July 1914 who is named Shri Sushilkunver.

3. Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji and Kumar Shri Kishorsinhji are brothers of the Raja Saheb. Their relations with the Raja Saheb are very cordial and harmonious. Kumar Shri Kishorsinhji being a minor, his estate is managed by the State on his behalf.

4. *Political Relations.*—The Political relations with the British Government and other Native States remained cordial and harmonious as ever.

5. On the occasion of the birthday anniversary of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor George V on the 22nd June 1914, a salute of 31 guns was fired and a parade of the mounted and foot police was held ending in Feu-de-joie. The State Band played the National Anthem. A durbar was held in which all the officers and respectable citizens of the State assembled. The day was observed as a general holiday in the public offices and schools, while sweetmeats were distributed to the school children and the poor.

6. The Political Agent Mr. J. P. Brander visited Bansda on the 5th of May and stayed here for 3 days. During his stay here he visited the Hospital, Jail, and other institutions of the state and was much pleased with the working thereof.

7. His Highness the Maharao Shri Sir Khengarji Pragmalji G. C. I. E. of Cutch visited this state on the 31st May 1914 and stayed here till the 15th June 1914. During his stay here His Highness the Maharao Saheb went on shooting excursions in Ghodmal and other places of this State and in Vaghai of the Dangs. The friendly and harmonious relations of His Highness the Maharao Saheb with the Raja Saheb of this State were much strengthened by this visit. H. H. the Maharao Saheb was much pleased with what he saw of this country and expressed the great satisfaction and delight that he derived from this friendly visit.

8. The Raja Saheb with his family went to Bombay on the 20th December 1913 and returned to Bansda on the 27th February 1914.

9. The news of the sad death of Her Excellency Lady Hardinge on the 12th July 1914 was heard here with great sorrow by the whole State. As a mark of respect for the memory of the deceased all the schools and offices were closed.

10. It was intended to hold an exhibition of agricultural products and implements in Bansda town this year as was done last year with a view to demonstrate to the ryots the benefits of new implements and various new crops of vigorous growth beneficial for agricultural purposes, but unfortunately the appearance of plague in the Bansda town at the time intended for the Exhibition frustrated the project being carried out during the year under review.

Changes in the Personnel.

11. During the year under report Mr. Pranshanker D. Pathak, Huzur Personal assistant retired from the State Service owing to old age, and Dr. Padamji Ardeshir Dastur joined the Palitana State Service. Mr. Bhogilal Bapuji was appointed Survey officer to carry out the revision survey of the State. With these exceptions there was no change in the personnel of officers.

Condition of the people.

12. The Hindu population of the State is broadly divided into two classes having various sub-classes under them. The two chief classes consist of the Kaliparaj or the aborigines and the Ujaliats including under the latter term Brahmins, Rajputs, Banias Prabhus and Kunbis. The Brahmins, Rajputs, Banias and Prabhus are generally well-to-do: whilst the other Hindu classes contain persons having smaller means at their disposal. The Parsees though few and scattered far and wide are in good condition and intelligent being as to a considerable portion of them engaged in agricultural pursuits and liquor or toddy selling business whilst a fair portion of this community is in the State's Service. The Mahomedans residing in the State are for the most part employed in the Service of the State whilst a considerable part of them are also cultivators of lands. Their material condition is on the whole fair.

13. The rain during the year under review was sufficient and timely. The condition of the people was therefore prosperous and good on account of plentiful crops. But in spite of this abundance the general rise of prices of food stuffs and agricultural products was apparent in this state as seems also to be the case all over the world. The wages of labourers were somewhat increased and labour was to be had with great difficulty.

14. The Kaliparaj classes of the State are greatly backward from an educational point of view and inspite of the constant efforts of the State to impart to them free education and to encourage study on their part by giving scholarships or preference in State service their educational progress is slow. Their methods of agriculture are rather primitive and of rude sort. To facilitate their agricultural operations and to improve their material condition loans are being granted to them by the state at a nominal rate of interest and sometimes even without interest. Forest wood is also being given to them by the state free of charge or at a nominal price in order to enable them to construct their huts or implements of agriculture. These helps generally given to them by the State prevent them from resorting to sowcars for their needs who would in the absence of the State's help charge them with exhorbitant rates of interest. The State leaves no stone unturned to impart to these backward classes free education and to ameliorate in every way their material and intellectual condition.

15. During the year under report plague made its appearance in the town of Bansda, notwithstanding the prompt and timely measures taken against it. There were 81 cases of plague in all out of which 35 recovered. It began on the 15th November 1913 and ended on the 23rd of February 1914.

16. The Raja Saheb visited some of the villages of the State and personally inquired in the complaints and necessities of the villagers with a view to ameliorate their condition.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of Land.

17. The total acres of the land comprised in the State is 1,37,912 acres and 11 gunthas. It is divided as mentioned below:—

Surveyed land.	Acres.	Gunthas.
Culturable land	74,069	28
Forest reserves	53,007	3
Unculturable waste land or kharabo	6,611	27
Total...	1,33,688	18
Unsurveyed land of alienated villages	4,223	33
Grand Total...	1,37,912	11

18. The progress of cultivation was as under:—

	Acres.	Gunthas.
Land cultivated	49,160	25
Culturable land remained waste	24,909	3
Land taken up for cultivation during the year...	5,180	20
Land relinquished	2,088	14

19. The survey and settlement of the State lands have been completed long since. The rates of assessment of lands are reasonable and do not at all fall heavily on the ryots. Owing to the malarious climate and hilly nature of the country and distance from the railway a part of the culturable land remains waste. Efforts are made to induce new settlers by giving them waste lands on special favourable tenure, by granting takavi on easy terms and by giving timber free of charge for building houses and for agricultural implements. The percentage of waste lands to the whole culturable area is 33 as against 37 in the year preceding.

20. Revision Survey has been commenced from this year. Eight villages have been surveyed during the year under report.

21. Revenue accounts are kept in the system similar to that prescribed in Hope's Manual of Revenue accounts.

Takavi Advances.

22. Rs. 2,575 were advanced as Takavi for the following purposes.

Land Improvement.	Bullocks.	Repairs of wells.	Seeds Labour &c.	Houses.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
538	742	25	380	240	650	2,575

Boundary Disputes.

23. There was no dispute as to boundary with any of the neighbouring States during the year under review.

Remissions.

24. Remissions of Rs. 58 were granted to the ryots during the year under report.

Jamabandi.

25. The Raja Saheb with the Dewan did the Jamabandi. Revenue accounts were carefully examined and were found satisfactory.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION AND LEGISLATION.

26. During the year under report there was no change in the laws of the State. The administration of justice is carried on according to the spirit of laws prevailing in the British territory with such slight modifications as are necessary on account of the condition of the people and the customs prevailing in the State.

27. There is no regular military force in the State. There are 32 sowars. They perform duties as mounted police and escorts. There are also 15 Arabs in the service of the State. They serve as Palace and Treasury guards. The arabs are included in the Police force.

DISTRICT POLICE.

28. The organization, discipline and duties of the police of the State are similar to those prevailing in the adjoining British districts. The Police Superintendent is the head of the Police Department. The strength of the Police including Sowars and Arabs was 162 during the year under report. The number was sufficient to maintain order and detect crimes. The total cost of Police was Rs. 15,041 against Rs. 15,289 in the year preceding.

29. Full details as to the strength and the working of the Police are given in Appendices IV, V, VI and VII. The number of offences during the year was less than that of the year preceding.

30. *Village Police*:—The village police maintains order in the villages of the State and assists the District Police in its work. Powers under the Village Police Act have not been granted to any of the Police Patels.

31. The ryots of the State being peaceful and law abiding there were no cases of heinous crimes such as infanticide, outlawry etc. The common offences are petty thefts and hurts.

32.

The proportion of	1912–13	1913–14.
Crimes to population	1 to 1,143	1,715
Police (exclusive of mounted) to population	1 to 356	343
Police (exclusive of mounted) to area in square miles	1 to 1·7	1.6

33. During the year under review there were 8 fires against 2 in the year preceding, causing loss of Rs. 1,356 against Rs. 670 in the previous year. Timber of the value of Rs. 90 was granted free to the persons whose houses were burnt.

34. There were 28 accidental deaths during the year on account of the following causes:

Drowning.	Suicide.	Snake biting.	Devoured by panthers.	Falling from trees.	Epilepsy.	Heart failure.	Falling into a pit.	Total.
4	8	7	2	3	1	2	1	28

35. *Abkari Police*:—For the prevention and detection of Abkari offences, a separate Abkari Police under the Abkari Inspector is maintained. There was only one Abkari offence during the year under report.

36. During the year the Police held 31 inquests of which 3 were in connection with criminal offences and the remaining in connection with deaths caused by accidents.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

37. The number and constitution of the Criminal Courts in the State remained the same as in the year preceding.

Original Courts.

1. Nyayadhish or First Class Magistrate.
2. Revenue Commissioner or First Class Magistrate.
3. Dewan's Sessions Court.

Appellate Courts.

1. Dewan's Sessions Court.
2. Huzur or Raja Saheb's Court, the highest Court of Appeal.

38. Criminal cases dealt with:—

No. of Criminal cases.		No. of Persons dealt with.				
		No. of accused persons.	Persons disposed of.			
1912–13.	1913–1914.		Convicted.	Acquitted or Discharged.	Remained under trial.	
138	102	×149	50	82	16	6 Cases were committed to the sessions for trial. ×1 died before trial.

39. The percentage of persons convicted to persons tried was 37·6 against 30·5 in the year preceding.

40. No. of accused persons sentenced to

4. Imprisonment for a term exceeding 6 months.
15 —Do.— under six months.
31 Fined only.

No person was sentenced to death and none was subjected to whipping.

41. The amount of fines inflicted during the year was Rs. 235 against Rs. 426 in the preceding year and the amount of Rs. 173 was recovered against Rs. 390 in the previous year.

APPEALS.

42. There was one Criminal appeal in the Huzur Court and 2 criminal appeals in the Dewan's Court. All were disposed of during the year.

EXTRADITION.

43. Accused persons surrendered to the State:—

By whom surrendered.	No. of accused.	Offence committed.
2nd Class Magistrate Chikhli	1	379 I. P. C.
—Do.—	1	380 and 457 I. P. C.

44. One accused was surrendered by the State to the Nyayadhish of Dharampor State for committing an offence under section 323 of the Indian Penal Code.

45. During the year under report no summons from any of the Native States' Criminal Courts or from any British Criminal Court was directly received here for service and executed. Also no summons was directly sent by this State for service to any other State, and the result therefore of the direct service of summons could not be known.

PRISON.

46. There is in the State one jail which is situate in Bansda town. The jail building is a nice one with a garden surrounding it. It has sufficient accommodation for the under trial as well as the convicted prisoners. The building is large and commodious. During the year under report there were 31 prisoners against 38 in the preceding year; of these 7 were from the last year and 24 were admitted in the year under report. The daily average number of prisoners was 9 against 8 in the previous year. The total cost of maintaining the jail, exclusive of the cost of the Police guards was Rs. 1,015 during the year as against Rs. 596 in the year preceding.

47. The Chief Medical Officer of the State is the Superintendent of the jail. The jail is visited at intervals by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan, and other officers. The Sanitary arrangements of the jail are satisfactory.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

48. For civil jurisdiction in the State there are 3 original and 2 appellate courts. 121 civil suits were filed during the year against 106 in the year preceding. At the end of the previous year 10 cases were on file. The total number of suits for hearing was 131 of which 125 were disposed of and 6 remained at the end of the year. The total value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 9,997 against Rs. 4,722 in the preceding year.

EXECUTION OF DECREES.

49. 220 decrees were pending at the close of the last year and 44 were received during the year under report making a total of 264, of which

27 were disposed of leaving a balance of 237 at the close of the year. Owing to the poor condition of the people the decrees are executed by small instalments.

MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATIONS.

50. One miscellaneous application was received and disposed of during the year under report.

CIVIL APPEALS.

51. During the year under report no civil appeal was filed in the Huzur Court; but there were 4 civil appeals filed in the Dewan's Court and one was pending at the close of the last year making a total of 5. All of them were disposed of during the year under report.

REGISTRATION.

52. During the year under report 14 documents of the value of Rs. 9,536 were registered against 17 documents of the value of Rs. 16,785 in the year preceding. The documents were as stated below:—

Mortgages.	Sales.	Wills.	Total.
1	11	2	14

The revenue derived from this source was Rs. 67–4 as against Rs. 110–10 in the previous year.

MUNICIPALITY.

53. There is in the State one Municipality which is situate in Bansda town. According to the census of 1911 the population of the town is 3544. The total expense of the Municipality Rs. 6,175 against Rs. 5,993 in the year preceding, was given by the State. No tax is levied from the public. The Municipal Secretary supervises the work. Necessary establishment for conservancy, lighting, watering roads and extinguishing fires is employed. The Chief Medical Officer of the State looks after the sanitation of the town. There are 3 fire engines to extinguish fire. Water for watering roads is supplied from the pumping station near the Kaveri river in Bansda town. Shri Pratapsinhji Silver Jubilee Water Works of Bansada town supply water to the houses of the town by means of pipes and water connections.

CHAPTER IV.

AGRICULTURE.

54. There was sufficient rain during the year and the crop was plentiful, but the prices of food stuffs remained nearly the same as those of the last year.

55. The total area of the State land under cultivation during the year under report was 49,160 acres and 25 gunthas against 46,125 acres and 33 gunthas in the year preceding. Of these 39,235 acres were Jarayat and 9,925 acres were Kiari.

56. During the year cotton was cultivated in 2,315 acres and 22 gunthas against 2,186 acres and 33 gunthas in the previous year.

57. Cultivation of Sugarcane is encouraged by supplying water to fields at or near Sindhai by irrigation from the Water Works at Sindhai adjacent to the Ambica river.

58. Fodder was sufficient in the State during the year. The condition of agricultural stock was good.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

59. The total rainfall during the year was 71 inches and 34 cents against 95 inches and 80 cents in the year preceding. It commenced on the 5th June 1913 and ended on the 13th October 1913. Rainfall was good.

60. *Visitation of Locusts.* There was no damage to the harvest by locusts or any insects.

61. *Temperature.*

Minimum.		Maximum.	
1912-13	1913-14	1912-13	1913-14
46	46	112	112

62. *Prices of food grains.*—The prices of some of the food grains had gone down a little in the beginning of the year, but in the end they remained nearly the same as those of the year preceding.

TRADE AND MANUFACTURES.

63. The chief trade of the State consists in the exportation of corns such as rice, nagli, pulse &c. cotton, timber, bamboos and other forest products and in the importation of cloth, sugar, wheat, salt etc. The manufacture of the State consists in bamboo baskets, winnowing fans, mats of palm leaves, coarse woolen blankets and carpets.

FAIRS.

64. The fair of Deoki Unai Mata's Jatra, held annually in the village Sindhai 7 miles from Bansda town, on the 15th Chaitra Sud is of chief interest. Close to the temple of goddess Deoki-Unai, there are hot springs. The devout Hindus consider it as an act of great sanctity to bathe in the hot water springs and for that purpose a large number of pilgrims from different parts such as Surat, Navsari, Nasik, Bombay and other places attend the fair on the above date at or near which time alone is the hot temperature of the water of the springs reduced to a sufficient point so as to make bathing therein tolerably possible. The fair lasts for about a week. To preserve order and to prevent the occurence of offences of theft &c., and also to look after the sanitation of the place, officers of various departments are sent there on the occasion.

65. On certain fixed days of the week, weekly fairs known as Hatwadas are held in several villages. The people of surrounding villages barter corn and products of the forest for clothes, salt and other articles necessary for their daily use which they cannot obtain in their own villages.

FORESTS.

66. The area of land reserved for forest was 53,007 acres and 3 gunthas, the same as in previous years. The system of forest conservancy is similar to that pravalent in the British districts. Permit is required to cut kamel wood *i. e.* teak, saddo, kher, seesum, kanti, mahuda, jambuda, bamboos, etc,. Excepting timbri leaves and asindra leaves, no fee is charged from the ryots for cutting Rajâlu trees for their domestic purposes.

67. There is one Forest Officer, one forest Inspector, Sajedars and forest guards in the Forest Department of the State. They look after the conservation of forest, detect forest offences, prevent smuggling of forest products and collect the forest dues.

68. The Income of the Department was Rs. 71,200 against Rs. 56.859 in the year preceding and the expenditure was Rs. 4,414 against Rs. 3,853 in the year preceding.

69. Timber of the value of Rs. 1,446 was granted free to the ryots for building houses and making implements of husbandry.

PUBLIC WORKS.

70. The total expenditure on account of public works during the year was Rs. 32.767 against Rs. 64,362 in the year preceding. During the year under report the following new works were carried out:—

1. Construction of new residential quarters for Bansda town.
2. Continuation of the building of Shri Pratapsinhji Silver Jubilee Town Hall.
3. Continuation of the laying out of waterpipes in Bansda town.
4. Public well at Ghodmal village.
5. Construction of a new State Bungalow in the Pratapnivas garden.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION.

71. The roads leading from Bansda to Pratapnagar, from Bansda to Khanpor and from Bansda to Sindhai are metalled roads.

The road from Bansda to Pratapnagar is in good order and has been recently repaired. The other means of communication are in fair order.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

72. The revenue and financial year of the State begins from the 1st

August and ends on the 31st July. Land revenue is collected in two instalments, the one in January and the other in March.

73. During the year under report the gross revenue of the State was Rs. 5,52,083 against Rs. 5,40,668 and the gross expenditure of the State was Rs. 3,98,018 against Rs. 5,34, 921 in the previous year showing an increase of Rs. 11,415 in the gross income and decrease of Rs. 1,36,903 in the gross expenditure.

INCOME.

74. The decrease under the head of Land Revenue is due to less sum being recovered during the year, as arrears of past years' land revenue as compared with that recovered during the year preceding.

75. The increase under the head of Forest revenue is due partly to more revenue being obtained at the auction of Forest wood and partly to more income being derived from the sale of mowrah seeds (Doli.)

76. The decrease under the head of interest on Government Loans is due to there being no arrears of past years' interest to be recovered during the year, such arrears having been recovered during the year preceding.

77. The decrease under the head of Giras is due to the absence of any arrears of past years' Giras remaining to be recovered during the year under review.

78. The decrease under the head of chandlas and Sirpavs is due to there being no ceremonious occasion of importance in the State during the year.

79. The increase under the head of Water works is due partly to more persons having taken water pipes in their houses during the year and partly to the increase of sawing wood and grinding corn work done at the Water works.

EXPENDITURE.

80. The decrease under the head of Abkari expenses is due to less mowrah flowers being purchased during the year under report as there was some stock thereof remaining from the stock of mowrah flowers of the previous year.

81. The decrease under the head of Public Works is due to less works being done during the year owing to the scarcity of labour.

82. The decrease under the head of water works is due to less machinery being purchased during this year.

83. The increase under the head of Education is due to increase in the salary of the teachers during the year.

84. The decrease under the head of Giras and cash allowances is due to there being no arrears of past years remaining to be paid during the year as was the case in the year preceding.

85. The reasons for the increase or decrease under other heads are so obvious that they do not require any further comment or explanation.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS.

86. There are two medical institutions:—

1. The Ratankuverba Hospital in the Bansda town.

2. The travelling dispensary with its head quarter at Pratapnagar.

An experienced L. M. & S. of the Bombay University is the Chief Medical Officer, and the Ratankuverba Hospital is under his charge The travelling dispensary was under the charge of a Hospital Assistant. In the Ratankuverba Hospital a trained Nurse and Midwife has been employed.

87. The total number of patients treated in the Ratankuverba Hospital during the year was 29,506 against 28,377 in the year preceding. The average daily attendance was 79 against 77·7.

88. The travelling dispensary at Pratapnagar treated 1,613 patients during the year against 3,440 in the year preceding. The daily average attendance was 4·4 against 9·4 in the year preceding.

89. There were 3 major and 83 minor operations performed during the year against 2 major and 101 minor operations in the previous year.

90. The cost of the Medical establishments, medicines &c., during the year was Rs. 4,671 against Rs. 7,252 last year.

91. The chief diseases prevalent in the year were:—Malaria, Syphilis, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Otitis in adults and conjunctivitis, worms and capillary Bronchitis in children.

92. There were altogether 81 cases of plague treated of which 35 recovered.

93. The medical institutions are charitable and medicine is given free to the people.

94. All possible measures were taken to stamp out plague on its appearance and a special plague Medical Officer and necessary staff under him were employed for the purpose.

95. The total cost of the plague department &c., amounted to Rs. 3,096 in the year.

96. The Hospital was visited by the Raja Saheb and Dewan as usual. It was also visited by Mr. J. P. Brander, the Political Agent who was satisfied with the working of the Institution. Medicines, instruments &c., are well stocked in sufficient quantity, clean, and in proper order.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

97. During the year under review 1,477 births were registered against 1,147 last year while the total mortality was 997 against 733 in the previous year Every possible effort is made to ensure correct registration of births and deaths.

VACCINATION.

98. There is one vaccinator in the State. He performed 1,764 operations in the year against 1,664 in the year preceding. Of these 1,748 were successful and 23 failed against 1,613 and 51 respectively in the previous year. The expenditure of the Department was Rs. 422 against Rs. 407 last year.

VETERINARY DISPENSARY.

99. The Veterinary Dispensary treated 109 animals against 153 in the year preceding.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

100. There are 14 schools in the State. The following four schools are in Bansda town:—

(1) Shri Gulabsinhji A. V. School.

(2) The Taluka Gujarati School.

(3) The Girls' Gujarati School.

(4) Shri Swarupkuverba Urdu School.

The remaining ten schools are in the following villages:—

1. Chapaldhara.	2. Sindhai.
3. Wandervella.	4. Andhatri.
5. Bhinar.	6. Pratapnagar.
7. Khanpor.	8. Limzar.
9. Lakhavadi.	10. Khambhala.

As the attendance of students at Moti Valzar was very poor, the school there was discontinued and a new school was opened at Khambhala on the 1st November 1913.

Besides these schools there is a Pathshala named Shri Himatkunverba Pathshala for imparting religious education to Brahmin boys.

101. English education is imparted up to Stendard V. The taluka School and the village schools of Chapaldhara and Sindhai teach vernacular superior standards while the rest teach vernacular inferior standards.

102. The number of students receiving education was 644 against 643 last year. The daily average attendance was 454 against 437 and monthly average attendance was 475 against 631 in the year preceding.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

103. 12 Scholarships of the total value of Rs. 1,140 were awarded to students during the year for the following purposes:—

1 Sub-Overseer's course at Poona.

1 Agricultural class Poona.
1 Elphinstone College, Bombay.
1 Art School at Navsari.
3 Matriculation Class.
5 Miscellaneous scholarships in Bansda town Schools.

Education is imparted free throughout the State.

104. The total cost of education during the year was Rs. 8,214 against Rs. 7,103 in the year preceding.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

105. During the year 8 wild beasts were destroyed against 9 in the previous year. Among those destroyed were seven panthers of which four were caught in a cage expressly set for the purpose, and one alligator.

106. For the destruction of the wild animals rewards of Rs. 17 were given during the year against the same amount in the year preceding.

107. There is a Library in Bansda Town which is named Shri Gulabsinhji Library. It was founded by the late Raja Saheb in the name of his revered father. No fee is charged from the public. It is conducted by the State at its own expense as a department of the State. During the year books of the value of about Rs. 325 were purchased against those of Rs. 500 in the previous year from the Jubilee Fund of the late Raja Saheb Maharaval Shri Pratapsinhji.

The new premises for the Library in the Silver Jubilee Town Hall in course of construction in commemoration of the Silver Jubilee of the late Raja Saheb are making a fair progress. During the year the total expense was Rs. 526 against Rs. 538 in the previous year.

POST OFFICE.

108. There are two post offices in the State, one in Bansda town and the other at Pratapnagar.

To ensure convenience to the public and speedy dispatch of post, a Mail Tanga Service between Bansda and Billimora is conducted by the State at a moderate charge from the Postal Department.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

109. There is no telegraph office in the State. The post office at Bansda receives telegrams and sends them with the post to Billimora its head office. The opening of the Railway Station at Unai a distance of about 7 miles from Bansda town on the Billimora Sara Railway line which is expected to be done for the general traffic very shortly will bring telegraphic facility within a very easy distance from Bansda. It is also under contemplation to open a branch telegraph office at Bansda Post office connecting it with Billimora Sara Railway line's telegraph. But it is not known when this is likely to be done.

TELEPHONE.

110. There are telephone lines between Bansda and Pratapnagar a village of the State at the distance of 12 miles on the Bansda Billimora road, and between different State buildings in Bansda town. The use of the telephone is restricted to the State's purposes only. It is in good working order.

TRANSIT DUTY.

111. No transit duty is levied in the State.

RECORDS.

112. There is a separate record building in the State. It is in charge of a Record-keeper under the supervision of the Huzur Office. Records are regularly kept in good order.

PRINTING PRESS.

113. A printing press was opened during the year under report by a private proprietor. No periodicals nor newspapers are printed therein but the printing work of the State is done therein and other miscellaneous work of printing forms &c., is done by the proprietor.

CONCLUSION.

114. The year whose review is now closed was prosperous for the ryots owing to sufficient and seasonable rains and the consequent bounty of crops. The sad news of the death of Her Excellency Lady Hardinge evoked a wave of spontaneous sorrow and sympathy all throughout the state showing how thoroughly and intensely loyal and devoted the State is in all that concerns the British Government and its representatives. The Raja Saheb having the welfare of his ryots always at heart, devoted most of his time in studying and in personally inquiring into the condition of his subjects. He takes a very keen interest in the administrative work of the State, none of the details of which escapes his careful attention.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.
Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX I.

NAMES of HIGH OFFICIALS in the BANSDA STATE, showing changes in personnel during the year 1913-1914.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period in the State Service.		Remarks.
		From.	To	
Mr. Phirozsha N. Billimoria B.A., L L. B. Solicitor.	Dewan.	31st July 1910	31st July 1914	
Mr. Amritlal V. Modi M.A., LL. B.	Revenue Commissioner.	12th July 1912	Do.	
Mr. Wamanrao B. Mohile, L. M. & S. ...	Chief Medical Officer.	13th June 1903	Do.	
Mr. Lalbhai M. Desai...	Palace Officer.	1st April 1910	Do.	
Mr. Krishnaji L. Gokhale, B.A., L L. B. ...	Nyayadhish.	8th July 1912	Do.	
Mr. Vithal V. Chitale, L. C. E.	State Engineer.	15th June 1913	Do.	
Mr. Bhogilal Bapuji ...	Survey Officer.	1st December 1913	Do.	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX II.

LIST of LAWS in force in the BANSDA STATE.

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1. Civil Procedure ...	Yes.		The laws are in force in the Bansda State with due regard to the customs of the State and the condition of the ryots.
2. Criminal Procedure...			
3. Evidence Act ...			
4. Contract Act ...			
5. Abkari Act			
6. Opium Act			
7. Forest Act			
8. Cattle-Trespass Act.			
9. Penal Code			
10. Land Revenue Code.			
11. Jail Act			
12. Village Police Act...			
13. District Police Act ...			
14. Postal Act			
15. Gambling Act ...			
16. Stamp Act	Yes, with some modification.		
17. Registration Act ...			
18. Limitation Act ...			
19. Explosive Act ...			

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX III.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1913-1914.

Arm of Service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of Force at the end of the current year.							Remarks.
	At the end of the last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men				Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	
			Died.	Invalid.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
							Nil.							There is no regular Military force; but there are 32 sowars who serve as Police sowars and escorts &c. There is a party of 15 Arabs who serve as Palace and treasury guards and are included in the Police.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX IV.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE and EDUCATION of the POLICE for the year 1913-1914.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	2	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.								
Police Superintendent...	1	65	15,041	...	...	...	...	...	1×	...	×knows English.
Chief Constable	1	35		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables	16	9 to 30		1	2	...	...	...	9	1	
Constables	112	9 and under.		33	23	...	4	...	24	...	
Total ...	130	...	15,041	34	25	...	4	...	35	1	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX V.

STATEMENT showing the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913-1914.

STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number. of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 & 5)		Percentage of convictions of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Bansda	39	26	53	34	40	31	35	29	8	2	66	85	71	93	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX VI.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and AMOUNT RECOVERED in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913-1914.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bansda	724	2,505	233	253	32·5	10·1	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dowan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number of

during the year

Description of Offence.	Number of Offences.			Number of cases disposed of during 1913-1914.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1913-1914.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
	Balance from last year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Offences under the Abkari act	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Committing affray	1	...	1	1	...	3	2
Disobedience to an order lawfully promulgated by a public servant if such disobedience causes obstruction or annoyance or injury to persons lawfully employed ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
Escape from confinement negligently suffered by a public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Murder	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder if act by which the death is caused is done with intention of causing death &c., ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
Attempt to commit suicide	...	5	5	5	...	5	5
Voluntarily causing hurt	...	29	29	24	5	46	7
Assault or use of criminal force to deter a public servant from discharge of his duty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Assault or use of Criminal force to a woman with intent to outrage her modesty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Rape	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Theft	2	7	9	9	...	14	13
Theft in a building	...	3	3	3	...	4	3
Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property, or converting it to one's own use	...	2	2	2	...	3	2
Criminal breach of trust	...	3	3	3	...	3	2
Cheating	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Mischief	1	...	1	1	...	1	1
Criminal trespass	1	1	2	1	1	3	...
House trespass	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking by night	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Lurking house trespass or house breaking by night in order to the commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
Being bound by a contract to render personal service for a certain period at a distant place to which the employee is conveyed at the expense of the employer and there voluntarily deserting the service or refusing to perform the duty	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Enticing or taking away or detaining with a criminal intent a married woman	...	1	1	...	1	2	...
Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	2	23	25	24	1	42	4
Criminal Intimidation	3	3	6	6	...	7	...
Other Acts	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
Total ...	10	92	102	94	8	149	50

III.

ases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the **BANSDA STATE**, *913–1914.*

Number of Persons Sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.										Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.								Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.															
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	4	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	6	...	7	28	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	5	...	1	7	...	13	1	...	...	3	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	...	1	...	3	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
...	...	...	...	4	...	4	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	13	1	3	31	...	50	82	...	1	6	2	4	3	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	16	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX VIII.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913-1914.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1913-1914.					Total.								
	1912-1913	1913-1914.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died; escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan	...	6	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	
The Revenue Commissioner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Nyayadhish ...	136	92	15	26	...	108	...	...	257	149	59	23	44	6	1	16	
Total ...	136	98	15	26	...	108	...	...	257	155	59	23	50	6	1	16	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913-1914.

TRIBUNALS.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases																REMARKS.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further inquiry, &c., ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
The Raja Saheb	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Dewan	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX X.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year. Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.										Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks
	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.		Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.														Rs.	Y. M. D.	
The Dewan...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Revenue Commissioner.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Nyayadhish	17	10	106	121	123	131	113	125	10	6	9,997-4-8	6	104	11	97	18	6	...	...		1	16	8	100	10,106-11-3	0-2-16	
Total ...	17	10	106	121	123	131	113	125	10	6	9,997-4-8	6	104	11	97	18	6	...	...		1	16	8	100	10,106-11-3		

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XI.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees, 1913-1914.

Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of opening balance for the present year. 1913-1914.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			Remarks.
	1912-1913	1913-1914		1912-1913.	1913-1914	Value for the present year.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Value for the present year.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Value for the present year.	1912-1913	1913-1914.	Value for the present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
The Dewan	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Revenue Commissioner	1	1	1,540- 0- 0	...	...	...	1	1	1,540- 0- 0	...	...	...	1	1	1,540- 0- 0	...	...	1	
The Nyayadhish ...	348	219	7,825- 8- 5	31	44	2,155-12- 2	379	263	9,991- 4- 7	160	27	1,022- 1- 3	219	236	8,959- 3- 4	9	33	194	
Total ...	350	220	9,365- 8- 5	31	44	2,155-12- 2	381	264	11,531-4- 7	161	27	1,022- 1- 3	220	237	10,499- 3- 4	9	33	195	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State

APPENDIX XII.

CIVIL—Number and results of appeals in CIVIL SUITS.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of.										Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Average duration.		
	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
																							y. m. d.	y. m. d.	
The Rajasaheb ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	371-7-8	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0-0-6	...	
The Dewan ...	...	1	1	4	1	5	...	5	1	...	25-0-0	486-6-2	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	0-1-29	
Total ...	...	1	2	4	2	5	1	5	1	...	396-7-8	486-6-2	1	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...			

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,
Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons confined in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913-1914.

Station.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	The cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913	1913-1914.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda	31	7	24	38	31	8	9	8	1,015	8	There was no death amongst the convicts in Jail during the year.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913-1914.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
															Rs.	Rs.					
Bansda	17	14	2	1	11	11	3	2	...	...	1	...	17	14	16,785	9,536	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XV.

STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE on account of REGISTRATION during the year 1913-1914.

DESCRIPTION.	1912-1913.							1913-1914.							REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs	a.	p.	
Mortgage	2	316	0	0	1	14	0	1	100	0	0	0	8	0	
Sale	11	13,569	0	0	84	0	0	11	6,337	0	0	46	4	0	
Wills	3	2,300	0	0	18	12	0	2	3,099	0	0	20	8	0	
Miscellaneous	1	600	0	0	6	0	0	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	
Total ..	17	16,785	0	0	110	10	0	14	9,536	0	0	67	4	0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XVI.

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPALITY in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913-1914.

NAME.	Opening balance on 1st August.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st July.	REMARKS.
		1912-1913.	1913-1914.		1912-1913.	1913-1914.		
					Rs.	Rs.		
Bansda	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,993	6,175	.....	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XVII.

STATEMENT of RAIN-FALL during the year 1913-1914.

STATE.	April, 1913.	May, 1913.	June, 1913.	July, 1913.	August, 1913.	September 1913.	October, 1913.	November, 1913.	December, 1913.	January, 1914.	Februar 1914.	March, 1914.	Total.	Total of Previous year.	Average of past 5 yea	REMARKS.
	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	Inches Cents.	
Bansda	...	...	27-34	20-53	13-90	7-95	0-22	...	...	...	1-40	...	71-34	95-80	77-07	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XVIII.

STATEMENT as to prices of STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS, in the BANSDA STATE.

Articles.	During March 1913.	During March 1914.	Remarks.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Paddy	1- 6- 0	1- 2- 4	
Juwar	1-10- 0	1- 9- 1	
Nagli	1- 7- 0	1- 6- 4	
Kodra	0- 9- 0	0- 6- 3	
Gram	2- 0- 0	2- 8- 0	
Tuver	1-14- 0	1-11- 2	
Wheat	2- 2- 0	2- 8- 0	
Urid	1-10- 0	1- 7- 6	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIX.

EXPENDITURE on PUBLIC WORKS during the year 1913-1914.

Description of Work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	
Roads	110	8,669	8,779	...	...	...	8,779
Tanks, Wells and Bunds	602	35	637	...	...	...	637
Dharmashalas and Temples	...	157	157	...	...	...	157
School Buildings	...	201	201	...	...	...	201
Palaces	...	700	700	...	...	...	700
Public Offices	1,589	21	1,610	...	...	...	1,610
Stables for horses, &c.	286	304	590	...	...	...	590
Utaras	...	1,519	1,519	...	...	...	1,519
Garden, Buildings &c.	...	1,451	1,451	...	...	...	1,451
Distillery	...	153	153	...	...	...	153
Quarters for servants and new settlers	3,888	569	4,457	...	...	...	4,457
Guest House	...	34	34	...	...	...	34
Jail Building	...	8	8	...	...	...	8
Cattle Pounds	...	15	15	...	...	...	15
Store Houses	1,411	...	1,411	...	...	...	1,411
Dispensary	...	134	134	...	...	...	134
Water Works Building	611	...	611	...	...	...	611
New bungalow for the Raja Saheb	3,366	...	3,366	...	...	...	3,366
Tools and Plants...	773	...	773	...	...	...	773
Establishment	6,161	...	6,161	...	...	...	6,161
Total ...	18,797	13,970	32,767	...	...	...	32,767

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XX.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1913-1914.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Bansda	1913-14	11,307	17,372	2,155	1,664	70	36	21	...	7,174	5,805	7	191	1,007	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXI.

STATEMENT showing the EXCISE SHOPS and EXCISE REVENUE of BANSDA STATE during the year 1913-1914.

Name of State.	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Toddy.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Bansda	66	2,61,581-7-0	2	100-0-0	2	44-4-0	8	2,471-0-0	78	2,64,196-11-0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan. Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXII.

STATEMENT showing RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS of the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1913-1914.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1912-1913.	A. D. 1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening Balance	9,13,284	12,87,092	3,73,808	...
1	Land Revenue. { Actual collection	1,28,614	1,28,146	...	468
	Land Revenue. { Adjustments ...	17,291	16,969	...	322
2	Abkari-Liquor	252,461	2,59 501	7,040	...
3	Do. Toddy	10,514	10,029	...	485
4	Do. Bhang-ganja & Opium ...	274	331	57	...
5	Forest	56,859	71,200	14,341	...
6	Interest on Loans, &c., ...	38,242	29,086	...	9,156
7	Giras	6,507	3,393	...	3,114
8	Stamp sales	1, 60	1,763	503	...
9	Registration of documents ...	111	67	...	44
10	Magisterial fines, &c., ...	676	497	...	179
11	Jail	512	442	...	70
12	Tolls & Ferries	3,462	3,427	...	35
13	Gardens	1,911	1,499	...	412
14	Water works	4,486	5,701	1,215	...
15	Chandla	1,965	1,547	...	418
16	Rent of houses &c.	2,413	1,696	...	717
17	Sale of houses, animals, furniture &c.	6,767	3,688	...	3,079
18	Miscellaneous	6,343	7,986	1,643	...
19	Profit on the purchase of Loans.	...	5,115	5,115	...

No.	Heads of Expenditure	A. D. 1912-1913.	A. D. 1913-1914	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Huzur Office	17,384	14,127	...	3,257
2	Revenue Office	7,644	8,231	587	...
3	Collecting Establishment... ...	8,644	8 771	127	...
4	Nyayadhish Office	1,795	1,761	...	34
5	Police and other guards	15,289	15,041	...	248
6	Medical	7,252	4,671	...	2,581
7	Education	8,103	8,214	111	...
8	Forest	3,853	4,414	561	...
9	Abkari	1,15,375	59,255	...	56,120
10	Paga and Stables	36,882	45,963	9,081	...
11	Palace expenses and allowances paid to relations of Rajasaheb...	65,802	74,580	8,778	...
12	Guests	5,501	6,523	1,022	...
13	Purchase of furniture	1,152	1,117	...	35
14	Rewards and Chandla	6,567	3,309	...	3,258
15	Festivals	590	1,413	823	...
16	Cash allowance and Giras ...	21,786	18,206	...	3,580
17	Dewasthan Dharmada	3,781	3,566	...	215
18	Purchase of jewels	1,448	2,477	1,029	...
19	Library	538	201	...	337
20	Veterinary	286	310	24	...
21	Vaccination	407	422	15	...
22	Jail...	596	1,015	419	...
23	Tolls and Ferries...	1,086	665	...	421
24	Public Works	64,362	32,767	...	31,595
25	Municipality	5,993	6,175	182	...
26	Gardens and purchase of Bungalow.	8,793	4,132	...	4,661
27	Water Works	28,468	9,531	...	18,937
28	Contingent charges	1,794	...	...	1,794
29	Printing charges...	756	1,015	259	...
30	Travelling allowances &c., ...	7,384	1,503	...	5,881

31	Rewards &c., for destruction of wild animals	192	17	...	175
32	Miscellaneous	15,766	1,762	...	14,004
33	Loss and wastage	4,710	1,159	...	3,551
34	Remissions	5,486	28,241	22,755	...
35	Income tax on loans &c.... ...	613	493	...	120
36	Education of Kumarsaheb shri (Kishorsinhji)	534	476	...	58
37	House and land purchased in Billimora	790	...	...	790
38	Telephone	168	300	132	...
39	Revision Survey	...	2,002	2,002	...
40	Special expenses:—				
	(1) Doctor's fees	921	2,383	1,462	...
	(2) Rajasaheb's tour	12,230	5,950	...	6,280
	(3) Delhi Coronation	4,240	...	...	4,240
	(4) The Rajasaheb's Installation.	75	...	...	75
	(5) Death ceremonies of the late Rajasaheb	8,571	...	...	8,571
	(6) Death ceremonies of K. S. Natvarsinhji	5,397	332	...	5,065
	(7) Rajkot Rajkumar College Fund	2,500	...	...	2,500
	(8) Donation towards the Mahabaleshwar Hindu Gymkhana for building a Billiard room.	2,500	...	...	2,500
	(9) Marriage ceremonies of Maharaul shri Indrasinhji the present Rajasaheb and of K. S. Pravinsinhji ...	152	...	...	152
	(10) Palitana Relief fund ...	507	...	...	507
	(11) Donation towards the Indian Academy of Music	300	...	...	300
	(12) Religious ceremonies ...	3,147	...	...	3,147
	(13) Purchase of houses for shri Pratapsinhji Silver-Jubilee Town Hall	897	...	...	897
	(14) Expenses on account of getting letters of Administration to the Estate of the late Rajasaheb	15,914	...	...	15,914
	(15) Waddington memorial fund of the Rajkumar College, Rajkot	...	250	250	...

APPENDIX XXII.—*Concluded.*

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1912-1913.	A. D. 1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1912-1913.	A. D. 1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
							(16) Sârvajanic Society Educational fund Surat	...	501	501	...
							(17) Delhi coronation fund ...	...	250	250	...
							(18) Late Emporor Edward VII Memorial fund	...	1,000	1,000	...
							(19) Plague expenses	...	3,096	3096	...
							(20) Padanom ceremony of K. S. Kishorsinhji...	...	1,010	1,010	...
							(21) Construction of a reservoir in Nasik in memory of the late Rajasaheb Shri Pratapsinhji	...	3,005	3,005	...
	Total Receipts ...	5,40,668	5,52,083	29,914	18,499		(22) Simant Ceremony of A. S. Shri Chawada Rani Saheb.	...	5,081	5,081	...
	The lapse to the State of the sum intended to be set a part by it for the maintenance of late Kumar Shri Natvarsinhji ...	1,35,000	...	...	1,35,000		(23) Barabalia of Kunvari Shri Sushilkunverba	...	1,335	1,335	...
							Total ...	5,34,921	3,98,018	64,897	2,01,800
	Deposits ...	2,33,061	62,309	...	1,70,752		Balance ... (Including deposits.)	12,87,092	15,03,466	2,16,374	...
	Grand Total ...	18,22,013	19,01,484	4,03,722	3,24,251		Grand Total ...	18,22,013	19,01,484	2,81,271	2,01,800

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

STATEMENT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1913–1914.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Results of patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
The Ratankunverba Hospital	28,868	638	4,030	1,623	1	70	4,671	79·	
The Travelling Dispensary.	1,613	...	1,613	...	...	...	...	4·4	
	30481 638							83·4	
	31,119								

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXIV.

VITAL STATISTICS of the BANSDA STATE for the year 1913-1914.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		1912-1913.	1913-1914.			1912-1913.	1913-1914.			1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	
Bansda State.	44,594	1,147	1,477	330	...	733	997	264	...	26	33	16	22	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXV.

PARTICULARS as to the SCHOOLS MAINTAINED by the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1913–1914.

Number of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1912-1913.	1913-1914.		1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	High Schools.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Bansda A. V. School ...	71	48	56	54				
2	2	Bansda Taluka School ...	145	101	98	98				
3	3	Bansda Urdu School ...	62	60	42	38				
4	4	Bansda Girl's School ...	62	85	43	53				
5	5	Sindhai	54	53	39	40				
6	6	Chapaldhara	55	60	39	37				
7	7	Andhatri	43	41	26	24				
8	8	Bhinar	27	21	12	12				
9	...	Moti-Valzar	20	...	11	...		Rs. 8,214		
10	9	Wandervela	20	30	16	14				
11	10	Pratapnagar	21	40	11	23				
12	11	Lakhawadi	15	21	12	9				
13	12	Limzar	23	30	17	17				
14	13	Khanpur	25	21	15	16				
...	14	Khambhala	...	33	...	19				
		Total ...	643	644	437	454				

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

HUZUR OFFICE, BANSDA

7th September 1915

To,

MAHARAUL SHRI INDRASINHJI PRATAPSINHJI,

Raja Saheb, Bansda State.

RESPECTED SIR,

I respectfully beg to submit herewith the Annual Administration Report of the Bansda State, for the year ending 31st July 1915.

I beg to remain

Respected Sir.

Your Most Obedient and Faithful Servant

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

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Administration Report

OF THE

Bansda State, Surat Agency.

for the year 1914-1915 ending with 31st July 1915.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

1 The State of Bansda is bounded on the North by the Mahuva and Vyara Talukas of the Baroda State, on the South by the Dharampor State, on the East by the Dangs, the Sulgana State and the Kalvan Taluka of the Nasik Collectorate and on the West by the Chikhli Taluka of the Surat Collectorate and the Dharampor State. The area of the State is 215 square miles. According to the census of 1911 its population is 44,594 souls. The gross revenue of the State calculated on an average of the last 5 years is Rs. 5,29,810. The State pays an annual tribute of Rs. 153-8 to the British Government.

Area, Population, Tribute and Revenue.

2. *Ruling Chief*:—The ruling chief of the State is Maharaul Shri Indrasinhji Pratapsinhji Raja Saheb. He has attained the age of 27 years, is a Solanki Rajput of the Vansadia family and shaiva by religion. The Raja Saheb is entitled to a salute of 9 guns. The system of primogeniture is observed in the State and the State got a sanad from the British Government authorising adoption. The Raja Saheb has been married to the Kunveri of the Thakor Saheb of Mansa. The marriage has been blessed by the birth of a Kunvari Saheb who is named Shri Sushilkunver.

3. Kumar Shri Pravinsinhji and Kumar Shri Kishorsinhji are brothers of the Raja Saheb. Their relations with the Raja Saheb are very cordial and harmonious. Kumar Shri Kishorsinhji being a minor, his estate is being managed by the State.

4 *Political Relations*:—The Political relations with the British Government and other Native States remained as cordial and friendly as ever.

5. The birth day anniversary of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor George V was observed on the 3rd June 1915 with due eclat and joy. A salute of 31 guns was fired and a parade of mounted and foot police was held ending in Feu-de-joie. The State band played the National Anthem. A durbar was held in which all the officers and respectable citizens of the town took part. The day was observed as a general holiday in all the offices and schools, while sweetmeats were distributed to the school children and the poor.

6. The Raja saheb went to Khirasra in Kathiawar on the 11th December 1914 to take part in the marriage festivities of the heir-apparent of the Thakor Saheb of Khirasra which took place there on the 13th December 1914. From Khirasra the Raja Saheb returned to Rajkot and attended the old Boys gathering of the Rajkumar College. From Rajkot the Rajasaheb came back to Bansda on the 18th December 1914. As the Raja Saheb's health happened to be indifferent, he with the Ranisaheb had to go to Bombay for treatment on the 8th February 1915 where they stayed for some

time and thence proceeded to Matheran for a change. After a stay of about a month at Matheran they returned to Bombay for a week and then again left for Khandala on the 22nd of April where they stayed for about a month. From their summer tour to the above places, they returned to Bansda on the 25th May. On the 1st of June they left for Mansa-a State in the Mahikantha Agency and returned therefrom on the 19th June.

7. An agricultural and industrial exhibition was held this year in Bansda for the benefit of the ryot and artisan population of the State. The various agricultural and industrial products of the State were exhibited as well as some new implements of husbandry were brought over and exhibited and their uses explained to the people who attended the exhibition. It lasted about a week beginning from the 22nd January 1915. On the last day the Rajasaheb awarded prizes and certificates of merit for the best exhibits.

8. During the year under review the stupendous European War broke out in which Great Britain was obliged to take part owing to the flagrant infringements of treaty rights on the part of Germany. An intense wave of loyalty and support to the British Government in the war spread throughout the whole of India. A public meeting of the citizens and the servants of the State took place under the presidency of the Raja Saheb where resolutions of deep loyalty to the British Government and continued support to it were passed. A fund in contribution to the Indian War Relief Fund was also started and the Rajasaheb subscribed Rs. 2000, in addition to the amount of Rs. 3000 alredy subscribed by him, and others followed the Rajasheb's loyal example according to their means. A meeting of the ladies of Bansda State was also held under the presidency of the Rani Saheb who has been taking a keen and personal interest in the collection of subscriptions for the relief of distress in war. At that meeting a subscription fund for the war purposes was opened and the Ranisaheb contributed Rs. 300 therein in addition to the sum of Rs. 500 already subscribed by her previously. The Rajasaheb presented a motor ambulance car for the use of the St. John Ambulance association, and also made a contribution of Rs. 1000 to the Lady Hardinge War Hospital at Bombay. The total subscription for war funds from the State amounted to Rs. 14,297.

9. In early December 1914, Messrs. F. G. Pratt Political Agent, E. G. Marjoribanks and Mr. Greenaway passed through Bansda on their way to the Dangs situated near the eastern frontier of this State in connection with some disturbances caused by the Bheels of that place. The State rendered all possible help to them in putting down the disturbances.

10. In the terrible war in Europe several noble British officers of rank lost their lives in the patriotic and loyal support of their mother country. Prominent among those who have heroically sacrificed their lives on the altar of duty stand the honourable names of the son of His Excellency the Viceroy Lord Hardinge and the son of His Excellency Lord Willingdon. The news of the death of these brave heroes was received with the deepest sorrow and mourning by all classes of the people here.

Changes in the Personnel.

11. During the year under report Mr. Parshuram K. Bhatt L. C. E. was appointed to the post of the State Engineer, Mr. Vithal V. Chitale L. C. E. having resigned the State Service. Mr. Dhanjisha B. Lavangia L. M. & S. was appointed to the post of the Medical Officer. With these exceptions there was no change in the personnel of officers.

Condition of the people.

12. The Hindu population of the State is broadly divided into two main classes having various sub-classes under them. The two chief classes consist of Ujaliats and the Kaliparaj or the aborigines. The Ujaliats consist of Brahmins, Rajputs, Prabhus, Banias, Kunbis, Sutars and other artizans and manufatcuring classes professing Hindu religion. The Brahmins, Rajputs, Prabhus, and Banias are generally well-to-do and the condition of the others is fair. The Ujaliats are for the most part literate. Some of them are employed in the State Service, whilst others are traders, cultivators, artizans and manufacturers. The Kaliparaj are the chief cultivating population of the State. Most of them are generally poor in condition and illiterate; and constant efforts are being made to educate them by giving them scholarships, free education and other encouragements and to make them good cultivators. Those of the Kaliparaj who can read and write well, are employed in the State Service suitable to their qualifications. Schools have been opened in several villages inhabited by these people and education is imparted free therein. Inspite of these facilities and encouragements their educational progress is very slow. Their methods of agriculture are rather primitive and of a rude sort. To facilitate their agricultural operations and improve their material condition loans are granted to them by the State at a nominal rate of interest and in some cases even without interest. The granting of these loans by the State on easy terms prevents them from having recourse to the usurious sowcars for their pecuniary necessities. Forest wood is also being given to them free of charge or at a nominal price in order to enable them to construct their huts or implements of husbandry. The State leaves no stone unturned to impart to these backward classes free education and to better their material and intellectual condition in every way. It is hoped that the opening of the Billimora Kala-amba Railway by the Baroda State will improve them to a certain extent. by making them come in touch with persons of higher civilization and by affording easy transit facilities.

13. The Parsis and Mahomedans are good and intelligent cultivators. The Parsis are generally literate and fairly well-to-do. Most of them are engaged in liquor or toddy selling business while some of them are employed in the State Service. The condition of most of the Mahomedans is fair whilst a few of them are poor. Some of them are illiterate. Those who are literate are employed in the State Service as Karkuns, talatis, school masters &c., and the illiterate are employed as sowars, police constables and sepoys. Some of them also are traders.

14. During the year under report, we had timely and sufficient rains. The condition of the people was therefore prosperous and good on account of abundant crops. Despite this the prices of food stuffs and agricultural products remained nearly the same as those of the last year. The wages of labourers were as high as those of the previous year, and labour could only be had with great difficulty.

15. During the year under review cholera prevailed in some of the villages surrounding the Bansda town. But it soon disappeared as strong medical measures and precautions were taken against the spread of the epidemic and in putting it down. There were about 289 cases of cholera out of which 69 recovered.

16. The Raja Saheb as usual visited some of the villlages of the state and inquired personally into the complaints and necessities of the ryots. The Raja Saheb who takes a keen interect in the welfare of his subjects which

he has always at heart personally pays attention to all the necessary details of the administration and is at all times accessible even to the humblest and the poorest of his ryots.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of Land.

17. The total area of the land comprised in the State is 1,37,912 acres and 11 gunthas. It is divided as mentioned below:—

Surveyed land.	Acres	Gunthas
Culturable land	74,069	28
Forest reserves	53,007	3
Unculturable waste land or kharabo	6,611	27
Total...	1,33,688	18
Unsurveyed land of alienated villages	4,223	33
Grand Total...	1,37,912	11

18. The progress of cultivation was as under:—

	Acres	Gunthas
Land cultivated	49,683	...
Culturable land remained waste	24,386	28
Land taken up for cultivation during the year ...	2,916	18
Land relinquished	2,394	3

19. The survey and settlement of the State lands have been completed long since. The rates of assessment on lands are reasonable and do not fall heavily on the ryots. Owing to the malarious climate and hilly nature of the country some part of the culturable land remains waste. Efforts are being constantly made to induce new settlers to come in by giving them waste lands on special favourable tenures, by granting takavi on easy terms and by giving them timber free of charge for building houses and for agricultural implements. The percentage of waste land to the whole culturable area is 32·9 as against 33 in the year preceding.

20. Revision survey was continued during the year under report and 28 villages were surveyed. Since the commencement of the survey in the last year 36 villages have been surveyed altogether up till now.

21. Revenue accounts are kept on a system similar to that prescribed in Hope's Manual of Revenue accounts.

Takavi advances.

22. Rs. 565 were advanced as Takavi for the following purposes:—

280 Land Improvement. 85 Bullocks.
200 Building of Houses.

Boundary disputes.

23. There was no dispute as to boundary with any of the neighbouring States during the year under review.

Remissions.

24. Remissions of Rs. 2,571 were granted to the ryots during the year under report.

Jamabandi.

25. The Raja Saheb with the Dewan did the Jamabandi of the Land Revenue accounts. The accounts were carefully examined and were found satisfactory.

CHAPTER III.

Protection and Legislation.

26. During the year under report there was no change in the laws of the State. The rules regarding the restraint over Printing Press &c., were put into force during the year. The administration of justice is carried on according to the spirit of laws prevailing in the British territory with such slight modifications as are necessary on account of the condition of the people and the customs prevailing in the State.

27. There is no regular military force in the State. There are 32 sowars. They perform duties as mounted police and escorts. There are also 17 Arabs in the service of the State. They serve as Palace and Treasury guards. The arabs are included in the Police force.

District Police.

28. The organization, discipline and duties of the police force of the State are similar to those prevailing in the adjoining British districts. The Police Superintendent is the head of the Police Department. The strength of the Police including sowars and arabs was 155 during the year under report. The number was sufficient to maintain order and detect crimes. The total cost of Police was Rs 13,549 against Rs. 15,041 in the previous year.

29. Full details as to the strength and the working of the Police are given in Appendices IV–V–VI and VII. The number of offences during the year was 27 against 26 in the year preceding.

30. *Village Police*:—The village police maintains order in the villages of the State and assists the District Police in its work. Powers under the village Police Act have not been granted to any of the Police Patels.

31. The ryots of the State are peaceful and law-abiding and consequently there were no cases of heinous crimes such as infanticide, murder, highway robbery &c., The common offences are simple hurts and petty thefts.

The proportion of	1913–14.	1914–15.
Crimes to population	1 to 1,715.	1,651
Police (exclusive of mounted) to population...	1 to 343	362
Police (exclusive of mounted) to area in square miles	1 to 1·6	1·7

32. During the year under review there were 8 fires against the same number in the year preceding, causing loss of Rs. 436 against Rs. 1,356 in the previous year Timber of the value of Rs. 191 was granted free to the persons whose houses were burnt.

33. There were 23 accidental deaths during the year under report on account of the following causes:

Snake biting	Suicide	Falling from trees	Drowning	Fall of trees	Heart failure.	Total
9	4	3	5	1	1	23

34. *Abkari Police:*—For the prevention and detection of Abkari offences, a separate Abkari Police under the Abkari Inspector is maintained. There were 7 Abkari offences during the year under report against 1 in the previous year.

35. During the year the Police held 32 inquests of which 9 were in connection with criminal offences and the remaining regarding deaths caused by accidents.

Criminal Justice.

36. The number and constitution of the criminal courts in the State remained the same as in the year preceding.

Original courts.

1. Nyayadhish or First class magistrate.
2. Naib-Dewan or First class magistrate.
3. Dewan's Sessions Court.

Appellate Courts.

1. Dewan's Sessions Court.
2. Huzur or Raja Saheb's Court, the highest court of appeal

37. Criminal cases dealt with:—

No. of Criminal cases.		No. of Persons dealt with				Remark.
		No. of accused persons	Persons disposed of.			
			Convicted	Acquitted or Discharged	Remained under trial.	
1913-14	1914-15					
102	121	187	38	134	15	1 Case was committed to the sessions for trial.

38. The percentage of persons convicted to persons tried was 22 against 37·6 in the year preceding.

39. No. of accused persons sentenced

1 to Imprisonment for a term exceeding 6 months.

17 Do. under six months.

20 fined only.

No person was sentenced to death and none was subjected to whipping.

40. The amount of fines inflicted during the year was Rs. 536 against Rs. 235 in the previous year and the amount of Rs. 482 was recovered against Rs. 173 in the year preceding.

Appeals.

41. There were no criminal appeals either to the Huzur Court or to the Dewan's Court during the year under review. There was one miscellaneous application in the Dewan's Court which was disposed of.

Extradition.

42. During the year under report one person was surrendered to the Nyayadhish of this State by the Baroda State for committing an offence punishable under section 406 of the Indian Penal Code.

43. No person was surrendered by this State to any other State during the year under report.

44. No summons from any of the Native States' courts or from any British Criminal Court was directly received here for service and executed; while no summons was directly sent by this state to any other state for service. No occasion therefore arose from which the effect of the direct service of summons between different states could be known. But it could not be doubted that its effects would not but be beneficial for the speedy and regular administration of Justice.

Prison.

45. In the State there is one jail which is situate in Bansda town. The jail building is a commodious one with a garden surrounding it. It has sufficient accommodation for the under-trial as well as the convicted prisoners. The building is a well ventilated one. During the year under report there were 25 prisoners against 31 in the year preceding; of these 8 were from the last year and 17 were admitted in the year under review. The daily average number of prisoners was 8 against 9 in the previous year.

46. The total cost of maintaining the jail, exclusive of the cost of the Police guards was Rs. 1,103 during the year as against Rs 1,015 in the year preceding.

47. The Chief Medical Officer of the State is the Superintendent of the Jail. The Jail is visited at intervals by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan, and other officers. The Sanitary arrangements of the jail are satisfactory.

Civil Justice.

48. For civil jurisdiction in the State there are 3 original and 2 appellate courts. 84 Civil Suits were filed during the year against 121 in the

preceding year. At the end of the previous year 6 cases were on file. The total number of suits for hearing was 90 of which 82 were disposed of and 8 remained undisposed of at the end of the year. The total value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 7,389 against Rs. 9,997 in the previous year.

49. The Nyayadhish Court is a court of original Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction and is presided over by an officer having a University degree in law. He is invested with powers of entertaining suits upto Rs. 1,000 in civil matters and with criminal powers corresponding to those of a 1st class Magistrate as defined in the Criminal Procedure Code.

50. The Dewan's Court corresponds to the Sessions Court under the British Government in Criminal matters and can entertain civil suits above the pecuniary limit of Rs. 1,000 and is presided over by a member of the legal profession.

51. The Huzur Court is the final appellate Court of Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction in the State over which the Raja Saheb himself presides.

Execution of Decrees.

52. 237 decrees were pending at the end of the last year and 58 were received during the year under report making a total of 295, of which 65 were disposed of leaving a balance of 230 at the close of the year. Owing to the poor condition of the people, the decrees are so passed and executed that the debts may be recovered in small instalments.

Miscellaneous Applications.

53. There was no miscellaneous application received in civil matters during the year under report.

Civil Appeals.

54. During the year under report 3 appeals were filed in the Huzur Court all of which were disposed of. In the Dewan's Court 6 appeals were filed, out of which 5 were disposed of during the year under report and one remained pending at the close of the year as it was filed only during the latter part of the last month of the year.

Registration.

55. 19 documents of the value of Rs. 12,896 were registered during the year under report against 14 documents of the value of Rs. 9,536 in the year preceding.

The documents were as stated below:—

Mortgages.	Sales.	Gift deeds.	Total.
7	11	1	19

The revenue derived from this source was Rs. 94-2 against Rs. 67-4 in the previous year.

Municipality.

56. We have a municipality at Bansda the principal town of the State. According to the census of 1911, the population of the town is 3,544. The total expenditure on account of the Municipality during the year under report was Rs. 5,845 against Rs. 6,175 in the year preceding. The whole expense is borne entirely by the State and no taxes are levied from the public for municipal purposes. The Municipal Secretary supervises the work. Necessary establishment for conservancy, lighting, watering roads, and extinguishing fires is employed. The Chief Medical Officer of the State looks after the sanitation of the town. There are 3 fire extinguishers to put down fires. Water for watering roads is supplied from the pumping station near the Kaveri river in Bansda. Shri Pratapsinhji Silver Jubilee waterworks of the Bansda town supply water to the houses of the town by means of pipes and water connections.

CHAPTER IV.

Agriculture.

57. There was sufficient rain during the year and the crop was abundant but the prices of food stuffs remained nearly as high as those of the last year.

58. The total area of the State land under cultivation during the year under report was 49,683 acres against 49,160 acres and 25 gunthas in the previous year. Of these 39,690 acres were Jarayat and 9,993 acres were Kiari.

59. During the year, cotton was cultivated in 2,793 acres and 27 gunthas against 2,315 acres and 22 gunthas in the year preceding.

60. Cultivation of sugarcane is encouraged by supplying water to fields at Sindhai by irrigation from the Water Works there adjecant to the Ambika river.

61. Fodder supply was sufficient and the condition of agricultural stock was good during the year under report.

Weather and crops.

62. The total rainfall during the year was 118 Inches 69 cents against 71 Inches 34 cents in the previous year. It commenced on the 2nd June 1914 and ended on the 8th November 1914. Rainfall was better than that of the last year. There was no damage to the harvest by locusts or other insects.

63. Temperature.

Minimum.		Maximum.	
1913–14	1914–15	1913–14	1914–15
46	48	112	112

64. Prices of food grains:—The prices of food grains remained nearly the same as those of the previous year.

Trade and Manufacture.

65. The Chief trade of the State consists in the exportation of corns such as rice, nagli, pulse &c., cotton, timber, bamboos and other products of forests and in the importation of cloth, sugar wheat, salt &c.

66. The manufacture of the State to a small extent is comprised of bamboo baskets winnowing fans, mats of palm leaves, coarse woolen blankets, and carpets. During the year under report a private company in the State has opened in Bansda town a small rice and oil mill. It seems to be working satisfactorily.

Fairs.

67. The fair of chief interest in the State is that of Devki Unai Mata's Jatra held annually on the 15th of Chaitra Sud in the village Sindhai which is nearly 7 miles distant from Bansda town. Close to the temple of the goddess Devki Unai there are hot springs. Devout Hindus consider it as an act of great sanctity to bathe in those springs and for that purpose, a large number of pilgrims from different parts such as Surat, Navsari, Gandevi, Bulsar, Nasik, Bombay and other places attend the fair on or about the above date. It is only during these days that the spring waters are not too hot for bathing purposes. The fair lasts for about a week. To preserve order and to prevent the breach of public peace and to look after the sanitation of the place, officers of different departments are sent there on the occasion.

68. The opening of the Unai Bansda Road Station near these hot springs has conferred great facilities to the travelling public to visit the same and pilgrims in a greater number resort to this place now than was hitherto the case.

69. On certain fixed days of the week weekly fairs known as Hatwadas are held in some of the state villages. The people of surrounding villages barter corn and products of the forest for clothes, salt, and other articles necessary for their daily use and consumption which they can not obtain in their own villages.

Forest.

70. The area of land reserved for forest was 53,007 acres and 3 gunthas, the same as in the preceding year. The system of forest conservancy is similar to that prevalent in the British districts. Permit is required to cut kamel wood *i. e.* teak, saddo, kher, seesum, kanti, mahuda, jambuda. bamboos etc.

71. Excepting timbri leaves and asindra leaves no fee is charged from the ryots for cutting Rajalu trees for their domestic purposes.

72. There is one Forest Officer, and under him there are one Forest Inspector, Sajedars, and guards in the Forest Department of the State. They look after the conservation and growth of forests, detect forest offences, prevent smuggling of forest products and collect the forest dues.

73. The income of the Department was Rs. 64,753 against Rs. 71,200 in the year preceding, and the expenditure was Rs. 4,827 against Rs. 4,414 in the previous year.

74. Timber of the value of Rs. 1,769 was granted free to the ryots for building houses and for making implements of husbandry.

Public Works.

75. The total expenditure on account of public works during the year was Rs. 76,747 against Rs. 32,767 in the year preceding.

76. During the year under report the following new works were carried out:—

(1) Commencement of the construction of a metalled road and bridges leading from Bansda to Unai and Bansda Road Station.

(2) Continuation of the building of a bungalow near Pratapnivas garden in Bansda town.

(3) Construction of new residential quarters in Bansda town.

Means of Communication.

77. The roads leading from Bansda to Pratapnagar, from Bansda to Khanpur, and from Bansda to Sindhai are metalled roads. The road from Bansda to Pratapnagar is in good order. The other roads are in fair order.

78. The construction of the two bridges on the newly laid out metalled road leading to Unai-Bansda Road Station has made good progress.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Finance.

79. The revenue and financial year of the State begins from the 1st August and ends on the 31st July.

80. Land revenue is collected in two instalments, the one in January and the other in March.

81. During the year under report the gross revenue of the State was Rs. 5,70,091 against Rs. 5,52,083 and the gross expenditure was Rs. 4,40,777 against Rs. 3,98,018 in the previous year showing an increase of Rs. 18,008 in the gross income and of Rs. 42,759 in the gross expenditure.

Income.

82. The decrease under the head of Forest revenue is due to the payment of an instalment due for forest produce being postponed during the year.

83. The increase under the head of interest on Government Loans is due to arrears of past years' interest having been recovered during the year under report.

84. The decrease under the head of stamps is due to the sale of stamps during the year being less than that of the preceding year.

85. The decrease under the head of chandlas is due to there being no ceremonious occasion during the year in review.

Expenditure.

86. The increase under the head of Abkari is partly due to more mowrah flowers being purchased during the year and partly owing to more cost of fuel.

87. The increase under the head of education is due partly to greater amount being given for scholarships, partly to more expense in prize books, and partly to increase in salaries.

88. The increase under the head of public works is due to new bridges and metalled road in course of construction from Bansda to Unai Station and partly owing to other works being taken in hand during the year.

89. The increase under the head of survey is due to more staff being employed for revision survey of the state's villages during the year.

90. The reasons for the increase or decrease of other items are so apparent in themselves that they call for no comment or explanation.

CHAPTER VI.

Vital Statistics.

91. There are two Medical institutions in the State:—

(1) The Ratankunverba Hospital in the Bansda town.

(2) The travelling dispensary.

92. An experienced L. M. & S of the Bombay University is the Chief Medical Officer, and the Ratankunverba Hospital is under his charge. The travelling Dispensary was under the charge of a Hospital assistant. In the Ratankunverba Hospital there is a trained nurse and midwife.

93. The total number of patients treated in the Ratankuverba Hospital during the year under report was 30,683 against 29,506 in the year preceding. The average daily attendance was 84 against 79.

94. The travelling Dispensary treated 118 patients during the year against 1613 in the year preceding. The daily average attendance was 14 against 4·4 in the previous year. The decrease in the number of patients treated by the travelling dispensary was due to the absence of the hospital assistant in charge of that work for a long time from the State. The travelling dispensary worked for a short period during the year under report.

95. There were 2 major and 213 minor operations performed during the year under report against 3 major and 83 minor operations in the year preceding.

96. The cost of the Medical establishments, medicines etc. during the year under review was Rs. 6,030 against Rs. 4,671 last year.

97. The chief diseases prevalent in the year were:—Malaria, Syphilis, Bronchitis, Asthma, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Rheumatism, Otitis and conjunctivitis. There were a few cases of measles in the town.

98. There were about 289 cases of cholera in some villages of the State out of which 69 recovered.

99. The Medical institutions in the State are charitable and medicine is given free to the people.

100. The hospital was visited by the Raja Saheb and Dewan as usual. The work of the institution was found satisfactory. Medicines, instruments etc., are well stocked, clean, in sufficient quantity and in proper order.

Scholarships.

108. 12 scholarships of the total value of Rs. 1,212 were awarded to students during the year for the following purposes:—

1 Sub-overseer's course, Poona.
1 Agricultural class, Poona College.
1 Sub-Assistant Surgeon's course, Ahmedabad.
1 Arts' College, Bombay.
4 School Final course.
4 Miscellaneous Scholarships in Bansda town schools.

109. The total expenditure of education during the year was Rs. 10,161 against Rs. 8,214 in the previous year.

110. Four State scholars passed the following examinations during the year under report:—One passed the final B. A. examination; one passed the final examination of the Agriculture College Poona; one passed the examination for the 3rd class Mechanical Engineer; and one passed the Matriculation examination.

111. Education is imparted free throughout the State.

CHAPTER VIII.

Miscellaneous.

112. During the year 9 wild beasts were destroyed against 8 in the year preceding. Among those killed were 7 panthers of which 4 were caught in cages expressly set for the purpose, and 2 aligators.

113. For the destruction of wild beasts rewards of Rs. 13-8 were given during the year under report against Rs. 17 in the previous year.

Library.

114 There is a library in Bansda town which is named Shri Gulabsinhji library. It was founded by the late Raja Saheb in the name of his revered father. No fee is charged from the public. It is conducted by the State at its own expense as a department of the State. During the year under report books of the value of Rs. 175 were purchased against those of Rs. 325 in the previous year. During the year the total expense of the Library was Rs. 384 against Rs. 526 in the previous year.

115. The construction of the Silver Jubilee Town Hall in commemoration of the Silver Jubilee of the late Raja Saheb is making fair progress. It is intended to keep the Library premises there. The total construction of the Hall has cost upto the present Rs. 5,000.

Post Offices.

116. There are two post offices in the State, one in Bansda town and the other at Pratapnagar.

Births and Deaths.

101. During the year under report 1,323 births were registered against 1,477 in the previous year while the total mortality was 1,206 against 997 in the year preceding. Every possible effort is made to ensure correct registration of births and deaths.

Vaccination.

102. There is one vaccinator in the State. He performed 1,787 operations in the year against 1,761 in the previous year. Of these 1,740 were successful and 47 failed against 1,748 and 23 respectively in the year preceding. The expenditure of the Department was Rs. 479 against Rs. 422 last year.

Veterinary Dispensary.

103. The Veterinary Dispensary treated 68 animals against 109 in the previous year.

CHAPTER VII.

Education.

104. There were 15 schools in the State during the year under report against 14 in the year preceding. The following four schools are in Bansda town.

(1) Shri Gulabsinhji A. V. School.
(2) The Taluka Gujarati School.
(3) The Girls' Gujarati School.
(4) Shri Swarupkunverba Urdu School.

The remaining 11 schools are in the following villages.

1. Chapaldhara.
2. Sindhai.
3. Wandervella.
4. Andhatri.
5. Bhinar.
6. Pratapnagar.
7. Khanpor.
8. Limzar.
9. Lakhavadi.
10. Khambhla.
11. Charvi.

The school at Charvi was newly opened during the year under report.

105. Besides these schools there is a Pathshala named Shri Himatkunverba Pathshala in Bansda for imparting religious education to Brahmin boys.

106. The Anglo-Vernacular School teaches up to Standard Fifth. The Taluka School and the village schools of Chapaldhara and Sindhai teach vernacular superior standards while the rest teach vernacular inferior standards.

107. The number of students receiving education in the state was 683 against 644 in the previous year. Their daily average attendance was 448 against 454 and monthly average attendance was 462 against 475 in the year preceding.

Telegraph Office.

117. There is no telegraph office in the State. It is under contemplation to open a branch telegraph office at Bansda in the near future. The opening of the Billimora Kala-Amba Railway has brought telegraphic facility within a very easy distance from Bansda. The station for reaching Bansda is Unai and Bansda Road which is only about 7 miles from the town.

Telephone.

118 There are telephone lines between Bansda and Pratapnagar, a village of the State 12 miles distant on the Bansda Billimora road, between Bansda and Unai, and between different State buildings in Bansda town. The use of telephone is restricted to the State purposes only. It is in good working order.

Transit duty.

119. No transit duty is levied in the State.

Records.

120. There is a separate record building in the State. It is in charge of a Record-keeper under the supervision of the Huzur office. Records are regularly kept in good order.

Printing Press.

121. There is one Printing press in Bansda town. It is owned by a private proprietor. No periodicals, newspapers or books are printed therein; but the printing work of the State is done therein and other miscellaneous work of printing forms is done by the proprietor.

Conclusion.

122. The year whose review is now closed was prosperous owing to sufficient rains and the consequent plentiful crops. The great European war which broke out during the year caused the prices of sugar and other commodities to rise above the normal for a little time but when the merchants were called and it was explained to them that, owing to the certainty of British suprimacy on the seas Indian commerce would not materially be affected by the war, the prices again resumed their normal course. The administrative machinery of the state worked smoothly and regularly under the constant personal vigilance and supervision of the Raja Saheb whose zealous co-operation for the amelioration of his ryots has been a source of blessing to all concerned.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX I.

NAMES of HIGH OFFICIALS in the BANSDA STATE, showing changes in personnel during the year 1914-15.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period in the State Service.		Remarks.
		From.	To.	
Mr. Phirozsha N. Billimoria B.A., LL. B. Solicitor ...	Dewan.	31st July 1910	31st July 1915	
Mr. Amritlal V. Modi M.A, LL. B.	Naib Dewan.	12th July 1912	Do.	
Mr. Wamanrao B. Mohile L. M. & S ..	Chief Medical Officer.	13th June 1903	Do.	
Mr. Farashram K. Bhatt L. C. E.	State Engineer.	17th March 1915	Do.	
Mr. Lalbhai M. Desai.	Huzur Assistant.	1st April 1910	Do.	
Mr. Krishnaji L. Gokhle B. A., LL. B. ...	Nyayadhish	8th July 1912	Do.	
Mr. Bhogilal Bapuji ..	Survey Officer.	1st December 1913	Do.	
Mr. Dhanjishah B. Lavangia L. M. & S.	Medical Officer.	1st January 1915	Do.	
Mr. Vithal V. Chitale L. C. E.	State Engineer.	15th June 1913	28th February 1915	Resigned.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State

APPENDIX II.

LIST of LAWS in force in the BANSDA STATE.

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1. Civil Procedure ...	Yes.		The laws are in force in the Bansda State with due regard to the customs of the State and the condition of the ryots.
2. Criminal Procedure...			
3. Evidence Act ...			
4. Contract Act ...			
5. Abkari Act... ...			
6. Opium Act			
7. Penal Code			
8. Jail Act			
9. Village Police Act...			
10. District Police Act.			
11. Postal Act			
12. Gambling Act ...			
13. Forest Act	Yes, with some modification.		
14. Cattle Trespass Act.			
15. Land Revenue Code.			
16. Stamp Act			
17. Registration Act ..			
18. Limitation Act ...			
19. Explosive Act ...			
20. Indian Naval and Military News ordinance.		Introduced during the year.	
21. Regulations regarding Press.		Do.	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, BansdaState.

APPENDIX III.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1914–15.

Arm of Service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of Force at the end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of the last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalid	Discharged, Deserted, &c.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
							Nill.							There is no regular Military force; but there are 32 sowars who serve as Police sowars and escorts &c. There is a party of 17 Arabs who serve as Palace and treasury guards and are included in the Police.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX IV.

STATEMENT showing the STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE and EDUCATION of the Police for the year 1914-15.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.								
Police Superintendent	1	65	13,549	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	
Chief Constable	1	40		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables	19	8 to 30		...	1	...	9	...	11	...	
Constables	102	9 and under.		...	29	...	31	...	32	...	
Total ...	123	...	13,549	...	30	...	40	1	45	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX V.

STATEMENT showing the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-15.

STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 & 5)		Percentage of convictions of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Bansda	26	27	34	36	31	30	29	26	2	3	85	72	93	86	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX VI.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and AMOUNT RECOVERED in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-15.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bansda	2,505	1,608	254	145	10.1	9	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX VII.

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-15.

Description of Offence.	Number of Offences.			Number of cases disposed of during 1914-1915.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1914-1915.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of Persons Sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.									Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
								Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.																		
	Balance from last year.	Committed during the persent year.	Total.					Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Offences under the Abkari act	...	7	7	7	...	9	9	...	...	2	...	7	...	9	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
False charge of offence made with intent to injure ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Having any counterfeit coin known to be such when it came into possession and delivering &c., the same to any person	...	2	2	2	...	4	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	..	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder if act by which the death is caused is done with intention of causing death	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	..	
Attempt to commit suicide	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Voluntarily causing hurt	5	55	60	57	3	99	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
Wrongfully confining any persan	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX VII.—*Continued.*

Description of Offence.	Number of Offences.			Number of cases disposed of during 1914-1915.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1914-1915.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of Persons Sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.										Remarks.
	Balance from last year.	Committed during the persent year.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial.	
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Assault or use of criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Theft	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Theft in a building	...	4	4	3	1	6	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	
Theft by a servant of property in possession of master ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Extortion	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Robbery...	...	1	1	1	...	3	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Criminal breach of trust	...	2	2	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Criminal breach of trust by a servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dishonestly receiving stolen property knowing it to be stolen	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Cheating	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Criminal trespass	1	1	2	2	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

| | | |

APPENDIX VIII.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-1915.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons Disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1914-1915.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred	Died, escaped or transferred.		
	1913-14.	1914-15.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	1913-14.	1914-15.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan	6	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	6	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	
The Naib Dewan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Nyayadhish ..	92	113	16	36	1	134	...	...	149	187	102	32	37	1	...	15	
	98	114	16	36	1	134	...	...	155	188	102	32	38	1	...	15	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-1915.

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further inquiry, &c, ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
The Raja Saheb... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Dewan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	. .	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX X.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year. Received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs.	Y. M. D.	
The Dewan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Naib Dewan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Nyayadhish	10	6	121	84	131	90	125	82	6	8	7,389- 5-10	5	62	17	67	15	1	1	...	3	23	5	51	7,088-15-10	0-1-24	
	10	6	121	84	131	90	125	82	6	8	7,389- 5-10	5	62	17	67	15	1	1	...	3	23	5	51	7,088-15-10		

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XI.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees, 1914-15.

Tribunal.	Opening Balance.			Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			Remarks.
	1913-14.	1914-15.	Value of opening balance for the year 1914-1915.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Value for the present year.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Value for the present year.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Value for the present year.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Value for the present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
The Dewan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Naib Dewan ...	1	1	1,540- 0- 0	...	...	...	1	1	1,540- 0- 0	..	...	...	1	1	1,540 0 0	...	...	1	
The Nyayadhish ...	219	236	8,959- 3- 4	44	58	6,839- 4- 7	263	294	15,798- 7-11	27	65	4,353-11- 9	236	229	11,444-12- 2	10	24	195	
Total ...	220	237	10,499- 3- 4	44	58	6,839- 4- 7	264	295	17,338- 7-11	27	65	4,353-11- 9	237	230	12,984-12- 2	10	24	196	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XII.

CIVIL—Number and results of appeals in CIVIL SUITS.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of.										Remarks.
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Average duration.		
	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
																							y. m. d.	y. m. d.	
The Raja Saheb ...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	244-14- 1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	0- 8- 2	
The Dewan	1	...	4	6	5	6	5	5	...	1	486- 6- 2	691- 1-10	3	3	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	0- 1-29	0- 1-16	
Total ...	1	...	4	9	5	9	5	8	...	1	486- 6- 2	935-15-11	3	5	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	1			

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons confined in the Jail in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-15.

Station.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	The cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda	25	8	17	31	25	9	8	10	1,103	9	There was no death amongst the convicts in Jail during the year.

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-15.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Gift deeds.										
	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
															Rs.	Rs.					
Bansda	14	19	1	7	11	11	2	...	...	...	...	1	14	19	9,536	12,886	...	...	...	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XV.

STATEMENT showing the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE on account of REGISTRATION during the year 1914-15.

DESCRIPTION.	1913-1914.						1914-1915.						REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
Mortgage	1	100	...	...	...	8	...	7	3,398	...	...	15	6	...	
Sale	11	6,337	...	...	46	4	...	11	8,098	...	...	59	12	...	
Wills	2	3,099	...	...	20	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Gift deeds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1,400	...	...	19	...	...	
Total ...	14	9,536	...	...	67	4	...	19	12,896	...	...	94	2	...	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Banasda State.

APPENDIX XVI.

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPALITY in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-15.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st August.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st July.	Remarks.
		1913-14.	1914-15.		1913-1914.	1914-1915		
					Rs.	Rs.		
Bansda	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,175	5,845	.....	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XVII.

STATEMENT of RAIN-FALL during the year 1914-1915.

STATE.	April, 1914.		May, 1914.		June, 1914.		July, 1914.		August, 1914.		September, 1914.		October, 1914.		November, 1914.		December, 1914.		January, 1915.		February, 1915.		March, 1915.		Total.		Total of Previous year.		Average of past 5 years.		REMARKS.
	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	
Bansda	...	...	...	...	16	47	72	40	15	4	13	59	...	13	...	65	...	...	...	26	...	15	...	...	118	69	71	34	74	61	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XVIII.

STATEMENT as to prices of STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS, in the BANSDA STATE.

ARTICLES.	During March 1914.	During March 1915.	REMARKS.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Paddy	1- 2- 4	1- 1- 0	
Juwar	1- 9- 1	1- 8- 0	
Nagli	1- 6- 4	1- 7- 0	
Kodra	0- 6- 3	0- 8- 0	
Gram	2- 8- 0	2- 6- 0	
Tuwer	1- 11- 2	2- 2- 0	
Wheat	2- 8- 0	3- 8- 0	
Urid	1- 7- 6	1- 13- 0	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XIX.

EXPENDITURE on PUBLIC WORKS during the year 1914-1915.

Description of Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds			Total.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	
Roads	26,814	4,547	31,361	...	...	...	31,361
Tanks, Wells and Bunds...	...	650	650	...	...	...	650
School Buildings	...	298	298	...	...	...	298
Public Offices	743	582	1,325	...	...	...	1,325
Stables for horses, &c.	...	864	864	...	...	...	864
Utaras	...	1,586	1,586	...	...	...	1,586
Garden Buildings &c.	2,278	68	2,346	...	...	...	2,346
Distillery	...	1,072	1,072	...	...	...	1,072
Quarters for servants and new settlers	4,845	2,028	6,873	...	...	...	6,873
Guest House	...	158	158	...	...	...	158
Jail Building	...	74	74	...	...	...	74
Store Houses	3,172	804	3,976	...	...	...	3,976
Water Works Building	622	...	622	...	...	...	622
New bungalow for the Raja Saheb	17,319	...	17,319	...	...	...	17,319
Tools and Plants	1,954	...	1,954	...	...	...	1,954
Establishment	6,368	...	6,368	...	...	...	6,368
Total ...	64,115	12,781	76,846	...	...	...	76,846

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State

APPENDIX XX.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE. during the year 1914-15.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Bansda	1914-15.	10,877	16,379	1,710	2,649	103	38	5	...	6,961	5,953	14	199	1,039	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXI.

STATEMENT showing the EXCISE SHOPS and EXCISE REVENUE of BANSDA STATE during the year 1914-1915.

Name of State.	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Toddy.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
		Rs.		Rs.							
Bansda	66	2,61,542- 0- 6	2	53- 0- 0	2	45- 4- 0	7	2,273- 0- 0	77	2,63,913- 4- 6	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State

APPENDIX XXII.

STATEMENT showing RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS of the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1914-15.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1913-1914.	A. D. 1914-1915.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1913-1914.	A. D. 1914-1915.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening Balance	12,87,092	15,03,466	2,16,374	...	1	Huzur Office	14,127	14,445	327	...
1	Land Revenue. { Actual collection...	1,28,146	1,27,653	...	493	2	Revenue Office...	8,231	7,576	...	655
	Land Revenue. { Adjustments ...	16,969	16,858	...	111	3	Collecting Establishment	8,771	9,649	878	...
2	Abkari-Liquor	2,59,501	2,67,887	8,386	...	4	Nyayadhish Office	1,761	1,971	210	...
3	Do. Toddy	10,029	10,277	248	...	5	Police and other guards	15,041	13,549	...	1,492
4	Do. Bhang-ganja & Opium... ...	331	1,025	694	...	6	Medical	4,671	6,030	1,359	...
5	Forest	71 200	64,753	...	6,447	7	Education	8,214	10,161	1,947	...
6	Interest on Loans, &c.	29 086	45,143	16,057	...	8	Forest	4,414	4,827	413	...
7	Giras	3,393	3,114	...	279	9	Paga and Stables	45,963	43,645	...	2,318
8	Stamp sales	1,763	1,126	...	637	10	Abkari	59,255	74,848	15,593	...
9	Registration of documents	67	94	27	...	11	Palace expenses and allowances paid to relations of Rajasaheb	74,580	74,371	...	209
10	Magisterial fines, &c., ...	497	487	...	10	12	Guests	6,523	3,850	...	2,673
11	Jail	442	518	76	...	13	Purchase of furniture...	1,117	842	...	275
12	Tolls & Ferries...	3,427	3,890	463	...	14	Vehvaric	3,309	3,284	...	25
13	Gardens	1,499	1,195	...	304						

14	Water Works	5,701	5,070	...	631
15	Vehvaric	1,547	45	...	1,502
16	Rent of houses &c., ...	1,696	1,963	267	...
17	Sale of houses, animals furniture &c., ...	3,688	8,788	5,100	...
18	Miscellaneous	7,986	10,205	2,219	...
19	Profit on the purchase of Loans ...	5,115	...	...	5,115

15	Festivals	1,413	1,826	413	...
16	Cash allowance and Giras	18,206	19,889	1,683	...
17	Dewasthan Dharmada...	3,566	2,521	...	1,045
18	Purchase of jewels	2,477	1,227	...	1,250
19	Library	201	384	183	...
20	Veterinary	310	450	140	...
21	Vaccination	422	479	57	...
22	Jail	1,015	1,103	88	...
23	Tolls and Ferries	665	783	118	...
24	Public Works	32,767	76,846	44,079	...
25	Municipality	6,175	5,845	...	330
26	Gardens	4,132	2,428	...	1,704
27	Water Works	9,531	5,825	...	3,706
28	Printing charges	1,015	1,155	140	...
29	Utara Expenses	1,503	3,318	1,815	...
30	Miscellaneous	1,779	1,730	...	49
31	Loss and wastage	1,159	2,516	1,357	...
32	Remissions	28,241	2,571	...	25,670
33	Income tax on Loans etc.	493	230	...	263
34	Education of Kumar Shri Kishorsinhji.	476	372	...	104
35	Telephone	300	1,818	1,518	...
36	Revision survey...	2,002	4,862	2,860	...

APPENDIX XXII.—*Continued.*

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1913-1914.	A. D. 1914-1915.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1913-1914.	A. D. 1914-1915.	Increase.	Decrease.
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
						37	Special expenses:—				
							(1) Doctor's fees	2,383	1,795	...	588
							(2) Rajasaheb's tour	5,950	12,081	6,131	...
							(3) Death ceremonies of the late K. S. Natvarsinhji	332	...	...	332
							(4) Waddington Memorial fund of the Rajkumar College, Rajkot	250	...	...	250
							(5) Sarvajanic Society Educational fund, Surat	501	...	...	501
							(6) Delhi coronation fund	250	...	...	250
							(7) Late Emperor Edward VII Memorial fund	1,000	...	...	1,000
							(8) Donation towards the late Hon. Mr. G. K. Ghokhle memorial fund	...	500	500	...
							(9) Plague Expenses	3,096	36	...	3,060
							(10) Padanom ceremony of K. S. Kishorsinhji	1,010	411	...	599
							(11) Construction of a resorvoir in Nasik in memory of the late Raja Saheb Shri Pratapsinhji	3,005	152	...	2,853

Total Receipts ...	5,52,083	5,70,091	33,537	15,529
Deposit ...	62 309	8,842	...	53,467
Grand Total ...	19,01,484	20,82,399	2,49,911	68,996

(12) Simant ceremony of A. S. Shri Chavda Rani Saheb ...	5,081	...	...	5081
(13) Barabalia of Kunvari Shri Sushilkunverba	1,335	...	...	1,335
(14) Religious ceremonies	...	1,412	1,412	...
(15) Vakil fees	...	2,858	2,858	...
(16) Subscription to the War Fund &c.	...	14,297	14,297	...
Total ...	3,98,018	4,40,777	1,00,376	57,617
Balance ...	15,03,466	16,41,622	1,38,156	...
Grand Total ...	19,01,484	20,82,399	2,38,532	57,617

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

STATEMENT of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1914-1915.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Results of patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
The Ratankunverba Hospital	30,038	645	5,991	1,786	3	95	6,030	84	
The Travelling Dispensary.	118	...	118	...	...	...		14	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXIV.

VITAL STATISTICS of the BANSDA STATE for the year 1914-1915.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		1913-14.	1914-15.			1913-14.	1914-15.			1913-14.	1914-15	1913-14.	1914-15.	
Bansda State ...	44,594	1,477	1,323	...	154	997	1,206	209	...	33	29	22	27	

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA,

Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDIX XXV.

PARTICULARS as to the SCHOOLS MAINTAINED by the BANSDA STATE, for the year 1914-1915.

Number of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
1913-1914.	1914-1915.		1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	High Schools.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	Bansda A. V. School ...	48	51	54	37				
2	2	Bansda Taluka School ...	101	139	98	93				
3	3	Bansda Urdu School ...	60	48	38	33				
4	4	Bansda Girls' School ...	85	79	53	44				
5	5	Sindhai	53	51	40	33				
6	6	Chapaldhara	60	63	37	37				
7	7	Andhatri	41	36	24	23				
8	8	Bhinar	21	20	12	10		10,161		
9	9	Wandervela	30	33	14	19				
10	10	Pratapnagar	40	35	23	26				
11	11	Lakhavadi	21	21	9	13				
12	12	Limzar	30	28	17	17				
13	13	Khanpur	21	12	16	6				
14	14	Khambhla	33	27	19	17				
...	15	Charvi	...	40	...	36				
		Total ...	644	683	454	444				

PHIROZSHA N. BILLIMORIA.

Dewan, Bansda State.

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